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BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. II NO. 63 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MARCH 14 1914 ONE ANNA

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PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

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LIST OF DEPARTURES.

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BOMBAY to MARSEILLES in ..... 13 days.
BOMBAY to LONDON via MARSEILLES by rail in ..... 14 ,,
BOMBAY to PLYMOUTH by sea in... 19 ,,
BOMBAY to LONDON by sea in ... 20 ,,

Except during the South West Monsoon when the journeys will occupy one additional day.

Date of Sailing	Steamers.	Tons	Connecting at Adenwith	...
1914				
14th. March	Salsette ..	6000	Marmora	10500
21st. ,,	Macedonia ..	10500	.....	...
28th. ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Moldavia†	10000
*1st April	Himalaya ..	7000	.....	...
4th. ,,	Arabia ..	8000	.....	...
11th. ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Medina ...	12500
18th. ,,	Mantua ..	11000	.....	...
25th. ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia	10000
*29th. ,,	Arcadia ..	7000	.....	...
2nd May.	Caledonia ..	8000	.....	...
9th. ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa ...	11000
16th. ,,	Persia ..	8000	.....	...
23rd. ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mooltan ..	10000
30th ,,	Macedonia ..	10500	.....	...
26th June.	Salsette ..	6000	Morea ..	...
3th. ,,	India ..	8000	.....	...
10th. ,,	China ..	8000	Maloja ..	12500
27th. ,,	Arabia ..	8000	.....	...

†This vessel will call at Naples.

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamers at Port Said

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMERS.

The S. S. "HIMALAYA" 7,000 tons will leave Bombay at 2 p.m. on Wednesday, 1st April, 1914.

The S. S. "ARCADIA" 7,000 tons will leave Bombay at 4 p.m. on Wednesday, the 29th April, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES as follows.

	SINGLE	RETURN.
	"A" rate "B" rate.	"A" rate "B" rate.
To MARSEILLES ...	Rs. 594 or	Rs. 495 Rs. 981 or Rs. 742-8.
" LONDON ..... ,,	627 or Rs. 528	Rs. 940-8 or Rs. 792.

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The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to.

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Acting Superintendent.
P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

18r

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

To Japan *via* Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commander.	Ton	Arrival	Departure
Hasen Maru.	Sano.	3785	20th. Mar.	31st. Mar.
Colombo Maru	Kawashima	4709	24th. ,,	2nd. April.
Bombay Maru	Terada	4825	27th. ,,	7th. ,,
Kamakura Maru	Hori	6126	6th. April.	17th. ,,
Rangoon Maru	Date	5143	13th. ,,	27th. ,,
Kawachi Maru	Christiansen	6163	26th. ,,	7th. May.
Penang Maru	Murazumi	4965	6th ,,	17th. ,,
Inaba Maru	Shinohe	618	16th. May.	27th May.

For Freight apply to—
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Manager,
York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

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Established 1906

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Authorised Capital	50,00,000
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Paid up Capital	5,00,000
Reserve Fund	65,000
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ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE).

SPRING SAILINGS, 1914.

TO MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

Steamers	To	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Calcutta A&C	7680*	12th Mar.	10th Mar.
Trafford Hall A	5321	21st Mar. ...	....
City of Manchester A&C	5551†	....	25th Mar. ...
City of Paris A&C	9232*	13th April ...	11th April ...
City of Karachi A&C	6596	....	22nd April ...
City of Lahore A&C	6875	....	29th April ...
City of Birmingham A&C	7475	....	25th May . ‡
City of Calcutta A&C		....	10th June. ‡
City of Benares A&C	6984	....	24th June...
City of Manchester A&C	5551	24th June...	....
City of York A&C	7	....	24th June..

*Calling at Bombay for passengers only †"City of Manchester" and City of Karachi calls Marseilles and Plymouth.

‡These Steamer call at Port Sudan.

Excepting the Trafford Hall all other steamers carry 1st and 2nd Class Passengers.

FARES.	1st Class Single.	1st Class Return.	2nd Cl Single	2nd Cl Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles ..	653	1091	489	809
Liverpool	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool ..	—	999	—	787

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Nord-deutcher Lloyd and Cunard Lines.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passages and full particulars apply to:—Bombay,—Messrs. Ed. Bats and Sons' Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

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ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....	,,	30,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....	,,	18,900,000

Head Office : YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies in

Antung Hsien	Lioyang	Osaka
Changchun	Calcutta	Pekin
Dairen, Dalney)	London	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Hankow	Lyons	San Francisco
Harbin	Mukden)	Shanghai
Hongkong	Nagasaki	Tienling
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tientsin
Kobe	New York	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal. U.S.A.		Tsingtau.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom).

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,040,000

Head Office.
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Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisumu
Amritsar	Newera-Eliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opend for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

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INTENDS to DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels. Tons. Sailing Date. Time. Routes
LINGA, 2185, Mon. 16th March 11 a.m., †P. D. & C. M.
KASARA, 1195, Thur. 19th Mar. 9 a .m. ‡C. M.
DUMRA, 1695, Fri. 20th Mar. *6 a.m., Direct
†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.
‡Cutch Mandvie.
*Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSRAH.

(Weekly.)

S. S. KASARA, 1195 tons, on Thursday, the 19th March, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "LINDULA" 3,358 tons, on Thursday, the 19th March, calling at Verawal, Mangarol, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dabai, Bahrein Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera hand Busrah.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Fortnightly).

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing on or about.
*PUNDUA	3305	Thursday 19th Mar.
†PENTAKOTA	3418	,, 2nd April.
*DALAMCOTTA	1413	,, 16th ,,
†PURNEA	3306	,, 30th ,,

Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
*Calls at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
†Calls at Lamoo, Mombasa, Zanzibar,
Passengers may book through to Cape Colony ports transhipping at Durban to the steamers of the Union Castle or other Line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.

(Direct.)

Frequent sailings with onwards connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Strait, Settlement Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand. Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with,

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Nicol Road near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.

14th March, 1914.

FOR ADVERTISEEMENT RATES

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SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

The following sailing have now been arranged:—

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bomby
MASSILIA ...	5091	J. Thomson	14th Mar. ,,
OLYMPIA ...	5124	J. Kinnaird	29th ,, ,,
CIRCASSIA...	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	7th Apl. ,,
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st ,, ,,
CASTALIA ...	6388	G. Mitchell	1st May ,,
ELYSIA	6368	J. A. Coverley	23rd ,, ,,

Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th June 1914
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	24th June 1914
Circassia	6722	C.S. Osborne R.N.R.	14th July 1914
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th July 1914
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	10th. Aug. 1914
Elysia	6368	J.A. Coverley	24th Aug. 1914
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	12th Sept. 1914
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	23rd Sept. 1914
Circassia	6722	C.S.Osborne R.N.R.	12th Oct. 1914
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st Oct. 1914
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	6th Nov. 1914
Elysia	6368	J.A.Coverley	21st Nov. 1914

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

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	Single, Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	658	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with very comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

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ESTD. 1885. ESTD. 1885.

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Assets Exceed	Rs. 3,00,00,000
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FIRE	ACCIDENT & SICKNESS
BURGLARY	FIDELITY GUARANTEE
MOTOR CAR	PLATE GLASS
MOTOR CYCLE	
CYCLE	

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MANAGER for India—G. M. ROSE.

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UND EXCEED.....£19,031,22
ANNUAL INCOME.....£7,139,550

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Royal Insurance Buildings, BOMBAY.
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THE BURMAH OIL CO., LD.

B. O. C. LAMP OILS.
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BRACELET NOVELTIES AND WRIST WEAR WATCHES.

We are Pioneers of leather strap wrist watches, having first introduced them in 1885, since when the watch-making world has followed our lead.

Our first attempt was the MILITARY MODEL WRIST WATCH which is completely enclosed in a leather wristlet, exposing the dial only to view. Our next was the "IDEAL" WRIST WATCH which is an open watch, being uncovered as the strap passes beneath it, and later we introduced the SQUARE WRIST WATCH with hinged lugs which give it a neat, light and attractive form.

We are now showing a varied selection of

WRIST STRAP WATCHES

suitable for ladies' or gentlemen's wear, of unapproached quality and value and in gold, silver and metal, round and square shape.

The **"Marque"** gold screw case form of wrist watch is absolutely dust and damp proof.

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The foregoing are STANDARD MODELS and are in firm demand, but the world is ever clamouring for Novelties which are essential attributes to the beautiful. Novelty is the parent of pleasure and it is Novelty which attracts attention and leads fashion.

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LADIES' BRACELET WATCHES

which have now become most necessary for out-door wear. The new flexible designs like the EXPANDING BRACELET WATCHES in either gold or platinum, plain or mounted in gems in the most novel shapes, TONNEAUX, SQUARES, OVALS, OCTAGONS, are the new types which hold popular fancy. Their supple nature, the great variety of style and the diversity of means of decorating them with gems, add to their distinction.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.

The House for Watches of Distinction
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MILD DINDIGUL CIGARS.

PERFECT HAND-MADE INDIAN SMOKES.

Dindigul Pearls with rings	per 50 Rs.	3—0
Dindigul Bouquets ,, ...	,, 50 ,,	2-12
Dindigul Torches ,, ...	,, 50 ,,	3—8
Dindigul Rocks ,, ...	,, 50 ,,	2—8
Dindigul Pride, thin and long	,, 50 ,,	2—0

Besides the above, good many other brands in stock.
Price List on receipt of a Post-card.

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Also at DINSHAW MERWAN, opp. the Dock.

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Founded by Motorists for Motorists.

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Special Compreheusive Policy.

Some special features are:

No Limit to Number of Claims in year.
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Telephone: 2352. Tel. Address "Baltic"

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MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
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BRAND	Price Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg	5 12 2	per case.
Chester Brand 125 deg	5 2 2	per case.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg	5 0 2	per case.
Tiger Brand 125 deg	4 15 2	per case.
Monkey Brand 125 deg	4 15 2	per case.
White Camelia 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6 0	per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6 0	per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in bulk)	3 12 0	per 8 Imp. galns.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil, on Mhlabar Hill and Cumballa Hill, are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All cases oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York is IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla, Andheri and Thana Agents add one anna to the above prices.

Order books applied gratis on application.

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TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS uncer the above hea ing are charged.

	Rs.	a.
Per line	0	4
Minimum charge	1	0

CONTRACT RATES for three, six and twelve months can be had on application to THE MANAGER.

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YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workman at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos. 1011

WANTED

A FRENCH LADY desires to give lessons in French. Apply to Box No. 330, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1838

SMALL LOANS arranged only on jewellery or approved security. See personally. Next to Kalbadevi Post Office. PHONOGRAPH SHOP, No. 166. 1889

WANTED an educated English family in Bombay to keep two respectable Indian schoolboys as residents. Reply to Box No. 340, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1896

WANTED immediately by Englishman small furnished FLAT or two well-furnished rooms facing West in good situation. Fort preffered. Apply to Box No. 336, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1879

WANTED three more PAYING GUESTS. Large airy rooms, good tables, personal supervision. Private entrance. Apply to Mrs. CARVALLOW. Ripon Road, Byculla. Trafalgar Square. Sign-board at the Gate. 1898

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WANTED Persons to apply for FREE Particulars on "AMERICAN MONEY-MAKING ENTERPRISES." A spare time work to make fortune. NOORANI Brothers, Box AB.-7 Bhavnagar. 1742

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Apply MESS PRESIDENT, Deolali
1240 Garrison Mess.

WANTED.— INSPECTORS and Assistant Inspectors for each District and Tahsil in U. P. pay Rs. 100 to Rs. 150 and Rs. 50 to Rs. 75, respectively. Preference will be given to landholders. Apply at once with testimonials to A. B. LAL, F.R.H.S., General Secretary, All India Cattle Preservation Society Ltd., Lucknow. 1213

WANTED a B.A., as an ASSISTANT TEACHER for A. V. School Ankleswar, State Second Language and Voluntary Subjects. Salary between Rs. 50 and Rs. 60. Apply soon to the undersigned.
Ankleswar, 9th March, 1914.
JAMSEDJEE NUSSERWANJI GINIVALLA,
President,
1871 Ankleswar Municipality.

WANTED—USHERS and DOORKEEPERS able to speak fluent English Scene-shifters Switch-board Electricians and two Electric Wiremen, all with good experience, and a gentleman who can see to the execution of orders on the stage. Hours of attendance from 5-30 p.m. till midnight every day in the week. Apply personally at 4 p.m. to Mr. EDWARD PLATT, 211, Hornby Road.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
1895

WANTED AMBITIOUS MEN

Desirous of qualifying themselves for good positions to read this carefully, as vacancies are constantly occurring for men in all professions.

We can prepare you in your own home, privately, in your spare time, at a reasonable cost, to obtain a well-paid position, improve your present, position, or increase your salary. You need not leave your present employment. Over 120 Courses taught in the following professions and trades:—

Accountancy	Engineering in all branches
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Agricultural	Poultry Farming
Analytical Chemistry	Mining
Applied Art	Dairy Farming
Business Training	

Mention profession in which you are interested and write for free prospectus to:—

THE REGISTRAR
International Correspondence Schools
Dept. AE3.
11, Hummum Street, Fort. BOMBAY.

WANTED:

WANTED LADY GRADUATE for an Indian Lady must know French & Music. Apply to Box No. 323, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1807

WANTED—An Assistant EDITOR, able to write Marathi and occasionally English articles. Apply to Box No 100 Advt. Dept., c/o "Bombay Chronicle." 1835

WANTED an EXPERIENCED LADY to teach a young child two hours a day daily any time between 10 and 4 as the teacher may select. Apply to Box No. 337, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1885

WANTED two POLICEMEN to work as INSPECTORS. Pay Rs. 100 and 75, Men with ten years' experience and well up in detective work only need apply with testimonials to MAHARAJA, BHAVNAGAR. 1213

WANTED A HEAD SALUTRI for the Northern Waziristan Militia, must enlist for 5 years and keep up a pony. Pay as a Duffadar Rs. 42, and allowance Rs. 20.—For further particulars apply to COMMANDANT N. W. MILITIA, Miranshah. 1242

WANTED.—For the Band 33rd Punjabis, a Sergeant of fully qualified N.C.O. from a British band to take the place of the Bandmaster now on leave place vacant for two or three months. Apply to BAND PRESIDENT, 33rd Punjabis, Bannu. 1209

WANTED—A competent EDITOR to edit a weekly journal at Lahore, devoted to the interests of Banking, Commerce and Industry.

Pay from Rs. 150 to Rs. 400 according to qualifications. Apply to "M" C/o "Bombay Chronicle," Bombay. 1829

WANTED two teachers (one Entrance-passed and the other Middle-pass) and one female teacher to teach Hindi. Salary according to qualifications. Preference will be given to teachers good at sports.

Apply with testimonials to SECRETARY, Mohata Mool Chand Vidyalaya, Bikaner. 1238

WANTED a Traffic Superintendent with Indian experience, must have belonged to the Officers grade, and not afraid of work. Salary from Rs. 600 to Rs. 800 per month according to qualification.—Apply to S. O. HEINEMANN, Manager Light Railways, C/o Messrs. MARTIN & Co., Calcutta. 1234

WANTED A Competent, Intelligent and Energetic HEADMASTER on Rs. 40 per month for the Ambikapur Middle English School. None need apply who has not passed the Matriculation examination and who has no practical experience.—Apply with copies of testimonials to RAJA SAHEB DEO BAHADUR, State Sirguja, C. P. 1236

WANTED for the Maharajah's High School Kishangarh, (Rajputana), a HEADMASTER on a salary of Rs. 50—60 per month. A Graduate with teaching experience preferred. Applications will be received by the undersigned till 31st of March 1914.—DIWAN BAHADUR K. L. PAONASKER, Chief Member of State Council. 1233

WANTED—A NURSERY GOVERNESS for 2 little boys 5 and 3 years of age. Kindergarten training necessary—age under 30—of pleasant disposition—and must be fond of children. Residence in Bombay, hills or seaside in hot weather. Liberal salary and pleasant home in refined Indian family. Apply Box 324, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1813

WANTED A COMPETENT, Intelligent and Energetic Head-master on Rs. 40 per month for the Ambikapur Middle English School. None need apply who has not passed the Matriculation examination and who has no practical experience.-Apply with copies of testimonials to RAJA SAHEB DEO BAHADUR, State Sirguja, C. P. 1234

WANTED a capable and energetic Parsi, Graduate preferred about 30 years of age, to take up an appointment (affording very good future prospects to a really bright man) as Personal Assistant to the Manager in a European Company. One having business aptitude and capability for handling men and maintaining efficiently a selling organization need only apply. Good references and Security indispensable. Apply to Box No. 334, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1867

CORPORATION OF MADRAS.—WANTED an ASSISTANT ENGINEER—temporary only—for designing and carrying out works of sub-soil water and storm water Drainage in connection with Anti-Malarial operations. Salary Rs. 350 per mensem. Only those with experience in such works need apply.

Applications containing particulars as to age, qualifications and experience with copies of testimonials should reach the undersigned on or before 1st April, 1914.

JAMES R. COATS, B.Sc., Assoc.,
M. Inst., C.E.,
Engineer.
Ripon Buildings, 9th March, 1914.

WANTED young energetic qualified Veterinary Assistants for this department. The general conditions of employment are as follows:—On first appointment, Rs. 30 per mensem which may rise to Rs. 40. 50 and 60 after each five years of approved service. A fixed pony allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem is made to itinerating Veterinary Assistants. Veterinary Inspectors are generally selected from suitable Senior Veterinary Assistants and receive Rs. 75 per mensem rising to Rs. 120 and a grade of Deputy Superintendents has recently been created from Rs. 150 to Rs. 400.

Apply to
E. W. OLIVER, M.R.C.V.S., F.Z.S.,
Superintendent,
Civil Veterinary Department,
United Provinces,
1231 Lucknow.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE the entire stock-in-trade of a Typewriter Dealer, at Invoice cost, in lots to suit purchasers. Box No. 338, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1890

FOR SALE,—PERSIAN CARPETS at specially low rates. Owner disposing of same as he has no need of them. Apply to "Persian" care of "Bombay Chronicle." 1170

FOR SALE.—In BENNETT and Co., Auction Sale this afternoon a good Victoria rubber tyred carriage strongly built and all tyres in good order will be sold without keeping a reserve-bed. 1893

FOR SALE.—A newly built landed property bringing a good rate of interest in one of the best localities of Bombay. For further particulars apply to No. 339, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1892

FOR SALE an English made VIS-A-VIS very light and showy. Rubber-tyred Crife wheels. Done up for owner's use. Never used as owner goes Home and wants to sell. Apply to Box No. 518, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1200

FOR SEASONS. Furnish-bungalow "Sona Caza" Khandala, 4 bedrooms, hall and Dining room, stable etc.
Apply to M. M. MISTRY,
60, Tamarind Lane,
1782 Fort.

FOR SALE.—Owner going to England—a very showy AUSTRALIAN BEY HORSE, 15-3. 5 years, very fast and sound and a good stepper free from evil marks. Open to Veterinary Examination. Apply to
Mr. C. H. WEATHRALL,
C/o Wellington Mews,
1893 Wodehouse Road.

FOR SALE.—One "Pecto No. 5" ¼ plate hand camera, sharp R. R. Lens, Bausch and Lomb Shutter working up to 1/100 Sec: in leather case, with four double dark slides, also light wooden folding tripod in good working order. Original Cost Rs. 100 will sell for Rs. 50. Owner disposing owing to having purchased large Camera.—Apply to Box No. 315 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1736

LATEST MODEL OVERLAND MOTOR CARS—We can OFFER balance of stock at very low prices to clear 25-30 h.-p. 4 cylinder, quick detachable rims, fully equipped, silent running, economical upkeep, going at bargain prices. Only a limited number, apply immediately:—
AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY,
35, Medows Street,
1508 Bombay.

FOR SALE—Available after 15th March. Owner Going to the Hills 20 H. P. Ford 1913 model fitted with master Vibrator. Only landed in December, 1913. English torpedo body painted grey and upholstered throughout in green leather. Perfect running order, and as good as new, Stepney (unused), lamps and tools complete. Can be seen or tried in Delhi, Rs. 3,000.
.355 Mannlicher Schonauer Rifle, take down model, in leather case with about 40 rounds ammunition, Rs. 175. Apply to Capt. J. MACKENZIE, Viceregal Lodge, Delhi. 1222

BOATS FOR SALE—One Clinker built outrigged right-oar boat about 56½ feet long. Roller sliding seats. Canvas both ends. Price Rs. 200.
One do. do. do. do. Rs. 100.
One Tub Four, 33½ feet long, outrigged. Roller sliding seats. Back rail and Cushion. Price Rs. 200.
One Clinker built outrigged four oar boat, 37½ feet lon. Roller sliding seats. Wooden ends. Price Rs. 100.
Four Rob Roy Canoes, about 14 feet long, Canvas ends. Price Rs. 45 each.
The above are in good condition and fit for several years hard work.
Apply to the.
HONY. SECRETARY,
Royal Connaught Boat Club,
1238 Kirkee.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—One large airy room suitable for office or barristers chamber, Rent Rs. 40, Ssplanade Road. Write DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE. 1894

TO LET whole Bungalow "SILLA—VILLA" Souter Street behind Byculla Club apply R. H. MODY c/o Turner Morrison & Co., Church Gate Street, 1839

TO LET.—An office room Hornby Road, well lighted and Elec. fittings. Rent moderate. Apply to Box No. 331, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1850

TO BE LET at Byculla opposite Victoria Gardens LARGE or SMALL GODOWNS in premises of Tramway Stables. Apply WITHIN. 1779

TO LET—Mr. Frank Oliveira's big one storied bungalow near Lady Jamsetji Road, Mahim. Rent Rs. 45 only. Five minutes from Station ENQUIRE WITHIN. 1884

A FIRST FLOOR FLAT facing West with E.L.F.F., 3 bed-rooms, Dinning and drawing open all sides TO LET. Apply to Box No. 335 advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1869

MOTOR ON HIRE.—A five seater English Motor Car landaulette can be had on hire from 10-30 a.m. S.T. to 4-30. Apply to Box No. 514 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1141

TO BE LET—Well situated and breezy FLAT in Sussex Road, Byculla next to Victoria Gardens. Modern sanitary arrangements. Rent moderate. Apply to Mr. PERRY on premises. 0926

TO BE LET in Middle Colaba, opposite Police Chowky from 1st June, a commodious ground floor of a bungalow with a stable, at present occupied by R. Carruthers, Esq. Rent Rs. 150 only. Apply R. H. COOPER, Windy Hall, Middle Colaba. 1888

NOTICES.

ROYAL ALFRED SAILORS' HOME SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Society, will be held in the Sailors' Home, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th March, 1914, at 6-15 p.m.

All interested in the welfare of Seamen and the Society are invited.

B. H. HEWETT,
1886 Honoray Secretary.

COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN FUND

BOMBAY BRANCH.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Countess of Dufferin Fund, Bombay Branch, will be held at Government House, Malabar Point, on Tuesday, the 24th March, next, at 6-30 P.M., Her Excellency Lady Willingdon will Preside.

JEHANGIR DOSABHOY FRAMJI,
Joint Hon. Secretary.
Bombay, 13th March, 1914. 1880

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ADJOURNED MEETING of the DEBENTURE HOLDERS of the Indian Cement Co., Ltd. will be held at the Company's Registered Office, Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, on Monday, the 16th March, 1914, at 4-30 P.M., (S.T.), to transact the following business:—

1. To appoint a Trustee in place of Azim Shree Vajsurwala, who has resigned.
2. To appoint a Debenture Director.
3. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

By Order.
THE INDIAN CEMENT CO., LD.,
TATA SONS & CO.,
1854 Agents.

NOTICE.

THE WELLINGTON MEWS is prepared to garage Motor cars, Motor Buses, and Taxi Cabs on the upper floor of the main building at the rate of Rs. 15 per month per average car space where well-ventilated lighted, spacious, well-floored, and clean accommodation can be secured.

For the convenience of Chauffeurs, and Taxi Drivors a cool Rest Room with a good outlook facing the sea is under construction. A Telephone connection will also be available.

For particulars apply to,
THE MANAGER,
Wellington Mews,
1688—3 Wodehouse Road, Eort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

Re: Estate of DAMODAR GORDHANDAS SUKHADWALA .....Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons claiming debts and liabilities affecting the estate of the above named Damodar Gordhandas Sukhadwala a Cotton Broker late of Bombay Lohana Hindu Inhabitant and who died a widower at Bombay on or about the 11th day of November, 1913, and Probate of whose estate having effect throughout the Province of Bombay was granted on the 18th day of February 1914 to Messrs. Ardeshir D. Paymaster W. T. Halai, and Abhechand Pitamber of Bombay are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Executors at the Office of Messrs. Madhavji Kamdar and Chhotubhai at 121, Esplanade Road, Bombay their attorneys within one calender month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the executors will hand over the assets to the person entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated this 19th day of February 1914.
MADHAVJI KAMDAR AND CHHOTUBHAI
1614 Attorneys for the Executors.

THE MADRAS UNITED SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS, COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 40th ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on MONDAY, the 16th day of March, 1914, at 3-30 p.m. (Bombay Time), at the Registered Office of the Company No. 77, Esplanade Road, Oriental Buildings, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 1913.

2nd.—To declare a Dividend.

3rd.—To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

5th.—To transact such other business as the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,
KARSANDAS MOOLJEE JAITHA,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

N.B.—The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Thursday the 19th March to Wednesday the 1st April, 1914 both days inclusive. 1860

THE MADRAS UNITED SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS, COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 77, Esplanade Road, Oriental Buildings, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 16th day of March, 1914, at 3-45 p.m., Bombay Time, when the following Resolution will be submitted for being duly passed:—

RESOLUTION.

That Article 81 of the Articles of Association of the Company be altered by substituting the word "THREE" for the word "FIVE" therein and by substituting the word "TWENTY-FIVE" for the word "TEN" therein.

If the above Resolution is passed by the requisite majority the same will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting to be duly convened and held for the purpose.

Dated this 20th day of February, 1914.

By order of the Board of Directors,
KARSANDAS MOOLJEE JAITHA,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
1864

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

LOST—At the Yacht Club between 2 and 4 P.M., Wednesday, 11th of March, well bred Airedale Terrier (bitch). Answers to the name of "MISCHIEF."
Finder will be rewarded if returned to:—
P. M. D. SANDERSON,
Walkeshwar Road,
1881 Malabar Hill.

NOTICE.

RE: The Bombay Chemical Industries Ltd: (In Liquidation.)

ALL persons who have any claims outstanding against the above Company are hereby required to notify them to the undersigned at his address before the 31st day of March, 1914, after which date the assets will be distributed and he will not be in any way responsible.

All persons from whom anything is due to the Company are also hereby required to pay up to the Liquidator within a fortnight.

Dated this 13th day of March 1914.
N. H. PATUCK,
Liquidator,
1900 No. 62 Lamington Road, Bombay.

BENGAL AND NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of the STANDARD FORMS of this Railway System for three years, commencing from 1st July, 1914.

2. Tenders will be received up to noon on WEDNESDAY, the 15th April, 1914 and should be addressed to the CHIEF AUDITOR, Bengal and North-Western Railway, Gorakhpur, in a Sealed Cover, superscribed TENDERS FOR PRINTING.

3. All Tenders received will be opened in the office of the Agent, Bengal and North-Western Railway, Gorakhpur, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th April, 1914.

4. Tender Forms can be obtained on payment of Rs. 5, and all other information and terms may be had no application to
THE CHIEF AUDITOR,
B. and N.-W. Ry.,
Gorakhpur.
Gorakhpur, 7th March, 1914. 1241

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-NINTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Offices of the Company, Oriental Buildings, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March, 1914, at 4 P.M.

To receive Directors' and Auditors' Report for the year ending 31st December, 1913. To declare a dividend. To elect Directors in room of those retiring by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election. To elect Auditors and fix their renumeration. To transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 13th to 25th March, 1914, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
R. PATERSON BROWN.
Manager.
Bombay, 12th March, 1914. 1891

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that BOMANJI DINSHAW WADIA alias MEHTA and NAVAZBAI, widow of COWASJI DINSHAW WADIA, both of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitants, the executor and executrix of the last Will and Testament of Cowasji Dinshaw Wadia deceased, have contracted for the absolute sale to our client of the undermentioned property:—

All persons having any claim or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, mortgage, charge, lease, lien, maintenance, trust or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim or interest and the same if any will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piec eor parcel of freehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house and premises standing thereon situate, lying and being at Dhobi Talao on the South side of Chandanwadi Cross Lane in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 129 square yards and 3/9ths of a square yard be the same little more or less which said house and premises are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C. Ward No. 2785, Street Nos. 411 to 413 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the public lane called Chandanwadi, on or towards the West by the property of Mrs. Libra Juliana Gracia, on or towards the North by Chandanwadi Cross Lane and on or towards the South by Luhar Street and which are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this 16th day of March, 1914.
EDGELOW, GULABCHAND, WADIA & Co.,
1858 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI COOVERBAI CURSETJI MUNCHERJI BHESANIA has contracted to sell to our clients CHANABHOY PERAJ, VIRJI JERAJ, HIRJI MULJI, KESHAVJI DAMJI, KHIMJI DAYAL, URJOON KHIMJI the Trustees of the Runchhoddas Chatterbhooj Cutchi Lohana Orphange the property mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written.

ALL persons having any claim against the said property either by way of Inheritance, Gift, Sale, Trust, Mortgage, Charge, Lien, Easement or otherwise, or hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office at No. 14K, Hummum Street, Fort within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuages tenements building and outhouses standing thereon situate at Khetwadi Main Road on side the Fort in the City of Bombay fronting the said Khetwadi Main Road on the South side thereof in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement one thousand and seventy nine square yards or thereabouts but believed to measure one thousand and ninety three square yards and six ninths of another square yard or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue at Bombay under Old Nos. 1640-2123 and 2124 New No. 8766, Old Survey Nos. 816-819 New Survey No. 8492 and assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward D Ward Nos. 1872 and 1873 Street Nos. 1 and 2 and bounded is follows, that is to say, on or towards the North and West respectively by the property formerly of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Budrudin Tyabji but now of Husein Badrudin Tyabji Esquire; on or towards the South by the Khetwady Main Road aforesaid; and on or towards the East by the Khetwadi 10th Lane and which said premises were formerly and are at present in the occupation of the said Vendor and her tenants.

Dated this 16th day of March 1914.
BICKNELL MERWANJI ROMER, & CO.,
1848 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY SCOTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY'S SCHOOLS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING & Distribution of Prizes will take place in the Town Hall, on Tuesday, the 17th March, at 5-30 p.m. The Hon. Mr. Claude Hill, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., will preside. 1897

NOTICE

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of Indian Companies' Act
and
In the matter of Bombay Weaving and Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (In Liquidation.-Bhanji Dharmsey Shaparia ...Petitioner.

NOTICE is hereby given that at an Auction Sale on the 24th day of February, 1914, at the instance of R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Official Liquidator of the abovenamed Company our clients Messrs. HARICHAND MANCHARAM AND CO., Safe-makers were declared the highest bidders for and purchasers of the undermentioned property.

All persons having claims against or to the said property by may of inheritance mortgage sale gift lease lien charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in 121 Medows Street Fort within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claims and the same of any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold Government Peras land or ground together with the two Chawls and the Mill Buildings standing thereon erected for the Bombay Weaving and Manufacturing Company Ltd., situate lying and being at Haines Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 12894 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors old No. 223, 224 and New Nos. 12116? and 16190 Old Survey No. Nil and New Survey Nos. 1/3145 and 3/3142 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or toward- the East partly by the property of Abdullabhai Laljl and partly by the property Ananta Dodoba. On or towards the West by the land of Rajabally Visram Patel On or towards the North by a Public passage and on or towards the South partly by the property of Abdulally Husseinally and partly by Government land and partly by Haines Road aforesaid and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward Nos. 1073, 1074, 1075, and Street No. 78, 79 and 80.

Dated this 13th day of March 1914.
MOTICHAND AND DEVIDAS,
1899 Purchasers Attorneys.

KARACHI PORT TRUST.

WITH the sanction of the Government of India, the Trustees of the Port of Karachi invite Tenders for their Debentures to the extent of Rs. 34 lakhs 90 thousand to be expended on improvements of the Port which have been approved by Government, and are necessitated by the continually expanding trade of Karachi.

Debentures will be—

I. Be issued for sums of Rs. 500, or multiples of Rs. 500, as may be required.

II. Bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, at the Bank of Bombay, Karachi or Bombay.

III. Be transferable by endorsement, which need not be registered at Karachi.

IV. Be consolidated at the desire of holders in multiples of Rs. 500, on the same terms as Government Promissory Notes.

V. Be repayable in 30 years.

Instalments will be payable as follows:—
1st, 5 per cent. on application.
2nd, balance within 14 days of allotment.

Interest will due be calculated on the 1st Instalment due on application from date of allotment, and on the balance from date of payment.

Tenders will be received up to 12 o'clock noon (Standard Time) on Thursday the 30th April 1914 by the Chairman, Karachi Port Trust, at the Office of the Port Trust, Karachi.

Tenders should be submitted in a sealed cover addressed to the Chairman, Karachi Port Trust, Karachi, and superscribed "Tender for Karachi Port Trust Loan."

Tenders should be made in the form given below.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Karachi Port Trust, and to the Bank of Bombay, Bombay or Karachi.

Tenders may pay their instalments into the Bank of Bombay, Bombay or Karachi, to credit of the Karachi Port Trust, and forward the Bank's receipts to the Chairman, Karachi Port Trust.

The Trustees reserve the power of rejecting all or any of the tenders made.

N. B.—TRUST FUNDS.

In accordance with the powers contained in Section 20, Clause (f) of the Indian Trusts Act 1882, the Sadar Court of the Province of Sind has passed a rule declaring that Trust property consisting of money may be invested in Debentures issued by the Trustees of the Port of Karachi under the Local Authorities Loans Act. XI of 1887 or other law for the time being in force until further order. Orders to the same effect have been passed by the Chief Courts and Authorities of Bombay, Madras, Punjab and Lower Burma.

The following figures illustrate the progress of the Port Trust in the last 2 years.

Year.	Revenue Receipts.	Revenue Expenditure.	Surplus.
1909-01 ...	7,43,075	7,58,342	...
1909-01 ...	8,40,717	10,13,649	...
1910-11 ...	26,13,540	22,26,928	3,86,582
1911-12 ...	30,82,475	31,93,973	8,88,502
1912-13 ...	40,67,661	38,51,616	8,16,045

For the past 5 years the Revenue receipts have aggregated Rs. 183,49,352 and the Revenue expenditure Rs. 157,99,790, the average Rs. 36,69,870 and Rs. 31,59,958 respectively. It is anticipated that the receipts for 1913-14 will not be less than Rs. 46,00,000.

The assets of the Trust exceed liabilities, as ascertained at last valuation, by Rs. 218,35,613.

All loans are fully secured by Sinking Funds for their repayment at naturity.

The Reserve Fund amounts at date to Rs. 218,35,613.

All loans are fully secured by Sinking Funds for their repayment at maturity.

The Reserve Fund amounts at date to Rs. 35,00,000 and an addition of Rs. 5,00,000 will be made in 1914-15.

H. C. MULES,
Chairman.
Karachi Port Trust.
Port Trust Office.

DEBENTURE LOAN OF 1914.

FORM OF TENDER.

I.....hereby tender for Rs.....of the Karachi Port Trust Debenture Loan of 1914 and agree to pay for the same, subject to the conditions stated at the rate of Rs.....As. .....for every hundred rupees allotted to me.

I enclose.....for Rs.....

.....and engage if my offer be accepted, in whole or in part, to pay to the account of the Trustees at the Bank of Bombay at Bombay or Karachi the balance of the allotment on due date.

I require the amount in.....
Debentures of Rupees.....each.
.....Signature.
.....Address.

Dated.....1914.
1300

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on 09 April, 2017

AUCTION SALE:

BENNETT & CO.,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Property, at Kumbharwada Second Lane.

Suit No. 645 of 1908.

Khemdas alias Bapudas Laxmidas, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Barbhaya Moholla, without the Fort of Bombay ... ... Plaintiff.

Vs.

Tulsabai Kampenta of Bombay, Kamati Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kumbharwada 2nd Lane, without the Fort of Bombay ... ...Defendant.

Under instructions from R.D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver, appointed by the Judge's order herein dated the 14th day of February, 1914, and in pursuance of the direction contained in the order dated 29th January, 1912, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will put up for sale the following immoveable property by Public Auction THIS DAY SATURDAY, 14th March, 1914, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Kumbharwada Second Lane without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1944, New No. 908, Old Survey No. 321 and New Survey No. 5012 and containing by admeasurement one hundred and fifty-three square yards and four-ninths of another square yard of thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward No. 7666 (1), and Street Nos. 200, 202, and 204, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North by the property of Loodia Ballaji Dhunkartker on or towards the South by the property of Hajee Cassum, on or towards the East by the Kumbharwada Second Lane, and on or towards the West by the Sweepers passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made to Messrs. Mulji and Thakordas, Attorneys for the Receiver, at their Office at 7 Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

THIS DAY, Saturday, the 14th inst., at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

Also a few pieces of furniture, such as drawing room suite, teakwood tables, chairs, marble top wash-hand table, one Roneo duplicator, cruet stand, crockeryware, iron single cots, cooking utensils, copper boiler, leather pieces, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.).

1 Second hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 Second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.

1 Handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquim office shigram, in good order.

1 Bay Waler Gelding, 15-2, age 12 years, quiet in saddle.

1 second hand rubber-tyred light victoria with a bay Austrian horse, and a set of harness.

1 English built rubber-tyred light victoria, in good order, and harness.

1 pair of Duccani bullocks, 5 years old and a cart.

1 pair of very handsome powerful bay Australian horses both go well in single and double harness.

1 English built mail phaeton with spare wheels and poles.

5 set of harness.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT BANDORA, CHIMBAI ROAD, OPPOSITE THE SEA.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will TOMORROW, SUNDAY, the 15th day of March, 1914, sell by Public Auction, on the premises, at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.), by order of the administrator of the estate of the late Mr. J. B. Gomes (deceased), the following property:—

All that piece of Ghavton land containing by admeasurement about 120 square yards, situate at Chimbai, Bandora, in the Districts of Thana, on the Eastern side of the Chimbai Road, in the Registration Sub-Districts of Thana, on the eastern side of building standing thereon, and bearing Municipal No. 11, which said piece of land is bounded on the North by a passage and beyond by the property of Revd. Dr. Henriques, on the South by the property of one Dharmai, on the East by the properties of L. M. Valladares and on the West by the Chimbai Road.

For further particulars and condition of sale apply to Messrs. Motichand and Devidas, Solicitors, at Medows Street, or to the Undersigned.

On THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Gool Mansions Mayo Road Fort, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood artistic household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, telescopic dining table, real Morroco dining chair, drawing room suite, mahogany and rosewood inlaid Chippindale pattern cabinets oakwood wardrobes Mahogany inlaid zoonda cupboard, makintos fancy screen, one sweet toned cottage piano, lady's writing tables, marble top dressing and wash-hand-tables, mahogany sheraton style bedroom sets, toilet set, real Spanish mahogany chest of drawers, oakwood and brass bedsteads, cretonne curtains, one chubb's safe, brass and oakwood bedsteads, rich carpet, one nearly new English Gent's bicycle, etc., etc., the property of A. T. Graham, Esq., of Australian Lloyds Co., and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.,

Bombay, 14th March, 1914.

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.
16, APOLLO STREET, FORT

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF A GREAT QUANTITY OF GREY PIECE-GOODS CONSISTING OF DRILLS, SHIRTINGS, MULLS, JACONETTS, &C.

Under instructions from Messrs. Ralli Bros., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, on MONDAY the 16th day of March, 1914, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sharp,

A great quantity of grey piece-goods, consisting of grey shirtings, drills, mulls and jaconetts, etc., of current numbers and superior quality.

The above piece-goods will be sold in small separate lots to suit buyers.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

N.B.:—The above piece-goods being made into many lots; the sale will be commenced exactly at 2 p.m. (S.T.)

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY the 16th day of March, 1914, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a great quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as tables, chairs, sofas, side and corner cabinets, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, lined tapestry, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, wardrobe, hat stand, teakwood cot with mattress, meatsafe, &c.

One 18 carat gold hunting watch by Rotherhams, in working order.

The property of a European gentleman:—Dining table, chairs, round table, meatsafe, sofa, side-table, wardrobe with glass door, teakwood cot with mattress, dumbwaiter and office chair.

By order of the office concerned:—6 cases mercerized coloured crochet yarn.

At 3-30 p.m. (S. T.).

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Bombay, and the Administrator of the estate and effects of the late Miss Mertha Herr:—Overcoat, blouses, jackets, petticoats, umbrella, tin trunk, watch, knives, and forks, foreign coins, hair brush and comb, &c.

By order of R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Official Assignee, Bombay, and the Assignee of the estate and effects of the following Insolvents:—

Re:—Morlidhar Jekisondas:—One lot brass and copper pots.

Re:—Sheshmal Hansraj traded as Sheshmal Chhogaji:— ...

18 cases glass bangles of assorted sizes and colours arrived from Hubli, Katni, Vedsi, Sihor, Moozferpore, Bhopal, and Nagpur stations.

Re:—Koonjbihari Ram Narayen:—2 silver armlets, 1 Hansli.

At 2 p.m. (S. T.).

3 rubber-tyred light victorias.
2 rubber-tyred light vis-a-vis.
2 rubber-tyred light broughams.

The property of a gentleman:—

One well-known race-horse "Koko", hunted in Poona for last seasons, sound and goes in harness.

By order of R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Official Assignee, Bombay, and the Assignee of the estate of Tricumdas Dalpatram:—

1 cabriolette.

At 3 p.m. (S. T.).

Several gent's new and second-hand bicycles by different makers.

AUCTION SALE OF IMITATION PEARL NECKLETS AND LADIES' ASSORTED DRESSES AND COSTUMES.

Under instructions from the Concerned, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell, on FRIDAY, 20th March, 1914, at 3 p.m. (S. T.). at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

25 solid French pearl (imitation) necklets fitted with real platinum and pearl clasps.

60 ladies' assorted dresses and costumes of different colours and styles, comprising of reception afternoon and evening dresses and robes in silk, voile and crepon material, all absolutely new and the latest models from Paris and London, in separate lots to suit buyers.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 14th March, 1914.

D'LAL AND CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE AND JEWELLERY.

Messrs. D'LAL and Co., Auctioneers, will, on SATURDAY, the 14th March, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Elphinstone Circle, Fort, near Kemp and Co., teak and blackwood office and household furniture such as:—

Single and double door glass cupboards, writing and washing tables, chairs, tables, leather line and tapestry lined sofas, bookstands, almyrahs, sewing machines, decorated looking glasses, glass door book cases, wooden cots, easy chairs, screens, gent's cycle, etc., etc., by order of the Concerned pocket watches, and alarams.

At 3-30 p.m. (S. T.).

By the order of Laxmichand Premchand and on account and at the risk of Pranjivan Kushalchand.

Necklace of diamonds, manek and pearls, pearl bracelets, pearl broach, pearl pendents, pearl and manek collar pins, rings, Marquis roses, of diamonds, manek, pearl, tani, pokhraj, etc., etc.

D'LAL & Co.,
Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
El. Circle, Fort.

AUCTION SALE.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay

AUCTION SALE OF A LARGE PIECE OF GROUND, ONE BUNGALOW AND TWO HOUSES, SITUATE AT DADAR ROAD (NEAR MR. JAMSEDJI KATHOK'S BUNGALOW), MAHIM, OUT OF FORT, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from the 2nd Mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors, Dayal Mulji and Hirabai, daughter of Jeraj Chapsey, pursuant to the power of sale given to them by an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 5th day of August, 1911, and expressed to be made between the said Dayal Mulji and Hirabai of the one part and the Mortgagees of the other part, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., on SATURDAY, the 14th day of March, 1914, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned properties on the premises at 4-30 o'clock (S.T.), in the afternoon:—

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

Firstly:—All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold Salt Batty ground, situate, lying and being at Dadar Road, Mahim, in the Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2,248 square yards or thereabouts assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 478 and 200, New Nos. 12485 and 12148, New Survey No. 201, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the vacant land formerly belonging to the mortgagors being property secondly hereinafter described, on or towards the South by the vacant land, now or lately belonging to the said Daniel Francis Murzello, on or towards the East by the public road, and on or towards the west by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Line, and which said salt batty ground is at present in the occupation of the mortgagors.

Secondly:—All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold Salt Batty ground, situate, lying and being at Dadar Road, Mahim, in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 2,534 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 489, New No. 12497, and New Survey No. 200, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Dinbai, widow of Muncherji Bejonji on or towards the South by the vacant premises firstly hereinbefore described, on or towards the East by a public road, and on or towards the West by the G. I. P. Railway line, and which said Salt Batty ground is at present in the occupation of the mortgagors, and F. Ward No. 522 (2), (3) (3A), and Street No. 155A, 155B, and 155BB.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs, Mulla and Mulla Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their Office, No. 23, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the Undersigned.

Private offers for the said purchase of the said property will also be received by the said Messrs. Mulla, and Mulla, or by the Undersigned prior to the date fixed for the sale by Auction.

SORABJI COWASJI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 14th March, 1914.

J. S. MODY & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

14-26, Bank Street, Fort

AUCTION SALE ON SATURDAY THE 14TH MARCH AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

On SATURDAY the 14th day of March 1914 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., will sell by public auction in Meadow Street, Fort opposite Messrs. Tarachand Parashram Jeweller's shop by order of the concerned valuable office furniture, etc., comprising of writing tables with drawers, arm and armless chairs, panel door cupboards, glass door book cases, revolving book stands, copying press, marble top tables and teapoys, partition screen, bentwood chairs, etc., etc.

The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST OF THE MORTGAGORS IN THE UNDIVIDED HALF SHARE IN THE PROPERTIES AT PAREL VILLAGE ROAD AND PAREL BACK ROAD AND FIELDS AT MALAD.

Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., will THIS DAY SATURDAY the 14th day of March, 1914 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by public auction on the premises of the Parel Village property, by order of the mortgagee Mr. Kaliandas Jagmohandas and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Moreshwar Raghunath Pathare, Sadanand Moreshwar Pathare, Pandharinath Moreshwar and Gulabbai daughter of Moreshwar Raghunath Pathare and in pursuance of the power of sale given to the Mortgagee in the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 7th day of May 1912, the right, title and interest of the Mortgagors in the undivided half share in the following properties viz.:—

Firstly:—All that piece or parcel of Government Tocca land or ground with messuages tenements and buiding bluilt thereupon lying and being at Parel Village Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement square yards or thereabouts which land forms portion of a larger piece of land registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under Old No. 37 New No. 14168 and New Survey No. 76 and the premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward F. No. 2637 Street No. 1331 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on the West by the property

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & Co.—(*Contd.*)

of Jairam Fakir on the East by the property of Sadanand Balaji and others on the North by Private passage and on the South by the family property of the Damul Chimaji.

Secondly:—All that piece or parcel of Government Toka and or ground with the messuages tenements and buildings built thereupon situate lying and being at Parel Village Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay which land together with the land firstly described herein above contains by admeasurement 482 square yards or thereabouts and is registered under Old No. 37 New No. 14168 and New Survey No. 76 and which premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward F. No. 2644 Street No. 1338 and bounded on the West by the property of Anandrao Ganpatrao on the East by the property of Hirji Bhoja on the North by the property of the Damul Chimaji and on the South by Parel Village Road.

Thirdly:—All that piece or parcel of Government Toka land or ground with the messuage tenement and chawl built thereupon situate lying and being in Parel Back Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 395 square yards or thereabouts which is registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay under Old No. 29 New No. 14155 and New Survey No. 2/27 and which premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under F. Ward Nos. 2693—2694 and Street Nos. 1387—1388 and bounded on the West by property of Damoder Raghoba on the East by a private lane on the North by a private lane and on the South by Parel Back Road.

Fourthly:—All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground of Government Toka situate lying and being at Parel Village Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 187 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 37 New No. 14168 and New Survey No. 1/80 and bounded on the West by the property of Fakirji Nuserwanji on the East by the Laxmi Narayan Temple on the North by the property of Gopinath Raghunath and on the South by Parel Village Road.

Fifty:—All the fields in Malad Taluka Salsette District Thana in Registration Sub-District of Bandra bearing survey No. 152 Sub No. 3 containing by admeasurement seven Acres or thereabouts.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Sabnis and Goregaoker Attorneys for the Mortgagee, at their office No. 35 in Meadows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 14th March, 1914.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY (CHAWL) SITUATE AT UNDRIA STREET, CHOKI MOHOLLA.

Under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal Attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs. Chaturbhooj Bhaichandbhai, Venilal Bhaichandbhai, Ranchorlal Bhaichandbhai and Anantrai Bhaichandbhai Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by public auction on the premises on SATURDAY, the 14th March, 1914, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), the undermentioned landed property on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Yacoob Ibrahim Sayani and under and by virtue of the Power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortagage dated 18th April 1913:—

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Undria Street Cross Lane near Choki Moholla without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 140 8/9 Square Yards or thereabouts and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 477, New No. 7738, Old Survey No. 2513 and New Survey No. 3978 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under E Ward No. 603 Street No. 1 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Vallibhai Karimji on or towards the West by a public passage on or towards the North by the Undria Street Cross Lane aforesaid and on or towards the South by a sweeper's passage.

For further particular and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Mortgagees, at their office, Prince Building Meadow Street, Fort or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 80 BALES COTTON.

Under instructions from the Bombay Steam Navigation Coy., Ltd., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 16th instant, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at the Prince's, Dock "M" the following bales of cotton:—

80 bales (Kathiawad) cotton.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS, SWEEPINGS, ETC., AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY, WARI BUNDER, GOODS DEPOT.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX of 1890, under instruction from the G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY the 31st March, 1914, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Wari Bunder, Goods Depot:—

Cottonseed, linseed, rapeseed, wheat, harda, tilly, turmeric, gram, loose wooden pieces, empty casks, gunny bage, iron carts, pick-axes, empty cylinders, cotton piece-goods, pieces of machinery, harness, teakwood sleepers, newspapers, old records, condemned sheets, broken stones, bags of sweeping grain and other miscellaneous goods.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 14th March, 1914.

AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS, COMMISSION AND ABSENTEE'S AGENTS.

AUCTION SALE OF A LANDED PROPERTY AT HANSALI TANK ROAD AT MAHIM, LADY JAMSETJI ROAD

On TUESDAY, the 17th March, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers will, under instructions from the Mortgagees Messrs. Moti Ladhaji and Co. and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Damodar alias Baba Raghoba Boreker and others and pursuant to the Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated 13th November 1911 and made between the said Mortgagors of the one part and the said Mortgagees of the other part, sell the undermentioned landed property on the premises.

PARTICULARS:—

ALL THAT PIECE or parcel of Government land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure together with the Messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate at Mahim, Hansali Tank Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 747 square yards or thereabouts and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 273 and 542, New Nos. 3960 and 4423, Old Survey No. 275 and New Survey No. 1/1439 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward G. Nos. 4249, 4234(3) and Street Nos. 610 and 595 B and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the North & West by the property of the late Manekji Dossabhai Wadia, on or towards the South by Public Gulley and on or towards the East partly by the property of Jewanjee Dhonduji Dhuru and partly by the land of Rama Raghoba Boreker and another.

Further particulars, conditions of Sale and inspection of Title Deeds can be had from the offices of the undersigned.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE BUNGALOWS AT HEALTHY OUTSTATION.

SALE OF VALUABLE BUNGALOWS & OPEN LAND SITUATED AT PANCHGANI ON THE ROAD TO MAHABLESHWAR.

Re:—Estate of W. A. L. Mckenzie.

Messrs. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, will receive offers for the purchase of the following properties at Panchgani upto the end of the current month.

The "Craig End."
The "Arthur Cottage."
The "Willie Cottage."

Particulars can be had from Messrs. Bhimji & Co., Solicitors for Miss Alice Learmouth Mckenzie, Surviving Trustee of the Estate of W. A. L. Mckenzie at their office in Meadows Street, Fort, or from the offices of the undersigned.

SALE OF A PALATIAL BUNGALOW, AT KHANDALA ROAD, LONAVLA.

Up to TUESDAY, 31st current, Messrs. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, will entertain offers for the following very valuable, furnished and beautifully situated bungalow, at Khandala Road, Lonavla, and near Moti Baug, having 1 big hall, 4 bed rooms, 4 bath rooms, 2 verandahs, 1 big dining hall, 1 cooking hall, 3 other rooms, 2 servants' rooms, 1 big stable to accommodate, 2 horses, 1 motor car, and 1 carriage, 3 malis' rooms, 1 stable for cattle, 1 pucca built well and stone wall compound. The bungalow, besides, is situated on high level and has very fine garden with a fountain. The land admeasures 1¾ acres.

Further particulars can be had at the offices of the Undersigned.

N.B.—The bungaow is built on the principles of sanitation and affords a very nice opportunity to those seeking sanitoriums. The well contains very pure water.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers, Valuers,
Commission & Absentee's Agents,
53, Meadow Street,
Fort.

Bombay, 14th March, 1914.

JIVAJEE, SORABJEE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

SALE OF OLD MATERIALS, SUCH AS OLD DOORS, WINDOWS, OLD TINS, OLD IORN, HOSE PIPES, OLD TANKS, ETC., ETC.

Under instructions from the Executive Engineer, Presidency Bombay, Messrs. JIVAJI SORABJI and Co., will sell by Public Auction the abovementioned materials on SATURDAY the 14th March, 1914, at 3 p.m., at the back of Bori Bunder Station in the compound of European General Hospital. Also the sale of the removal and demolition of the building, situated in the Compound of J. J. Hospital, at the south of Petit and Motlabai Hospital, on Monday the 16th March, 1914, at 4 p.m. (S. T.).

50 per cent. to be paid immediately as the lots rare knocked down.

Further particulars and conditions of sale will be declared at the time of sale.

JIVAJI SORABJI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 9th March, 1914.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE

EXCELSIOR

OUR THIRD REVUE.

"RAGMANIA"

AT

THE EXCELSIOR.

TO-NIGHT AT 10 p. m.

SUNDAY, March 15th,
6-30 and 10 p. m.

A succession of screaming episodes, by the three best funmakers ever seen in Bombay.

Don't fail to see Lew James and George Malfe in "THE BROKEN MIRROR" scene.

"THE MORNING AFTER THE NIGHT BEFORE" 15 minutes of genuine and original comedy.

"A BATTLE OF WHITE HOPES" for the championship of the Excelsior, between Fiddler Flake and Mons. Cowpuncher, uproarious boxing absurdities. Don't see this if your risible faculties are not well developed.

Mons. Cowpuncher.

Mr. GEORGE MALFE,

Fiddler Flake.

Mr. LEW JAMES.

Miss REINA SELMA,

The Fascinating Danseuse.

MISS FLORENCE MABEL

Doing a Mad Mat Dance.

IRISH DANCES

BY

MABEL AND SELMA
MISS CLEO PEEL,
LA BELLE AMERICAINE,
THE MELBOURNES,

in specially selected items.

MR. TOM MELBOURNE

AS

SIR RAHBERJI JABBERJI,
JAMES McGRATH,

in new songs.

OUR NEW STELLER ADDITION.

MR GEO. ROBINS,

THE MAN WHO IS A REVUE IN HIMSELF. He is a Mimic, Character Impersonator, Reconteur, Memory Wonder, and does funny things with a piano.

Bombay will enjoy this artiste as much as London did.

The strongest complement of Artistes of all lines ever seen on a Bombay stage. Still our prices are the same. Book your seats at once at Soundy and Company and please come early or you will be greeted with the "House Full" boards, and we hate to disappoint.

EVERY ARTISTE A STAR.
EVERY ARTISTE A SPECIALIST.

PLAN AT SOUNDY'S
NOTE THE TIME
at 10 p. m. each night except on Sunday when there will be two Performances—
at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
VARIETY AND CINEMA.

At 6-30 each night except on Sunday, a combined Variety and Cinema programme will be presented, including specialities from the Revue.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

March 24th, 25th, 26th.

THE BOMBAY A. D. C.

will present

The popular farcical play

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR

Plan open at Messrs. Rose & Co.,

From Monday, March 9th.

Time and prices, as usual.

AMUSEMENT

10 O'CLOCK SHOW TO-NIGHT AT EDWARD'S THEATRE (Kalbadevi).

To-NIGHT at 6-30. **LA SCALA** -NIGHT 6-30.

THE GREATEST SUCCESS OF THE YEAR.

TWO

HUMAN FROGS,

DE MARLO AND LA

The Finest spectacular act ever seen in Bombay.
Marvellous and Wonderful. Must be seen to be believed.

LA BELLE TAMARA, Operatic Vocalist.	WEATHERLYS (MUSICAL KIDS) SISTERS SIAM.	MISS ZILLA (Coon Songs & Dances) OUR LOCAL TOPICAL.	BOOK NOW: PLAN AT ROSE & Co. USUAL PRICES.

BROKEN CHISEL (Drama) Comic—and PATHES GAZETTE,

10 O'CLOCK SHOW—TO-NIGHT AT DWARDES THEATRE (LATE ALGAZAR).

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

CHARLES HOWITT & A. PHILLIPS DRAMATIC Co.

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30.

Present for the first time in India their strong repertoire of London successes;
Saturday, March 14th, and Monday, rch 16th.
The Screa g Farcical Comedy.

"WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD"
Sir Guy de Vere Charles Howitt.

Tuesday, March 17th. EAST LYNNE.
Wednesday, March 18th. "DAVID GARRICK."
Thursday, March 19th. "DIPLOMACY."
Saturday, March 21st. The Great Cracksman Drama
"RAFFLES"
Title role Charles Howitt.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Orchestra Rs. 4. Stalls Rs. 3. Dress Circle Rs. 2. Balcony Re. 1. And Gallery As. 8.
PLAN AT ROSE & CO.
10% discount will be a lowed on a set of 6 tickets for the 6 plays advertised
Special late trams will run after the performance to Byculla and Fort.
NIGHTLY AT 9-30.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

Charni Road. TO-NIGHT! Tel. No. 1271.

THE LATEST CINEMA SENSATION.

WHEN THE EARTH TREMBLED.

A story dealing with the Horrors of the San Francisco Earthquake.

4,000 FEET OF INTENSE EXCITEMENT.

Read what the Press in England says :—

"Contains practically every form of attraction it is possible for a picture play to possess. It is a thrilling drama; it is a striking and impressive spectacle; it is a highly emotional love-story; and it is a film of considerable pictorial beauty. The earthquake scenes are marvellously well carried out and will prove one of the biggest sensations yet seen."

DON'T MISS THIS WONDERFUL PICTURE.

3 Shows of 1¼ Hours.

7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, 10 to 11-15.

Saturdays & Sundays. { Prize Show—5-30 to 6-45. Extra Show—11-15 to 12-30.

IMPERIAL CINEMATOGRAPH.

CHARNI ROAD,

To-Night

We shall present for your acceptance

The Magnificent Society Play

THE

UNFALTERING LOVE

Drama in 2 parts 2,000 feet long

WITH

EDISON KINETOPHONE

PICTURES THAT TALK AND SING.

The latest Operas, Dramas, Musical Comedies and well-known "STARS" from the Vaudeville stage, will be seen and heard at our Theatre

also

Pathe's Gazette, Interesting and Comic Subjects.

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY 3

7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15 and 10-30 to 12-0.

PRIZE MATINEE ON SATURDAY and Sunday 5 to 6-30 p. m.

ADMISSION

Rs. 2, Re. 1, As. 8 and 4.

"GREEN'S RESTAURANT"

TANGO UPPER

SATURDAY, 4th MARCH, 1914.

FROM 9-30 TO 11 P.M.

Admission to 1st Floor for Dinner or Supper by Reserving Table for Same.

SUPPER Rs. 1-8 PER HEAD;

SERVED FROM 9-30 P.M.

WHEN

Mlle. SINGY OF PARIS

WILL PERFORM

THE TANGO DANCE.

EARLY BOOKING OF TABLES REQUESTED.

THE MANAGEMENT

THE CYCLING KING

Again on the Stage of

OLYMPIA

ONLY A WEEK MORE

BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT

Rs. 50 Prize to any one performing any one Feat

Our Star.

"DESDEMONA"

and

"THE CHILD OF THE SYLVE LAKE."

Matinee Saturday and Sunday.

5-15 to 6-45 and every night 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30 and 11 to 12-30 (S.T.)

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BANKING.

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(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Subscribed Capital £1,000,000
Paid up Capital £400,000
Reserve Fund £230,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £600,000

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Corner of Churchgate Street and Hornby Road.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ per cent. PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
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SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

Capital Authorised ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 15,00,000
Capital Paid up ..... Rs. 9,88,153
Reserve Fund (in Govt. Papers) Rs. 10,00,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches—
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwala, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore Cty, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, DIS. BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted
For other particulars, and rules of business apply to—

SRI RAM, B.A.,
Manager.

69, Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE EMPIRE BANK, LIMITED.

17-19, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. p. a. on minimum daily balances of Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 4 per cent. p. a.
SAVINGS BANK deposits at 4 per cent. p. a.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved security.
SECURITIES AND STOCKS Received for safe custody and dividends and interest thereon collected. Also bought and sold for constituents at market rates.
All kinds of Banking business transacted. Further particulars on application.

HEREDIA & Co.,
Agents.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT, VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE, APOLLO STREET.
Branches:—
Mumbadevi (Bombay) and Ahmedabad.

Authorised and Subscribed Capital, Rs. 1,00,00,000.

Interest on fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent. p. a. Savings Bank 4 per cent. Current accounts on daily balances 3 per cent. at Bombay.

Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

A. R. DIAS BROS

(LATE OF Messrs. LEACH & WEBORNY)
Prof. Tailors & Boot Makers.
Grant Road, near Railway Station.
Branch:—
No. 51, Medows Street,
Latest Suitings & excellent cutting.

SAPAT LOTION.

An efficient remedy for ringworm. This medicine is a perfumed water which does not spoil clothes and is dried up no sooner it is applied. It clears away ringworm, itch scurvy, rupture in feet, biles of long standing scales, dry pores within three days.

Price As 4 perbottle.

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ANGLO-PERSNIA WORKS.
BY
SORABSHAW BYRAMJI DOCTOR,
Late Head Persian Teacher,
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Marriage, Life and Upanayan are such as would be found in none. Its "Special Life" (admitting 75 years) and "Special Marriage" schemes out-chronicles any chroniele, by paying handsome bonus after 3 months. Copyright and name of the above two registered and patented. Would you please ask for the rules and Agencie and Bonus List of.

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CALCUTTA. *Managing Agents*

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Opp. Thos. Cook & Sons,

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Mar. 13.

A little precipitation occurred in Simla and the Chakrata hills, and a few showers in Assam. The temperature is much below normal in North-east India, chiefly in Sind and Gujarat.

Forecast:—Increase in rainfall in North-east India, dry weather elsewhere.

Earthquake Report:—A shock of light intensity at its origin nearly five hundred miles away, was recorded on the Simla Seismograph at 3-29 p.m., yesterday.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

FOR THE 13TH MARCH, 1914.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 13th March 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear in the south-western and the extreme northern districts and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in defect over the whole division; minimum temperature is also lower than usual in the southern half of the division.

The United Provinces.—Skies are generally clear. Temperature is in defect in the extreme western districts..

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in moderate to considerable defect in Sind. Temperature has fallen and is now lower than usual.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. The air is damper than usual in Central India West but drier elsewhere. Temperature is in defect.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect except in the extreme eastern districts. Temperature has fallen generally and is in defect except at Raipur.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual in the north Konkan. Temperature is generally in defect.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect in Hyderabad and the north Bombay Deccan. Minimum temperature is in defect at some stations.

General Remarks.—Whether has again been dry and is likely to continue so. Temperature is generally in defect in north-west India and the adjacent parts of the United Provinces, the central parts of the country, and in Gujarat, Kathiawar and the Konkan.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a.m on FRIDAY, the 13th of March 1914.

Stations	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st Dec. to date.	Rainfall. Variation 1st Dec. to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire ..	70.8	57.8	44	..	10.62	0.72
Jask ..	82.8	64.3	38	..	4.56	0.96
Muskat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dsa. (12th) ..	80.9	69.9	62	..	0.66	—2.31
PUNJAB—						
Multan ..	77.3	49.8	45	..	1.50	0.13
Rawalpindi ..	69.6	..	78	..	9.21	2.14
Lahore ..	74.2	50.2	74	..	3.44	0.51
Sirsa ..	76.3	49.8	67	..	1.51	—0.07
Ambala ..	77.7	55.1	57	..	2.21	—2.81
Delhi ..	79.2	54.6	48	..	0.74	—1.85
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra ..	84.5	56.2	46	..	0.3:	—1.16
Mainpuri ..	86.3	55.5	52	..	1.52	—0.52
Jhansi ..	86.6	62.0	31	..	0.91	—0.73
Cawnpore ..	88.2	56.7	42	..	1.20	—0.72
Allahabad ..	92.2	58.1	29	..	1.41	—0.66
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobad ..	82.1	49.8	24	..	2.31	1.29
Karachi ..	82.9	62.8	38	..	2.11	0.76
Ajmer ..	77.8	51.4	53	..	2.73	1.50
Jaipore ..	82.4	52.1	33	..	0.86	—0.50
Kotah ..	85.6	59.9	31	..	1.03	0.17
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj ..	82.0	51.1	47	..	1.01	0.56
Dwarka ..	78.4	61.1	56	..	0.36	—0.32
Veraval ..	88.1	57.8	25	..	0.11	—0.34
Rajkot ..	85.9	46.3	36	..	0.08	—0.39
Bhavnag Para ..	90.0	54.6	34	..	0.04	—0.50
Surat ..	90.3	57.5	31	..	0.04	—0.29
Ahmedabad ..	89.5	58.8	19	..	0.09	—0.29
Deesa ..	85.2	50.6	28	..	0.16	—0.36
Neemuch ..	82.7	52.7	56	..	0.14	—0.64
Indore ..	85.7	51.8	64	..	0.42	—0.48
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore ..	87.5	54.5	52	..	5.28	—2.91
Sangor ..	84.4	58.6	45	..	2.16	0.07
Hoshangabad ..	89.1	68.2	28	..	3.47	—0.84
Khandwa ..	90.0	55.9	18	..	0.30	—0.80
Akola ..	93.9	58.9	7	..	0.98	—0.91
Amraoti ..	94.8	55.5	5	..	1.75	—0.19
Nagpur ..	91.1	66.8	20	..	2.10	—0.15
Chanda ..	97.5	60.4	32	..	1.53	—0.77
Raipur ..	95.7	67.6	42	..	2.00	0.14
KONKAN—						
Bombay ..	83.3	68.5	37	..	0.08	—0.50
Ratnagi ..	83.3	66.9	46	..	..	—0.70
Mormugao ..	83.5	70.0	85	..	..	—1.19
Karwa ..	82.0	67.5	89	..	..	—1.93
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon ..	93.4	55.1	22	..	0.08	—0.78
Ahmednagar ..	90.4	58.8	17	..	0.16	—1.21
Poona ..	89.2	53.6	23	..	..	—1.12
Sholapur ..	94.9	64.1	35	..	0.01	—1.41
Bijapur ..	97.4	67.9	38	..	0.24	—1.17
Belgaum ..	93.1	55.1	59	..	0.82	—1.12
Aurangabad ..	90.4	64.6	4	..	0.01	—1.27
Nizamabad (Indur).	98.6	61.9	16	..	0.02	—1.50
Hyderabad ..	99.8	71.2	21	..	0.00	—1.89
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore ..	86.6	71.8	70	..	0.03	—2.45
Calicut ..	87.4	75.0	74	..	4.67	—1.91
Cochin ..	89.2	82.8	75	..	5.16	—4.60
Colombo ..	89.2	76.1	93	..	31.50	6.38
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Maslipatam ..	94.3	77.3	73	..	0.03	—6.75
Bellary ..	102.2	77.3	39	..	0.04	—2.34
Guddapah ..	104.9	79.1	25	..	3.00	—1.81
Madras ..	93.0	76.6	82	..	28.73	8.44
Bangalore ..	95.0	69.1	45	..	0.34	—3.52
Coimbator ..	96.9	72.2	68	..	4.87	—0.54
Trichinopoly ..	102.6	79.1	67	..	10.44	1.45
Negapatam ..	88.6	79.0	73	..	53.41	24.20

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F., and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 13th March was 30-143 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercuria barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch. for every 5 degrees, according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the steam at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer readin given above.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

March 13th

S.S. China	Tocque	Shanghai via Aden	Feb 10
S.S. Steinturn	Hatenheen	Hamburg	Jan. 30

DEPARTURES.

March 13th

S.S. Newby Hall	Parker	Vizagapatam	
S.S. Lhasa	Manley	Karachi	
S.S. Virawa	Crockston	Persian Gulf	
S.S. Kesh	Robertson	Colombo	

The following vessel obtained her portclearance yesterday.

S. S. Massilia	Themson	Marseilles & Liverpool

The following vessel began to load yesterday.

Steamer	Gray	for Treste etc

S. S. China:—The P. & O. Coy's steamer China, 4,161 tons, Captain C. H. Tocque, arrived in harbour yesterday from Shanghai via Aden, which port she had left on February 10, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Steinturn:—The Hansa Line steamer Steinturn, 3,324 tons, Captain A. Hatenhew, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg, which port she had left on January 30th, with a general cargo.

S. S. Lhasa:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Lhasa, 951 tons, Captain H. Manley, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Massilia:—The Anchor Line steamer Massilia, 3,250 tons, Captain J. Thomson, will sail to-day for Marseilles and Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Kish:—The steamer Kish, 3,147 tons, Captain E. Robertson, sailed yesterday for Colombo, with same bottom cargo.

S. S. Virawa:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Virawa, 2,176 tons, Captain J. F. Crockson, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf, with a general and same bottom cargo.

S. S. Caledonia:—The P. & O. S. Coy's steamer Caledonia, arrived at Plymouth on the morning of the 12th inst.

S. S. Manora:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer S. S. Manora passed Lisbon on the evening of the 11th inst.

The N. Y. K. Steamer Inaba Maru left Singapore for Hongkong on the 11th inst., and the S. S. Colombo Maru left Singapre for Colombo on the 12th inst.

The N. Y. K. Steamer Bombay Maru left Hongkong for Singapore on the 10th inst., the S. S. Kamakura Maru left Kobe for Hongkong via Moji on the 10th inst., and the S. S. Penang Maru (Homeward bound) arrived at Hongkong on the 12th ist.

S. S. Assaye:—The P. & O. S. S. Assaye with the China and Australia Mails is expected at arrive in Bombay at 10 a. m., on Monday the 10th inst.

Friday, March 13th, 1914.

P. DOCK.

Shed Steamer	Capt.	Age
aisai Maru	Kira	O. S. K.
S Qui os	Cross	M. &Co
D. & E. Chantela	Paillips	M. M & Co
H Trafford Hall	Main	K. N. & Co
H. Bomayun	anah	T. Morrison & Co.
K ity of Delhi	Bremmer	K. N. & Co
M St Le nards	Cofferata	J. F. & Co
N. Netherpark	Taylor	J. F. & Co
Q Islamil	Watson	T. M. & Co
Q. Frankenfels	Julian	W. & A. G. & Co

V. DOCK.

2 Masellia	Thomson	W. & A. G. & Co.
3. Wandefer	White	K. N. & Co
4 Werdenfels	Spillman	W & A. G. Co
5 Strathleven	McPhee	W. & A. G. & Co
6 Kirkdale	Gibson	W. & A. G. & Co
7 Den of Kelly	Twiddle	K. N & Co.
9 Querimba	Lane	M. M & Co
10 & 11. Charrafels	Bryker	W. & A. G. &Co
12 & 13 Macedonia	Bennett	P. & O. Co
15 Graz	Mandick	A. L. S. N. & Co

M. W. D. D.

Ozards	Mill	M. M. & Co
Purnea	Piggott	M. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Abydos	Davis	A. S. M. & Co
Glan Graham	Becket	J. F. & Co
China	Tocq e	P. & O. S. N. Co.
Dumra	Minett	M. M. & Co
Derwent Hall	Jones	T.M & Co
Eucchus	Patrich	M. M. & Co
Himalaya	Evans	P. & O. S. N. & Co
Hoseinee	Fanning	T. M. & Co
I do aru	K miya	N. G. K
Khosrou	Honnah	T. M. & Co
Lichtenfils	Walldorff	W. F. A. Graham & Co
Lasna	Duesnes	T. M. & Co
Manchester Citizen	Beggs	T. M. & Co
Manchester Miller	Robertson	T. M. & Co
Orissa	Redfern	M. M. & C.
Palawan	Shone	M. M. & Co
Pandua	Willsher	M. M. & Co
Powhatan	Blay	S. O. & Co
Reisdar	Nielsen	K. N. &Co
Sofala	Warrington	M. M. &Co
aisette	Evaris	P. & O. S. N. Co
ubada	Crebbin	T. M. & Co
Sidra	Br n	Bombay & Co
Steinturm	Hatenhew	W. & A. Z. & Co.
Tairyabi	Kass A.M	Jeewanji Co
Zoroastrian	Osborne	C. M. & Sons.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache, and be out of sorts. Carry Stearns' Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE

is to enjoy the advantages of perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices that break down the health and very soon render them fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing?

ATANK NIGRAH PILLS

is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous system.

It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and preventing waste..

It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short, it supplies everything that a man should have.

Price: Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.

Write to-day:—Vaidya Shastri

MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,

ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY.

Jamnagar Kathiawar.

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SMITH AND STEVENS PASSENGER AND GOODS LIFTS

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FOR HAND ROPE SWITCH IN CAGE.

FULL OR SEMI-AUTOMATIC CONTROL.

CROMPTONS BOMBAY, Ld.,

35-37, APOLLO STREET,

BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

THE MONEY MARKET.

LONDON March 12th.

Consols 2½ %	75–⅛
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs.	25.21½plus ½
Rentes 3 %	88unchgd.
Berlin Cheques on London	20.43½–½
Bar Silver Spot	26 11.16–⅛
Par Silver 2 months hence	26⅜–⅛
Closing Tone of silver :—Quiet steady.	
Rupee Paper 3½ %	63½–1.16
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying Rate)	½13.16unchgd
Discount, Bank of England Rate 3 % since 29th January 1914.	
Amount Withdrawn from the Bank of England about £400,000 for South America.	
Council Bills—Extra allotments Bills on Calcutta Rs. 70,00 @½ 1.32.	
Transfers on Madras Rs. 3,00,000	½ 1.16
Transfers on Bombay Rs. 4 00 000	½ 1.16.
3½ % India Stock (Ster. ng Loan)	89unchgd.
Discount Bank Bills 3 m-st.	2 5.16unchgd
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m-st.	2¼unchgd
,, Fine Trade Bi ls 3 months	3–⅛
,, ,, ,, 6 ,,	3–⅛
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77.9
Interest day to day loans	.2unchgd
,, 7 day market loans	2¼unchgd.

AM RICAN MARKETS

NEW YORK March 12th

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	15 000
,, Exports to continent	12,000
Futures at New York May	11.90plus 13
Futures at New York July	11.77plus 8
Declined owing to unfavorable cotton goods situation and advanced later on commission house Buy ng	
Spot Cotton at New York	13.20plus 10
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	12¾plus ⅛
Tone of Spot Cotton :—steady	
Futures at New Orleans May	12.47plus 11
Futures at New Orleans July	12.41plus 9
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	8⅜–⅛
Demand Bills	4.86½plus ¼
Silver Commercial Bars	57⅞–¼

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

LIVERPOOL, March 12th.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool		7,000
,, Sales on Spec & for Exp.		700
,, Sales of East Indian		50
,, Imports		4,000
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot :—moderate Business easier.		
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Futures steady.		
Tone of Manchester Market more business doing		
Mid Americans		6.96–1
Egyptian F.G.F.		8.70–5
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)		11.79p us 2
New York Official noon call May		11.69unchgd.
	July	11.76–1
New Orleans 10 a.m	May	11.67–2
	July	12.36unchgd.
		12.32unchgd.

CLOSING PRICE.

Months	To-day's price.
M.A.	6.60unchgd.
A M	6.55 plus 1
M.J.	6.54unchgd.
J.J.	6.49 ,,
J.A.	6.45 ,,
A S.	6.36 ,,
S O.	6.25 ,,
O.N	6.17 ,,
N.D.	6.12 ,,
D.J.	6.11 ,,

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

Total Bullion	£41,600,000	Dec.	200 ,000
Public Deposits	£24,900 000	Inc.	2,500,000
Othe Depcsits	£39 900,000	Dec.	1,000,000
Govt. Securities	£11,200,000	unchanged.	
Other Securities	£40 100,000	Inc.	1,400,000
Notes & Gold	31,900,000		200,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 49 % of the Liabilities.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORT.

London, 12th March.

WHEAT.

Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F May-June London Buyers unchanged 37½

F.A.Q. Red Karachi per 492lbs C.I.F dull.

South American Rozario Santa Fe—62lbs no sellers

Barletta Russo—62½lbs. no sellers quiet

South Australian Feb. March sellers unchanged. 36½

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416lbs 85 % ex-Ship nominal

Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex Ship April-May Dunkirk Buyers unchanged 54

Rapeseed Brown 416lbs. ex-Ship March-April-May. Dunkirk sellers firmer unchanged 50½

Linseed Bombay per 416lbs ex-Ship March-April; Dunkirk sellers firm 51½ plus ¼

Linseed Calcutta March-April : London sellers-firm. 50.3 plus 4½d

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) April-May ; Antwerp sellers firm unchanged 45¼

Bombay Cottonseed March-April ; Hull nearest value steady unchanged sound delivered per ton 5.19.0

METALS.

Standard Copper G.M.B	£63⅜–7.16
Copper Brazier	£78–¼
Yellow Metal unchanged	6¾
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14x20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs C.I.F. Liverpool	0-13-0

FREIGHT.

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal value unchanged	10.6
Arrivals :—"Elswick Manor"	

SUGAR

German granulated Sugar C. & F India (Double bags) sellers April-August steady but very quiet unchanged	12.5½
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C. & F. India sellers April ; neglected unchanged	11.9¾
German Beet-root 88 % sellers March unchanged	9.1
German Beet-root 88 % sellers May unchanged	9.2
Opened steady closed quiet.	
E.A R & Similar Crystals C. & F. India sellers April-August quiet slightly easier	13.1¼–¾
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta March ; value	11.3–¾
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Bombay March value unchanged	11.3
Raw Java Nos. 16-18 C. & F. Calcutta July-Dec ; value unchanged	10.9
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi July-Dec., value unchanged	10.10½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta July-Dec value unchanged	11.9
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi July-Dec ; value unchanged.	11.10½
Market idle quotations unaltered.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber March-April ; done steady	2.11¾–¾

BOMBAY MARKETS.

Bombay 13th March 1914

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Rs.	From.	Bank.
6 boxes gold.	3,55,200	London	Chartered.
1 ,, sovs.	30,000	,,	,,
20 ,, ,,	15,00,000	Port Said	,,
2 ,, ,,	1,50,000	Aden	National.
17 ,, gold and sovs.	10,67,520 / 15,000	London	,,
1 box sovs.	20	,,	HongKong
1 ,, gold	37,500	,,	International.
9 ,, ,, and sovs.	3,26,250 / 97,500	The Supdt. P.O. & O. S. N. Coy.	
10 boxes sovs.	7,50,000	Alexandria	National

SHIPMENTS OF TREASURE FOR BOMBAY.

The mail steamer which arrived here to-day brings from London :—

£220,000 Bar Silver.

£120,000 Bar Gold.

£10,000 Sovereigns.

The mail steamer which arrives here on the 20th March brings from London :—

£190,000 Bar Silver.

£150,000 Bar Gold.

£10,000 Sovereigns.

The mail steamer which arrives here on the 27th March brings from London :—

£260,000 Bar Silver.

£110,000 Bar Gold.

EXCHANGE.

Though the tone of the Market is steadier there is still very little doing on either side of the account.

We quote :—

BANKS SELLING—	s.	d.
T. T. ready	1	4 1-32
D. D. mail	1	4 1-32
T. T. forward, Apl.	1	4
BANKS BUYING—		
Private D. D. ready	1	4 3-32
Credits 3 m-s ready	1	4 3-16
,, ,, orward, June.	1	4 1-8
,, ,, 3 m-s ready	1	4 5-16
Francs 3 m-s reads		170¼
Marks ,, ,,		138¼
60 days Hongkong		142
,, ,, Shanghai		191
,, ,, Japan		149¼

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings on Wednesday last for 60 lakhs allotments were made of :—

15.10 lakhs Bills at 1s. 4d. (minimum rate), and 44.90 lakhs T. T. at 1s. 4 1/32d. (minimum rate) tenders receiving 7 per cent. The total amount sold during the week ending on Tuesday evening last was 80.30 lakhs. The amount to be allotted next week is 60 lakhs.

Some extras were taken at 132 higher than the above.

The mail steamer which arrived to-day brings the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs.	9,50,000
Bombay	Rs.	19,00,000
Madras	Rs.	6,00,000
Total	Rs.	34,50,000

The mail steamer which arrives on the 20th March brings the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs.	7,10,000
Bombay	Rs.	17,40,000
Madras	Rs.	4,30,000
Total	Rs.	28,80,000

The mail steamer which arrives on the 27th March brings the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs.	7,40,000
Bombay	Rs.	7,00,000
Madras	Rs.	1,40,000
Total	Rs.	15,80,000

BULLION.

Bar silver in London was 1/8 down both for ready and for delivery in two months the rates now being 26 11/16 and 26 5/8 respectively. The local Market opened at 78-4 for the first settlement, but the tone was weak and prices gave way about 8 to 9 annas. Some business was done at the decline and rates for all deliveries are as under :—

We quote :—	Rs.	a.	p.
English bar gold	23	15	3
Australian bar gold	23	14	9
Sovereigns	15	0	0
Silver (cum duty) ready	78	0	0
1st Settlement	77	12	0
2nd Settlement	77	4	0

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by Rail on 11th March 1914.

	Bars	Ounces
G. I. P. Railway	16	17,095
B. B. & C. I. Railway	17	18,823

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The Government Paper Market stood dull and neglected to-day and a restricted amount of business was done in the vicinity of Rs. 95-9 for the 30th March delivery at which rate the Market closed.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds changed hands at Rs. 102-6 (New Issue).

SHARES.

The Cotton Mill Share Market stood steady with very little business passing.

Madhavji changed hands at Rs. 1,077-8 and Standards at Rs. 1,075. Centrals declined to Rs. 1,842½. Davids stood unchanged at Rs. 480 and Fazulbhai at Rs. 440.

Finlays were placed at Rs. 313-12 and Kohinoors at Rs. 752-8. Bombay-Burma Trading shares were in demand at Rs. 890.

Central Provinces Railway shares were placed at Rs. 116½.

Gujrat Railway shares were in request at Rs. 112.

Bombay Electric Tram Ordinary shares were steady at Rs. 224.

In Press shares Indian Cottons changed hands at Rs. 127½.

New Mofussils were placed at Rs. 825.

Tata Iron and Steel Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 73½ and Deferred at Rs. 128.

BANK OF BOMBAY WEEKLY STATEMENT.

The following is the position of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending on Saturday last as compared with the previous week, in lakhs and decimals.

LIABILITIES.	Rs. Inc.	Rs. Dec.
Public Deposits at Head Office	..	.10
Public Deposits at Branches	..	13.22
Other Deposits	..	..
Port Bills	..	..
Sundries	.64	..
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	..	.95
Other Authorised Securities	..	.26
Credits on Government and other Authorised Secur.	..	7.09
Loans on do. do.	..	4.53
Bills discounted and purchased	4.95	..
Dead Stock	..	..
Stamps	..	..
Bullion	..	.47
Balances with other Banks	..	8.69
Sundries	.30	..
Cash	..	7.51

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

Receipt of various growths of Cotton at Bombay to date compared with the corresponding periods of the previous Season :—

Description.	Receipts for the week	Total since 1st Sept. 1913.	Total same time last year.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish	21,342	361,719	213 019
Central India	13,559	140,588	52 213
Barsee and Nagar	15,587	163,294	89,196
Berar	23,247	344,516	325,492
Central Provinces	14,365	216,241	166,601
Total Oomrat	88,140	1,256,358	866,551
Dholleras	9 545	108 934	95,036
Broach	28,184	80,070	60,119
Compta and Dharwar	2,590	56,443	27,492
Westerns	1,179	23,820	36,486
Bengals (N.W Provinces).	6,201	465,004	331,430
Bengals (Rajputana)	6,498	88,477	76,850
Sind	1,240	47,920	95,730
Persian	14	531	1,326
American	Nil.	2,180	25,592
Egyptian	Nil.	261	1,617
Other sorts	208	619	1 169
Total	143,739	2.129,317	1,619,482

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS

	Bales. 1913-14	Bales 1912-13.	Bales. Differences.
Receipts for the week	143,739	97,762 plus	45,977
Receipt from 1st Sept. 12th March.	2,129,317	1,619,482 plus	509,835
Shipments for the week Europe	27,613	8,851 plus	18,762
China Japan and Coast Ports	50,716	52,751 ,,	2,035
Total	78,329	61,602 ,,	16,727
Total Shipment from 1st Sept. to 12th March.			
Europe	565,586	181,088 plus	384,498
China	10,455	15,043 —	4,588
Japan	605,318	427,9 1 plus	177,407
Coast Ports	14,083	16,283 —	2,230
Total	1.195,142	640,325 plus	555,087
Afloat in harbour Europe	11,946	11,955 plus	9
China, Japan, and Coast Ports	Nil.	12,377	12,377

Total exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Railway from 1st Sept. to 14th Feb. 9,408 bales.

Total exports from B. B. & C. I. Railway from 1st Sept. to 81st February 4,564 bales

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

Estimated stock on 1st Sept. 1913	625,000	bales.
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1913 to 12th March. 1914	2,129,317	,,
	2,754,317	,,
Less shipments from 1st Sept. 1913 to 12th March. 1914	1,195,412	,,
	1,558,905	,,
Less afloat in harbour	11,946	,,
	1,546,959	,,
Less estimated mill consumption and up country by rail.	555,000	,,
Stock in Bombay in all hands on morning of 13th March. 1914	991,959	

COTTON.

In the position of old crop the Home markets have shown no new feature during the past week. Fluctuations have occurred resulting, up to yesterday's advices, in a small advance in May futures in the American markets, and a small decline in July futures. The market continues to show no special tendency one way or the other. We have this week received by cable the first estimate of the acreage of the new crop, published by "The New York Commercial." The figures given are 37,470,000 acres against their last years' estimates of 36,176,000 acres on the 18th March and 36,457,000 acres on the 25th April. The acreage given by the Agricultural Bureau in July last year was 35,622,000. Whether this will be revised this year remains to be seen. The work of preparing for the new crop is now making progress. Sowing will shortly commence in Florida. At the close the American markets are steadier with a moderate advance all round.

In the local market we have seen a sharp drop in Broach during the week. On Friday evening last the rate for good Broach was Rs. 282, but by Tuesday the price had declined to Rs. 268. The fall was a natural one rates having been unduly inflated, but was due more to sentiment than to any pronounced action on the part of bears. Wednesday and Thursday were holidays and last evening good Broach was quoted Rs. 270. This morning the rate was Rs. 273. A fair business has been done, and but for the holidays we should probably have seen a very active market. Settlements of the March position are progressing, and in a day or two Broach options will be declared and Delivery Orders issued. Other descriptions though easier have not declined in proportion to Broach. Bengals are about Rs. 1 lower, Oomeras about Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 lower, and Southern styles for April-May about Rs. 3 lower. Fine Khamgaon Akola March was this morning quoted Rs. 218, the difference between this quality and good Broach being now Rs. 55, against Rs. 61 last week. A moderate business has been done in all the above descriptions. A fairly large business was also done in fine Oomras Liverpool guarantee for March and April delivery.

P. C. T. A. QUOTATIONS.

Growths.	Super Fine	Fine	Fairly Good	Good	Delivery
I.G. Bengals	187	181	—		Ready
M.G. Bengals	204	194	184	—	,,
M.G. Scind-Punjab	189	180	—		,,
M.G. Khandeish	202	193	—		,,
M.G. Hinguughat Wardha	250	—	—		,,
M.G. Nagpore, Kamptee	248	—	—		May
M.G. Yeotmahl	242	—	—		March
M.G. Dhamangaum, Poolraum	23	—	—		,,
M.G. Akola, Khamgaum "Fair Staple"	220	212	—		,,
M.G. Amracti	225	—	—		,,
M.G. Broach	272	270	—		,,
do. do.				272	15-25 Mar.
M. G. Mattia	198	186	—		Ready
Saw-ginned Dhawar				266	1-25 May
M. G. Westerns				256	,,
H. G. Westerns				251	,,
M. G. Compta				266	,,

The market has remained steady during the day with a moderate business dowing. Good Brach close at Rs. 272.

OPENING PRICES.

Opening Tone	Strong.
Estimated Sales	7,000
Total Imports	10,000
Months.	
M.A.	6.65plus5
A.M.	6.60 ,, 5
M.J.	6.59 ,, 5
J.J.	6.54 ,, 5
J.A.	6.50 ,, 5
A.S.	6.41 ,, 5
S.O	6.30 ,, 5
O.N	6.22 ,, 5
N.D.	6.17 ,, 5

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal Food Grains into Bombay for the week ending yesterday at 6 p.m.:—

Cotton	143,739 Bales
Wheat	59,340 Cwts,
Linseed	96,881 ,,
Rape, Rai etc.	29,774 ,,
Gingellyseed	47,489 ,,
Poppyseed.	826 ,,
Groundnuts.	29,974 ,,
Castorseed.	60,103 ,,
Rice.	330,775 ,,
Myrabollams.	16,715 ,,
Cottonseed	177,217 ,,
Mowraseed.	59 ,,
Gram.	34,613 ,,
Jawar	51,814 ,,
Maze.	nil ,,
Barley	1,851 ,,

The following are comparison of prices in the Home markets as shown by the telegrams received here last Friday morning and to day —

New York.—	Last week.	This week.	Differences.
Futures May	11.72	11.90	plus .18
Futures July	11.70	11.77	,, 0.7
Spot	13.00	13.20	,, .20
New Orleans.—			
Futures May	12.35	12.47	,, .12
Futures July	12.36	12.41	,, .05
Spot	12¾	12⅞	,, ⅛
Liverpool.—			
Futures Apl.-May	6.56	6.60	.04
Futures June-July	6.51	6.49	—.02
Spot	6.99	6.96	—.03

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat :—For some time this Market has fluctuated within narrow limits, and prices for new crop now show a slightly easier tendency. Harvest operations will take place in a few weeks. Local Mills are buying ready to meet their current requirements.

Quotations :—

Ready White Pessi 85 per cent. Rs. 5-11-6 R.T.

Ready White Cawnpore Rs. 5-11-0 R.T. (Nomi.)

White Delhi May Rs. 5-13-6 R.T.

Linseed :—The Market is firm under the influence of a steady advance at Home, in addition to the recent damage to the Indian crop by rain. Local speculators and jobbers are buying May delivery on the strength of bullish private cables received by them. The recent advance was unexpected, and a reaction may occur at any time.

Quotations :—

Bold Brown Ready Rs. 8-5-0 B. T.

Bold Brown May Rs. 9-6-0 R. T.

Rapeseed :—The Market is steady on unfavourable crop news from up country.

Local operators are buying even at present prices.

The prevailing feeling is bullish as the crop is expected to be a very short one.

Quotations :—

Brown Cawnpore April May Rs. 8-8-0 R. T. (buyers).

Yellow Cawnpore April May Rs. 9-4-0 R. T.

Brown Delhi April May Rs. 9-3-6 R. T.

Tulseed :—The Market is quite but steady with a moderate export demand at current rates.

Quotations :—

Bold White 85 per cent. Rs. 57-0-0.

Mughi Rs. 52-8-0.

Black Kutni Rs. 45-0-0.

Yellow Hingunghat Rs. 59-0-0.

Poppyseed :—The Market is quiet but steady.

Quotations :—

Ready .....Rs. 10-4-0 B. T.

May .....Rs. 11-4-0 R. T.

Groundnuts :—The Market is steady and unchanged with a moderate business doing.

Quotations :—

Bold .....Rs. 48-0-0

Smali .....Rs. 47-0-0

Castorseed :—A steady market at unchanged prices with a moderate enquiry.

Quotations :—

Ready .....Rs. 34-0-0

Forward .....Rs. 7-0-0 R. T.

Cottonseed :—The Market is steady with a moderate demand.

Quotation :—

Ready .....Rs. 22-8-0.

Mowraseed :—The Market is quiet and easier.

easier.

Quotation :

Ready .....Rs. 7-6-0 B. T.

FREIGHTS.

The Market is quiet both for ready and forward. The following business is reported :—

Hull : About 4,000 tons April to June 11s./- l. s. Ready at 11s. 6d. l. s.

Antwerp : 1,5000 tons May, June at 11s./- l. s. 13s./- s. c. Ready at 13s. 6d. to 13s. 9d. s. c.

Havre : About 3,000 tons April to June at 13s./- l. s., 14s./- s. c.

Dunkirk : 3,5000 tons April to June at 11s./- l. s., 13s./- s. c.

Genoa : 3,000 tons April to June at 12s. 6d. l. s., 13s. 6d. s. c.

Hamburg : Cotton for May, June and July at 14s. 6d.

Liverpool-Marseilles : Ready Cotton at 15s. 6d. Small lots April at 13s. 6d. s. c.

Charters : The following are reported during the past week :—

S. S. "Politician" for April loading at 16s 3d. one P. P. 16s. 9d. two P. P.

S. S. "Breconian" : For March-April loading for Genoa and Marseilles at 16s./-

S. S. "Denewell" : March, for Antwerp and Hull at 16s. 6d.

The following are the rates :—

March.

Antwerp : 11s./- l. s., 13s./- s. c.

Dunkirk : 11s. 6d. l. s. 13s. 6d. s. c.

Havre : 13s. 6d. l. s. 14s. 6d. s. c.

Liverpool : 12s./- l. s., 13s./- s. c.

Marseilles : 12s./- l. s., 13s. s. c.

Genoa : 12s. 6d. l. s., 13s. 6d. s. c.

Hull : 11s. 6d. l. s.

Trieste : 15s./- s., 16s./- s. c.

Venice : 15s./- s., 16s./- c.

London : 12s./- l. s., 15s./- s. c.

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's rates for the Standard Oil Coy's brands :—

Snowflake Brand 150o Amer Rs. 6-0-2 per case

White Rose	,,	150o	,, ,,	5-12-2 ,, ,,
Chester	,,	75o	,, ,,	5-2-2 ,, ,,
Devoe's Imp. Brt.	,,	76o	,, ,,	5-0-2 ,, ,,
Monkey	,,	125o	,, ,,	4-15-2 ,, ,,
Tiger	,,	125o	,, ,,	4-15-2 ,, ,,
White Camelia in tins	,,	125o	,, ,,	4-6-0 ,, 2 tins
Elephant Bulk in tins	,,	125o	,, ,,	4-6-0 ,, ,,
Elephant Bulk without tins	,,	125o	,, ,,	3-12-0 per 8 Imp. Gal.
Camel in tin	,,	125o	,, ,,	4-6-0 per 2 tins

The following are to-day's rates for the Burmah Oil Co. Ltd's products :—

Bazar rates. Delivery charges extra.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Kerosine Oil Waterlily per case of 2 tins	5	4	0
,, ,, Firefly ,, ,, ,, ,,	5	1	0
,, ,, Chaker ,, two tins	4	6	0
,, ,, ,, ,, 8 gallons	3	12	0
,, ,, Victoria ,, two tins	3	11	6
,, ,, ,, ,, 8 gallons	3	1	6
Burmah Wax 1st quality, per pound	0	4	0
,, ,, 2nd ,, ,, ,,	0	3	0
Candles per pound.	0	4	6

The following are to-day's rates for the Asiatic Petroleum Co, Limited brands :—

	Rs.		
Rising Sun Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3	14	0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair	4	8	0
Deer Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3	12	0
Deer Brand New Tins per pair	4	6	0
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3	7	6
Bull Brand New Tins per pair	4	1	6
Swan Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3	2	6
Swan Brand New Tins per pair	3	12	6
Anchor Tins per pair	4	9	0
Anchor Cases per case	5	1	0
Rising Sun Cases per case	4	15	0

SILVER MARKET.

CONDITION SOUNDER THAN EVER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 13.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Coy's weekly silver report says :—"Now that the holding of a syndicate has been reduced to a negligible quantity and the bear commitments of Indian bazaars largely reduced, the condition of the market is sounder than it has been for some years.

"There have been large continental purchases for coinage recently and European demand in January and February was £376,000 in excess over that of the corresponding period of 1913. Asiatic demand decreased by £553,000."

MANCHESTER COTTON PIECE-GOODS AND YARN MARKET REPORT.

(From Our Correspondent.)

March 13.

We have again to report an all-round activity on our side. Matters are certainly improving, and we trust if the present demand continues to increase steadily, trade may not experience a severe crisis. In certain styles losses are very heavy and stocks in these, still discouraging. The position of the merchants, after a substantial reduction in the present holdings may not be very comfortable, particularly if selling prices show no improvement. How far the cheaper purchases will assist to average to some extent the dearer goods on hand, or allow profits to recoup the losses suffered, are questions which the future must decide. It is too early to judge the forecasts of the coming monsoon, yet a favourable one would much help trade conditions. We notice from the Chambers' monthly stock list that Bale Goods show a reduction of 1.183 packages, and case goods stand at their last level. With the advancing season there is every likelihood of a considerable decrease in stocks shortly.

Greys have again moved well, standard marks being in good demand. Prices for cloths in 45 in. have advanced owing to light stocks. Arrivals in the same, are however heavy in the near future, and it is to be hoped cutting prices to force sales will not compel dealers to lose even on these recent favourable purchases. In *Bleached Cloths* the position, as far as selling is concerned, is certainly improving and it is expected that piled up stocks must soon he reduced. Sales at low prices in staple qualities of 27 inches 18 yards, 16 and 14, Nansooks are freely reported. We hear, in these, a well-known European House has sold 100 cases at 2s. 2½d. a piece ex-duty for May-June, whilst another European House is said to have sold about 150 cases at 2-2 a piece ex-duty Shipment April-June. In Mulls, 58 inches by 20 yards, "Red Ends" offers reported last week as being on cables, are said to have resulted in business, one well-known European House having sold on the basis of 4s. 5½d. a piece ex-duty Shipment, May-July. *Prints and Dyed Goods* have moved well, decent clearance being possible. Fresh business, though possible, is still on a minor scale though Manchester has been quoting far easier prices for prints, than it did a fortnight back. *Fancies* are in some demand, there being some inquiry for *Stripe Brocades*. Forced sales in these in small quantities and at cutting prices are reported. Side fancies continue to be not very encouraging. *Dhootys* are well sold retail demand being very active. We hear some lots in heavier qualities have further resulted in business.

Yarns.—We have to report some activity on our side. Small parcels in 2-40 grey have again resulted in business at 12 a lb. We hear in single yarns some big lines are on cables particularly in 30 in. water. A few parcels of 60 in. to 80 in. medios have also resulted in business. A parcel of 2-28 *Bleached Sewings* is said to have been booked at 13½ to 13 5/8 a lb. Attempts to back 2-80 Mercerised Grey and Dyed Warps have not been successful, the quotations being 6s. 3d. and 6s. 11d. a Warp respectively.

CALCUTTA COMMERCIAL REPORT

BANK OF BENGAL RATE.

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 14.

On account of the Holi festival, the directors of the Bank of Bengal held their meeting to-day instead of on Thursday. They made no change in the Bank rate which has remained at seven per cent. since Nov. 13 last. The Cash Balances show increases both at the head office and at the branches and the percentage works out at 34.98 as compared with 32.67 last week and 34.20 the week before.

Dalbhoom gold shares and some leading coal investments are quoted a trifle higher.

Government 3½ per cent. paper was quoted for cash to-day at Rs. 95-11, the price for small sums being Rs. 96.

After the stress and worry of a busy day at the office take a dose of Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract. It infuses a new strength and energy.

Latest Creation of V. Kigand Paris, Perfumer to the Courts of Spain, Russia, Holland, etc.

LOVE IN A DREAM

Perfume, a most unique and delicate perfum e from Flowers of Franee; highly concentrated. One drop of this sweet scent represents the ragra nce of a basket of fresh flowers. Adopt ed by fashionable and aristocratic ladies.

Lavender Water—With musk. Made of best Alps lavender and genuine Tonkin. Always the best. See white label and sprinkler and the guarantee of the

WHOLESALE AGENTS:—

V. C. DASTUR & Co.,

Princess Street, **BOMBAY.**

The Efficiency of the

OXYPATHOR

IS REALLY MARVELLOUS.

The number of cures effected with, and the benefit constantly derived from, the use of this little Wonder-working Instrument is really amazing; its success is unparalleled in the History of Medical Sci nce

No Drugs, No Medicine, No Surgieal Operations, but Nature's own Cure.

OXYGEN

THE VERY ESSENGE OF LIFE.

Read the personal experience of a Few Grateful Patients—

Bombay, November 13th 1913.

DEAR SIR,—You must excuse me for not replying to you earlier. Some family loss prevented me from doing so, and I did not give treatment a fair trial on my son. I started the treatment but I had to break same twice. I had finished the firsh seven days's treatment and have much pleasure in informing you that there is a great improvement already. Previously my son when taking a both could not make use of his left hand and fingers to rub Previously my son when taking a bath could notmake use of his left hand and fingers to rub his his right arm, but he can do so now without any difficulty. I am compelled to give him a rest on account of his school examination, and will start the second course of treatment on the 17th instant.

Besides this, I have given 3 treatments to a friend of mine, who has been down with chronic Rheumatism for four years. Every treatment has brought him some relief, the last one specially, he said he was feeling quite fresh and able to sleep.—Yours faithfully, (Signed) JOHN MATHEW PEREIRA, c/o. The International Banking Corpn., Ltd.

842, Kumarwardar, Dadar,
Bombay, December 3rd, 1913.

DEAR SIRS,—I thank you very much for your letter of enquiry regarding my health, the delay was due to my having been out of the station, after the first successful course of OXYPATHIC treatment.

I applied the OXYPATHOR for 26 nights at weak Fores, at the end of that time my sores dried up completely. I had more strength, and above all, my colour was changed from paleness to a dark tint, which the doctor said was healthy.

My second course has left me a much better man. My Appendicities is much better, and the doctor says that this is not much to be alarmed at now.

I still have swellings in my shin bones and on the forearm, but I am sure this will also be cured.

I cannot thank you sufficiently for what the OXYPATHOR has done for me, I will write you again in due time.

Wishing you every success.—I am, Faithfully yours, (Signed) A. BRITTO.

101/103, Bazar Gate St., Fort,
Bombay, January 20th 1914.

DEAR SIR,—It will be interesting for you to know, that the OXYPATHOR works, which the skilled doctors could not do for years. For a month now, it has been used by a friend of mine on his daughter aged 9, who has been crippled from her very infancy, and by the OXYPATHIC treatment she is now able to walk about by herself. Her father fully appreciates the benefits and will continue the treatment until the child is completely cured.—(Signed) K. H. GOLVALA.

Ratnagiri, Bombay Presidency,
December 26th, 1913.

DEAR DR. KATZ,—I beg to thank you for your favour of the 17th November last.

In my wife's case, there is, I am very glad to be able to report to you, nearly 80 per cent. cure. The pains are almost nil, she has a good appetite and sleeps well, and her bowels are now regular. She can move about in the house and in the garden with ease, and without the least assistance.

I am so glad that by your instrument you have conferred a blessing upon suffering humanity.—I beg to remain, Yours sincerly, (Signed) S. K. NAYAMPALLI, Deputy Educational Inspector.

Quetta, Baluchistan,
October 7th 1913.

DEAR SIR.—In reply to your letter of the 15-9-13, I have only used the OXYPATHOR for one patient so far—a case of Influenza with a temperature of 104 degrees. Imust say that the result was very gratifying to me.—Yours faithfully, (Signed) W. R. BONE, D.M.T.

We invite your personal investigation. Consulation either personally or by letter, interesting literature on the subject of Oxygen, Oxypathy, and the drug evil will given, or sent FREE. Correspondence strictly confidential.

HEAD OFFICES FOR INDIA:

INSTITUTE of OXYPATHY 33, OXYGEN LABORATORY. Government Place East, **CALCUTTA.**

UNDER THE PERSONAL MANAGEMENT OF DR. JOHN JACOB KATZ.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL APPELLATE COURT.

HINDU LAW OF INHERITANCE.

LEAVE TO APPEAL TO PRIVY COUNCIL GRANTED.

(Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Batchelor.)

BACHOO HARKISONDAS V. NAGINDAS BHAGVANDAS.

This was the hearing of a rule nisi calling upon the appellant to show cause why leave should not be granted to the respondent to appeal to His Majesty in Council against the decision of the Appeal Court.

Mr. Jayakar appeared for the respondent in support of the rule.

There was no appearance on behalf of the appellant.

The suit out of which this appeal arose was filed by Nagindas Bhagwandas against Bachoo Harkisondas, for partition of joint family property. Bhagwandas and Harkisondas were brothers and lived together as members of a joint Hindu family. Harkisondas died leaving a son Bachoo. After his death Bhagwandas died leaving a widow who adopted Nagindas. Nagindas having thus come into the family by adoption Bachoo contended that he was not entitled to a half-share of the property but only to a one-fifth share. Mr. Justice Macleod decided that Nagindas was entitled to a half share. From this decision Bachoo appealed and the Appeal Court decided in Bachoo's favour holding that Nagindas was entitled only to a one-fifth share. Against this decision of the Appeal Court, Nagindas now sought leave to appeal to his Majesty in Council.

Their Lordship made the rule absolute granting the leave applied for.

Attorney for the respondent:—Edgelow, Gulabchand, Wadia and Co.

THE CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 14TH OF MARCH, 1914.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.
In the Division Court No. 53.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

42-14—M. B. Chothia The Frazer Ice Factory Co Ld v. Kumji Assur Virji and anr Payne and Co. Part heard.

104-14—Payne & Co Haji Goolam Mahomed Azain v. The Fraser Ice Factory Ld. ors M B Chothia.

Short Cause.

59-14—Jam R & D Hazarilal Sultansing a firm v. Dwarkada's Gumaniram & anr Kharas & P.

Long Causes.

772-13—Soonderdas & Co. Sobhagchand Naginchand v. Chandulal Ishwarlal Mehta Unwalla P & P.

767-13—Rustomji & Co Pestonji Sorabji Master v. Dinshaw Nusserwanji Daruwalla and anr.

757-13—Bhaishanker K & G Hirachand Sakharam v. Shavchand Dharamsey and ors Manchershaw & N.

630-13—Hirlal and Co Nanabhai Tullockchand & ors v. The Albert Press Co Ld & anr Little & Co Bhaishunker K & G.

688-13—Soonderdas & Co Rose Kate Correa v. Thomas William De'Almeida Daphtary F and D.

99-13—Smetham B & Co Bablibai alias Saraswatibai v. Dwarkabai Widow & ors D J Mantri Khundarao L & M.

249-13—Bhaishanker K & G The Poona Bank Ltd. & anr v. Motilal Chunilal Malvi H M & R.

601-13—Rustomji & Co Mathuradas Gordhandas & ors v. Ranchordas Kallianji and ors Ardeshir H & D Co. Little & Co. Man. H M & Co. Soondardas & Co. Rustomji and Co.

546-10—Payne & Co The Advocate Genl. of Bombay v. Gangabai Widow and ors Wadia G & Co.

1145-12—Mulla & M Pandooji Rowji v. Giacomo Bettoni and anr Bicknell M R & Co.

763-13—Crawford B and Co Turner Hoar & Co a firm v. Bhimji Mulji Raval & anr Daphtary F and D.

341-13—Shroff D and D Bai Gajrabai Widow v. Shamrao Shivshanker Talpade Little & Co.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.
In the Division Court No. 43.

For Judgement (in Chamber).

Re Indian Co.'s Act VI of 1882—Hiralal & Co In Re The Credit Bank of India Ltd. (in Liquidation) v. R D Sethna official Liquidator Payne & Co 24-2-14.

Chamber matters for disposal.

Re Indian Co.'s Act IX of 189 & Re Award dated 7th August 1911—Bhai K Gir. Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal Petitioner v. Esmail Peermahomed & Co. Respondents Little & Co Notice Mulji Kh & Th. 17-3-13.

Re Indian Co.'s Act IX of 189 and Re Award dated 7th August 1911—Little & Co. Panlal Kahandas Petitioner v. Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal & ors. Respondents Bhai K & Gir. Mulji & Tha. Notice 127 & 31-3-13.

Re G & Waids Act VIII of 1890—Kanga & Sayave In Re Sunderji Dawji a minor v. Ludha Narayen Petitioner Dapt. F & D Notice 3-3-14.

352-13—Manchershaw & N Muncherji Pallonji Contractor v. Dhanjibhai Bomanji Cama Jeh. G & B Ard. H D & Co Notice 17-11-13.

427-10—Motichand Ghellabhai v. Lilladhae Tejpal Raisey 10-3-14.

1193-12—Hiralal & Co Maneckchand Onkirji v. Harmadashanker Harjiwan & anr. 10-3-14.

89-14—Bhai K & Gir. Pestonji Dhanjibhoy Duergara v. Maganlal Hargowandas & anr. M Behothea 9-3-14.

561-09—Jehangir M & S Gulam Hoosein Rahimtulla Khairaz v. Mahomedbhoy Neersey Khairaz & ors. Payne & Co 9-3-14.

48-14—Bhai K & G Shamcoribhai widow v. Pranjiwandas Kalidas & ors. Mehta & Dal. 10-3-14.

1096-13—Malir H M & R Shivji Cooverji & Co. a firm v. Motilal Balmakoond & anr. Ardier. & Desai 10-3-14.

65-249-14—Little & Co Henritla Lainex v. Powell James Banfield Berry 87-2-14.

Petition for hearing.

Re Indian Co.'s Act VI of 1882—Matubhai J & M In Re The Bombay Banking Co Ld. in Liquidation v. R D Sethna Official Liquidator Ragh. M & Co Mater H M & R.

Suit for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

360-11—Jehanjir M and S Chunabai Widow v. Dhulla Kuppa and ors Mehta and D Part heard.

279-13—Jehanjir M and S Dhanaji Bhaskar Dhuru and ors. v. Rajoballi Karim Bux & ors Smathem B & Co., Part heard 21-11-13.

792-04—Wadia G & Co Nandlal Thakerseydas & anr. v. Shewshawal Gangram & ors. Edgelow G W & Co as Part Heard 2-7-12.

Martrimonial Suit.

308-13—Smetham B & Co Joseph William Henry Gillar v. Marij Gillard alias Aziz.

Long Causes.

931-10—Bicknell & M R Co. Nawab Kamal Yar Jung Badadur v. Messrs Price Wills & Reeves, Little & Co.

1028-12—Motichand & D Kuberdas Narseydas a firm v. Chunilal Chotala & Co a firm Surajmal & Co.

376-12—Raghavaya N & Co Nanubai v. Bhimabai widow and ors. Judah & S For postponement, Motichand & D Mulji & Th.

638-11—Surajmal & Co Ambalal Virchand v. Virchand Jaichand and anr. Khanderao L & M Jehanjir G & B

299-13—Jehanjir M & S Cawasji Nusserwanji Doctor v. Piroshaw Framji Dalal.

1006-12—Nadirshaw & D Byramji Cursetji Daruwalla v. Dadabhai Ardeshir Pochkana. Jehanjir & S Walla.

239-13—Jehangir M & S Valee Mahomed Hassan v. Abbaje Aboo Panadee Judah & S.

1349-12—Madhowji K & C The Advocate Genl of Bombay v. Ramdas Mulji, Nanu H & Co.

65-13—Jehanjir M & S Mahomed Hooseinbin Mahomed Jaffer v. Miss Mooni & ors. Sunderdas & Co.

66-13—Jehangir M & S Mahomed Hooseinbin Mahomed Jaffer v. Miss Goolnar Sunderdas & Co.

1117-10—Wadia G & Co The Tricumdas Mills Co Ltd v. Mulraj Khatao & ors. Pane & Co Edgelow G W & Co Bick M R & Co Daphtary F & D.

910-13—Madhowji K & C Dhanavahu Widow v. Vallabhadas Lakhmidas & ors, Jamsetji R & D For postponement.

470-11—Bhaishanker K & G Ramvalabh Harmukhrai v. Gopiram Harmukhrai and anr, Sunderdas & Co Crawford B & Co.

849-13—Surajmal & Co Javerchand Dalechand v. Dolatram Kundanmul a firm, Daphtary F & D.

1292-12—Bicknell M R & Co Ahmedally Shaik Kadarbhoy & ors v. Esmailji Mulla Valibhoy and anr, Payne & Co Motichand & D.

1022-11—Judah & S Lingoo Pochetty Lingul v Narayen Yellapa & ors. Tyabjee D& Co Jehanjir M & S Dubash & Co Malvi H M & R Bicknell M R & Co Amin & D.

1196-13—Captain & V Bai Sakinabai Widow & anr v. Moledina Nanji & anr, Raghavaya N & Co.

250-12—Bicknell M R & Co Gopinath Premsukhdas & ors v. Shrikisson Luchmondas & anr, Patell & Ez.

REDIT BANK CASES.

ACCUSED COMMITTED TO SESSIONS.

Jaffer Joosub and N. R. Mistry were both committed to the next criminal sessions in the two Credit Bank Cases by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Friday afternoon.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Friday, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, was called on the case in which Inspector Morris charged Jaffer Joosub and N. R. Mistry with several offences resulting from the preparation of a false balance-sheet for arguments on the question of charges to be framed against the accused.

At the outset, the Public Prosecutor submitted that the charges should be as laid out in the information originally. He asked his Worship not to decide the point that had arisen regarding section 215 of the Companies' Act but to leave it to the Court trying the case for decision. He remarked that the information was laid under a very high counsel's advice and he proposed to argue the point in the High Court.

With reference to the other charge, he said that he would be quite content if a charge of abetting criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 8,978 was framed against Jaffer and against Mistry of abetting Jaffer.

Mr. Kemp, on behalf of Mistry, submitted that a charge under the Companies' Act could not be framed as the Company was being wound up and had not been wound up and the offence was not committed in the course of that winding up. With reference to the other charge he submitted that there was no case to go to the jury so far as his client was concerned and there was no evidence of abetment. He, therefore, asked for a discharge.

Mr. Velinkar, on behalf of Jaffer, adopted Mr. Kemp's arguments so far as the charge under the Companies Act was concerned. So far as the other charge went, he contended that there was no breach of trust as there was no wrongful loss. The Company was formed of shareholders and it was the shareholders who got back their money.

Mr. Velinker further said it was one thing to be made civilly liable and quite another to be sent to jail. The Act did not contain anything precluding the paying of profit, out of capital. He drew his Worship's attention to the Articles of Association which excluded certain articles of Table A. of the Act.

His Worship framed two alternative charges under sections 215 of the Indian Companies' Act and 477A with preparing a false balance sheet and with falsification of accounts against both the accused, and also under sections 408 and 109 of the Indian Penal Code with abetment of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 8,978 between the 16th Feb. 1911, and 9th May, 1911 in the ordinary business of a banker, against both the accused, and committed them to take their trial at the next criminal sessions.

THE SECOND CASE.

The case in which Jaffer Joosab is charged by Superintendent Sullivan with criminal breach of trust in respect of sums of money was then taken up.

Mr. Nicholson said this was a simpler case than the first, for in it the accused was charged with having used the Bank's money for his own private speculation in violation of his duties. The question was whether he authorised Hassan brothers, knowing them to be insolvent, to draw money from the Bank contrary to his duties. These people had said that the monies were drawn for purposes with which they were not concerned. A general charge might be framed as regarded this and another of criminal breach of trust in respect of sums of money with which he paid his debts.

His Worship framed a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 67,000 and 16,000 under section 408 and committed him to the next criminal sessions.

NO PAINS—NO GAINS.

PAIN RUB

But what do you gain if you have pain in anyp art of your body—be it headache, backache, rheumatism gout, neuralgia, lumbago or pain in the joints or muscles? Certainly in that case you really gain if you take pains to get a tube of **LAOCOON PAIN-RUB** from your Chemist. It gives relief in a rub.

See that you get **PAIN-RUB** and no substitute to avoid disappointment. Of all Stores and Chemists;

MADON SONS & Co.

"The Popular Chemists of India,"

Crawford Market, **BOMBAY.**

Tools and Implements.

SUITABLE FOR **Workshops, Factories, Mills, Engineers, Blacksmiths and Carpenters.**

A large assortment always in Stock.

Please send for Catalogues.

CLUBWALLA & Co., Ltd.,

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ONE PAYING COURSE.

"ACCOUNTANCY" course is taught by correspondence. No condition of age or university certificate. No study by heart. Grand reduction in fees up to 5th April. Course is most useful for service and promotion. Number exceeds 200 in a month only. Candidates are prepared for London Chamber of Commerce examination. Schooe is recognised by Government. Do not lose this golden opportunity but write to-day for full particulars to:

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LATEST.

Do you know why there is a CRYING DEMAND for POWELL'S TRUSSES? Because they are made according to the ANATOMICAL REQUIREMENTS of each case thus giving the SUFFERERS the RELIEF which they need so badly.

Do you know what is the CONSEQUENCE of not WEARING the CORRECT TRUSS? Nothing but STRANGULATIONS which might possibly result in DEATH.

So do not waste TIME in idle contemplation as there is no time for doing so;because every minute is precious but call over at once at our Office where our SPECIALIST will examine all the patients free of charge and prescribe only the best and the modified TRUSS of the DAY.

THOUSANDS have done so and WHY can't you follow the same lead? DO!

N. POWELL & Co.
Manufacturers of Trusses Abdominal Kidney and Umbilical belts &c. &c.
Lamington Rd., Byculla & Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

Elphinstone College Sports, Their Excellencies to attend.
Their Excellencies dine with the Commandore and Sailing Committee of the Yacht Club, 8-30 p.m.
Royal Bombay Yacht Club Regatta, 2-50 p.m.
"When Knights Were Bold," Royal Opera House, 9-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
"La Scala," Gaiety Theatre, Vaudeville Programme, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
America India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 6-30 to 8, 8-30 to 10, and 10-30 to 12.
Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road, 5-15 to 6-45, 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30 p.m.
Bombay Art Society's Exhibition Town Hall, from 8-30 a. m. to 8 p.m. (S.T.)
Western India Lawn Tennis Tournament, Bombay Gymkhana, 5-15 p.m.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut-Colonel Sir Henry Proctor, A.D.C., Commanding.

Camp, Santa Cruz
13th March 1914.

Church Parade.

There will be a Church Parade on Sunday morning next, the 15th Instant at the Corps Standing Camp, Santa Cruz, at 11 a.m., punctually.

Dress.—Review Order, White. Members not in possession of Full Dress, are requested to parade in khaki.

Guest Night.

There will be a Guest Night in Camp Santa Cruz on the 18th Instant. Dinner 8-30 p.m. White uniform. Members inviting guests please notify numbers to the Sergt.-Major.

(Sd.) C. V. MARTIN, Captain
29th Lancers.
Actg. Adjutant Bombay Light Horse.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mails and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-0
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-15	13 0
Madras Mail	6-0	21-30
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter class)	7-40	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	11-30	14-25

The Punjab Mail leaves Victoria Terminus at 17-0 which is 15 minutes earlier from 1st March, 1914.

Punjab Postal Express, Five hours after Mail Steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

Calcutta Postal Express, Five hours after Mail Steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

Madras Postal Express, Five hours after Mail Steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

(In force from 1st March, 1914.)

Bombay.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Northern Express	8-30	21-0
Gujarat Mail	7-30	21-30
Kathiawar Express	6-45	21-45

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. M. Thomason, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Rly. Vols., will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, Bandmaster, at Bombay Gymkhana, this evening, commencing at 6 p.m.:—

March—Stand Fast ..... Salter.
Overture—Le Roi Dyvelot ..... Adam.
Valse—The Whirl of the Waltz ..... Lincke.
Selection from—The Duchess of Dantzic ..... Caryll.
Gavotte—Wedding Bells ..... Rimmer.
Experts from—The Gondoliers ..... Sullivan.
Japanese Mazurka—La Mousane ..... Ganne.

BAND AT VICTORIA GARDENS.

By kind permission of Col. W. R. Marshall and Officers the Band of the Sherwood Foresters under the direction of Mr. A. H. Dewsall, Bandmaster, will play a programme of music at the Victoria Gardens, this evening, commencing at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.), (with admission fee):—

Selection—"Revue of Revues" ..... Douglas.
Valse—"Destiny" ..... Baynes.
Songs—(a) "Little Grey Home in the West" ..... Lohr.
(b) "The Rosary" ..... Nevin.
Selection—"The Pearl Girl" ..... Felix
Experts (from)—"Symphony Pathetic" ..... Tschaikowsky.
(a) Song—"You Made Me Love You" ..... Monaco
(b) One-Step—"The Policeman's Holiday" ..... Ewing.
Selection—"The Count of Luxembourg" ..... Lehar.

BAND AT COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lieut. Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway, Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, this evening under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6-15.

March ..."Entry of the Gladiators"...Fucik.
Overture."Morning, Noon and Night".Suppe.
Valse ....."The Eternal" .....Leo Fall.
Reminiscences of Scotland" .....Godfrey.
Song ....."All Souls Day" .....Lassen.
Selection ....."Gaiety Echoes" ...Monckton.
Bolero (Tubuphone Solo). "Alicante".Hume.

BAND AT BANDRA.

The Imperial Band, under the direction of Mr. D. C. Menezes, Bandmaster, will play a choice selection of music at the Bandra Land's End to-morrow, commencing at 6 p.m. (S. T.).

PRARTHANA SAMAJ

Prof. Nanalal Dalpatram Kavi, will conduct to-morrow the weekly Divine Service in Gujarathi at the Local Prathna Samaj at 5-30 p.m.

B, S. E, SOCIETY'S SCHOOLS.

The annual meeting and, distribution of prizes of the Bombay Scottish Education Society's Schools will take place in the Town Hall on Tuesday at 5-30 p.m.

VICTORIA SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND

His Excellency the Governor will perform the opening ceremony of the new building of the Victoria Memorial School for the blind at Tardeo Road on Thursday, 2nd April, at 5-30 p.m.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY.

A meeting of the staff of the Bombay Telephone Co., was held on Friday, to wish bon voyage to Mr. Hollinghurst, the retiring Assistant Manager of the Company. He was presented with a handsome silver tea-set.

BOMBAY TEACHER'S ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Association will be held on Tuesday, at 6 p.m., at St. Xavier's College when Mr. P. Wren, M.A., Principal of the Training College, will deliver an address on "The Tragedy of Indian Education."

YOUNG MEN'S MOHAMMEDAN ASSOCIATION.

The third weekly meeting of the Young Men's Mohammedan Association will be held to-morrow at 10 a.m. in the Anjuman School Hall, New Nagpada, when Mr. Syed Abdul Wahid Asar will deliver a lecture on "Equality" in Urdoo.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the Young Men's Hindu Association, Mr. Prabhaker Krishnaji Pange, of the Bombay Sanitary Association, will deliver to-day a public lecture on "Sanitation and Disease" at 7-30 p.m. (S. T.), in the premises of the Association, Amroli House, near Police Station, Girgaum Back Road. The lecture will be illustrated by Magic Lantern Slides.

REPORTED THEFT.

A cloth merchant named Bhukhandas Govindji, residing at Picket-Road, Bombay, reports the theft of 'dhotars' and other cloth of the value of Rs. 402. He states that he closed his godown at Old Hanuman Lane, on the 10th instant. The following morning he noticed that an entrance had been effected into the godown and the property, mentioned above, stolen.

WARNING TO MARINERS.

As dredging, blasting, and sounding are being carried out over the Flagstaff Shoal all vessels have been cautioned by the Bombay Port Officer, whilst passing up and down the harbour or in or out of Ballard Pier, etc., to keep to the Eastward of the black buoy marking the Shoal. No vessels are to pass between this buoy and the New Dock Dam. Anyone disregarding this warning will be prosecuted, adds the Port Officer.

INDUSTRIAL AND PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The Statutory Meeting of the Industrial and Prudential Assurance Company, Limited, was held at the Registered Office of the Company (113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay,) on Thursday. Sir Sassoon David, Bart presided.

The following Resolutions were put to the Meeting and carried unanimously. "That the Directors' Report and the audited Statement of Accounts for the period ending 31st December 1913, be adopted." "That the Hon. Sir P. M. Mehta and the Hon. Mr. C. H. Setalvad who vacate their seats on the Board under Articles 115 and 116 be re-elected." "That Messrs. A. F. Ferguson and Co., Chartered Accountants, be elected Auditors for the year 1914 at a remuneration of Rs. 300."

DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS.

Fifteen attacks and nine deaths from plague and three attacks and two deaths from small-pox were recorded in Bombay City during the 24 hours ended at 6 a. m. on Friday. The plague attacks were reported as follows:—Three each from Byculla and Fort, (Northern), two each from Mahalaxmi and Tarwadi and one each from Dhobi Talao, Bhuleshwar, Esplanade, Mazagon and Sewri. No cases of cholera were reported during the day. The total mortality from all causes was 87, as compared with 105 on the corresponding day of 1913 and 127 in 1912. In all 1,344 rats were captured by the Municipal rat-catchers on Thursday, of which 97 were found to be plague-stricken. Mandvi as usual sent the largest number (29) of these diseased rats, white 10 came from Dongri, 9 each from Market and Umarkhadi and 8 from Kumbharwada.

RASH MOTOR DRIVER FINED.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday before Mr. G. R. Khairaj, fourth Presidency Magistrate, Inspector De Burgh charged one Shavakshah Dorabji Daruwalla, a motor car driver, with driving the car in a manner so rash and negligent as to endanger human life, and with failing to report the accident to the Police.

The case for the prosecution was that the accused's car knocked down one Hira Pila, a Hindu, who was going along Vincent Road carrying a bundle on his head on the 10th instant. Hira sustained injuries on the knee and the back of his head. The accused put out his lamp and ran away. The complainant became unconscious. It was further alleged against the accused that he was going fast and did not blow his horn.

The accused was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50, or in default of the fine, to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment. But of the fine if recovered Rs. 35 were ordered to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

The accused pleaded guilty to the second charge and was fined Rs. 10.

The erratic character of the wild elephant is illustrated in the report of the Conservator of Forests, Eastern Circle, United Provinces, for 1912-13 He writes:—"Up to date wild elephants have been unknown in Kheri, but a large heard made its appearance in the Sathiana range in the beginning of November last, where they stopped for about a week, after which they went to the Pankatti range and stayed there till the middle of March, crossing over to Nepal for short intervals during this period; they then returned to the Sathiana range and remained in this and in the Sonaripur range till the end of April when they again returned to be Bankatt. range, where they remained till June when they crossed into Nepal."

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

LA SCALA.

A WONDERFUL CONTORTIONIST.

The suggestion of a human frog is not, perhaps, very attractive. Frogs may be interesting but they are neither graceful nor beautiful. One wonders why, therefore, De Marlo, a very wonderful artist, who is appearing at La Scala this week elects to make his first impression on the audience in the guise of a frog,—for his performance, is both graceful and beautiful. He combines a perfectly proportioned body and splendidly shaped limbs with a sinuosity and physical elasticity that is almost miraculous. Some of his feats can surely never have been equalled, or even approached by any other contortionist. The word contortion, of course, suggests ugliness,—something that attracts more on account of its weirdness than its beauty. But De Marlo is a very rare person among contortionists, for everything that he does is beautiful. When he sits like a frog, when his body and legs perform a complete circle while his arms remain straight, when he clasps himself round the back of his neck with his legs, when he performs this same feat perched on four tin-pots precariously balanced one on top of the other, he does it all so gracefully and with so much emphasis of the beauty of human outlines, rather than with the suggestion of being a mere freak, that the most purely aesthetic taste could not be offended. De Marlo, of course, is a freak. But he is a freak of his own making. The miracles that he performs with his body must be the result of years of training, and he is a freak to be envied rather than to be merely gaped at. Who would not give much to have the same power over body and limb,—to be able by having trained every muscle, joint and ligament, to twist and turn body, legs and arms in every conceivable way?

We cannot remember to have seen any more wonderful performance of its kind on any stage than this. It was made the more attractive last night by the artistic setting of the stage,—a woodland scene, in the centre of which was a huge lotus out of whose petals the Human Frog emerged. It should be mentioned that De Marlo has a lady partner, who, if she is not quite so wonderful as he, does some clever contortions and is very attractive.

The Weatherlys again appear in a clever musical act, and the three little sisters Siam give a very charming turn. "The Broken Chisel" is a film drama which has enough thrill and sentiment in it to make it quite absorbing, and the other pictures include the Gaumont Graphic and Bourne and Shepherd's local topical pictures which are very popular.

THE EXCELSIOR'S THIRD REVUE.

If the third Revue which is being produced at the Excelsior to-night is as amusing as its predecessors it will prove a great attraction. Some of the Revues which have been produced at Home have titles which suggest that the author opened a dictionary at random and put his finger on two or three letters with his eyes shut, but there is a delightful suggestiveness about "Ragmania," which is the work of Mr. James McGrath. The management promise that the Revue will justify its title. It is said to be more topical in character than "Say When," and for its representation two new artistes are appearing in Mr. George Robins, an entertainer who has just arrived in Bombay from England, and Miss Cleo Peel, who makes a speciality of Ragtime songs. As the title suggest, the Revue is a skit on the Ragtime craze, and in the first scene we are introduced to various patrons of the Excelsior, which ano[illegible] some excellent fooling. Another feature of the Revue is a boxing between "Fiddler Flake" and "Mons Cow Puncher" this being a skit on a famous boxing contest which is still fresh in public memory. The combatants are Messrs. Malfe and James. Another scene will be the music room at the Taj Mahal, which introduces the Tango and gives Mr. Robins an opportunity of showing his ability. A third is "The Morning After,—a big masonic dinner (not in Bombay) and introduces a broken mirror episode which it is stated will be quite a novelty, featuring Mr. Lew James. The celebration of St. Patrick's night will be an excuse for the inculsion of an Irish dance, and there will be a medley of other songs and dances and incidents ending up with the reappearance of the Excelsior patrons in "The Devil's Ball" as a finale. In this scene Mr. McGrath appears as Mephistopheles, a character in which he says he excels. Those who are to take part in the Revue are the Melbournes, Miss Mabel, Miss Cleo Peel, and James McGrath. The Revue is being presented at both houses on Sunday and after that only at the after dinner performance. At 6-30 next week there is to be a combined variety and Cinema programme at which specialities from the Revue will be presented. The film programme is a short one, and is wholly humorous and topical.

THE IMPERIAL CINEMA.

The up to date management here again prove their desire to please their patrons with the best films. This week they are showing a brilliant exclusive film "The Unfaltering Love." The "Edison Kinetophone" will be another attraction. This marvellous invention makes every movement of this picture so life-like with the voices and music of the performers on the screen blending so well in synchronisation, that it seems hard to realise that real actors and actresses are not actually on the stage.

OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE.

The Cycling King is announced to appear at the Olympia for one week more. A prize of Rs. 50 is offered to anyone who can perform his feats. The star films are "Desdemona" and "The Child of the Sylvan Lake.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RIFLE MEETING.

VARIOUS COMPETITIONS.

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, Mar 13.

The matches concluded on this, the fifth, day of the meeting included the loophole competition, the practice in which was to keep down the fire of an enemy behind a stockade, etc., snap-shooting at a moving target at 500 yards in the afternoon, the enemys scouts having been seen moving across the front from cover to cover, and match eight from morning till evening. The latter was a chattie competition and was meant for judging distance marksmanship and observation.

Match (20) scouting and judging distance has also been decided. This was an exceedingly interesting competition and put the competitors to the severest test. Each team was accompanied by a mounted officer who directed the N. C. O. to four points in succession. As each point was reached a fatigue man showed himself and fired four rounds of blank ammunition remaining in view for thirty-seconds. The fatigue men were once standing, then sitting, kneeling and lying down respectively. The team was recorded and the mean taken. Special prizes were awarded to N. C. O.'s of the winning team viz., a pair or lynx glasses presented by Messrs. Lawrence and Mayo and a prize for Class B. by Messrs. Boyce and Co., Bombay.

The following are the Scores:—

Match 6, Individual Class A.—Sergeant P Clow, Dorsets, points 20, Rs. 42-12; Lance-Corporal Loyel E. White, Dorsets, 20 points, Rs. 42-12; Pte. G. Straw, Sherwoods, 16 points, Rs. 16; Lance-Corporal Benham, Dorsets, 16 points, Rs. 16; Pte. Saunders Dorsets, 16 points, Rs. 16; Pte. Rowe, Norfolks, 16 points, Rs. 16; Pte. Driver, Norfolks, 16 points, Rs. 16; Pte. Rose, Norfolks, 16 points, Rs. 16; Lance-Corporal Bethell, 16 points, Rs. 16; Lance-Corporal Steward, Norfolks, 16 points, Rs. 16; Colour Sergt. Grant Camerons Highlanders, 16 points, Rs. 16; Sergt. McCluskri, Sherwoods, 16 points, Rs. 16; Pte. Pearson, Sherwoods, 12 points, Rs. 8-8; Pte. Ayton, Norfolks, 12 points, Rs. 8-8. Nine further prize winners of Rs. 8-8 each.

Match 9, Class B.—Pte. Maratcs Saward, 117th Maharattas, 9 points, Rs. 17-8; Spr Lakshimrao Piraji, 22nd Co., Sapper and Miners; 6 joints, Rs. 8-12; Pte. Linga Sawant, 117th Mahrattas, 6 points, Rs. 8-12; Pte. Mahem Parab, 117th Mahrattas, 5 points, Rs. 5-12; Pte. Pandarang Shinde, 105th Mahrattas, 5 points, Rs. 5-12; Pav. S. Barket Set, 22 Co., S. and M., 5 points, Rs. 5-12. Several prize winners of Rs. 4 each.

Match 6, Individual Class B.—Pte. Ambugi Powar, 105th M L. I., 20 points, Rs. 20; Sub Luxuman Kadam, 117th Maharattas, 16 points, Rs. 8-8; Pte. Tukaram Kadam, 117th Mahrattas, 16 points, Rs 8-8; Sepoy Ramji Lal, 12th Pioneers, 16 points, Rs. 8-8; Sepoy Mohan Singh, 12th Pioneers, 12 points, Rs. 4; Subderraj Singh, 29th Lancers, 12 points, Rs 4; Spr. Galap Khan, 20th S. and M., 12 points, Rs. 4; Spr. Babaji Charge 21 S. and M. 12 points, Rs. 4; Lance Naik Dema Parab, 117th Mahrattas, 12 points, Rs. 4; Clr. Hav. Takaram Kadam, 117th Mahrattas, 12 points, Rs. 4. Nine further prize winners of Rs. 4 each.

Match 20, Class A.—(1) 2nd Norfolks, 8 points, (2) 2nd Dorsets (1st team), 5 points.

Match 20 Class B.—(1) 3rd Sappers and Miners, 18 points, (2) 117th Maharattas (2nd team), 15 points.

Match 8 Class A.—(1) Norfolks, Pte. Morris and Brown, (2) Norfolks Privates, Norman, and Franklin.

Match 8, Class B.—(1) 117th Maharattas, Jemadar Mahomed Beg and Lce. Hav. Tabib Shah, (2) 117th Maharattas, Pte. Ganoo Parab and Pte. Luxuman Sawant Equal Jeni Kaniel Jugdal and Jenu Narayen Gaikwad.

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE SPORTS.

THEIR EXCELLENCIES TO BE PRESENT TO-DAY.

Several events were decided in connection with the above which came off on the Oval last evening before a large gathering consisting mostly of past and present Elphinstonians. The sports will be continued this evening at 5 p.m., when His Excellency the Governor and Lady Willingdon are expected to be present.

The following were the events decided:—

High Jump.—1. Cummings 4 ft. 9 ins.; 2. Athaide, 4 ft. 8 ins.; 3. Cooper 4 ft. 7 ins.

Long Jump.—1. Cummings 17 ft.; 2. Athaide; 3. Ghyara.

Quarter Mile.—(Under 18 years).—1. Cummings; 2. Warden; 3. Kagal.

Cummings early went to the front and won easily by 10 yards.—Time 65 sec.

Quarter Mile.—Open to present students).—1. Gadre; 2. Netscher, 3. Vijayakar.

Gadre won easily from Netscher who was beaten for speed in the straight.—Time 62 secs.

Quarter Mile.—(Past students).—1. Kanga; 2. Kapadia D.; 3. Kapadia H.

A close race throughout, Kanga just finishing a yard in front of Kapadia.—Time 63 secs.

Gymkhana Boys' Race.—1. Ali; 2. Ranjee; 3. Kania.

120 Yards Hurdles.—1. Sutina, 2. Ghyara; 3. Shyschunder.

The final was run off immediately after the heats. The first two named ran level till Sutina got ahead at the last hurdle and won by two yards.

Water and Biscuit Race.—(Ladies nomination).—Gentleman to run to lady and drink with a tea-spoon half a tumbler of water and eat a cake. Lady to hold the glass which gentleman is not to touch, and also to hold umbrella over head of partner. Gentlemen then to run to winning post and to arrive umbrella open and mouth open.

1. Miss Davar and D. Kapadia, 2. Miss Rustomjee and Madon, 3. Miss Benjaman and H. Kapadia.

Half Mile.—(Present students).—1. Gadre, 2. Cummings, 3. Pananakar.

Gadre took the lead early in the second round and finished strong 25 yards in front of the remainder.

FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION CUP.

SHEFFIELD UNITED AGAIN DRAW WITH MANCHESTER CITY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Mar 13.

In the replayed tie of the fourth round of the Football Association Cup, Sheffield United and Manchester City again drew, neither side scoring.

UNIVERSITY BOAT RACE BETTING.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Mar. 12.

For the boat-race seven to four on Cambridge has been laid.

BOMBAY JACKAL CLUB.

POINT-TO-POINT RACES.

The poin-to-point Races of the Bombay Jackal Club are to be held on Saturday next. The following are the Stewards:—

The Hon. Mr. R. W. L. Dunlop, C.I.E., M.F.H.; The Hon. Sir Henry Procter; Col. J. S. Forbes; Mr. J. A. Lord; Col. H. Lowtner; The Hon. Mr. W.L.Graham; Mr. R.W. Harter; Mr. H. F. P. Hearson; Mr. H. D. Ash; Mr. C. N. Moberly; Mr. E. C. Reid, Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.

The events are as follows:

EVENT NO. 1.

The Bombay Hunt Cup.—A Point-to-Point Race—About 4 miles. Catch-weights over.—English and Colonials 12st. 7lbs. Arabs and Country-breds, 11st. 7lbs. Owners up. Prize—The "Boulton" Trophy and a Cup.

The "James Graham" Trophy and a cup will be presented to the first competitor in who has not previously won this trophy or a horse or pony race of any description other than a Scurry, and riding a horse which has never won a race of any description other than a Scurry, provided there are three such competitors.

EVENT NO. 2.

The Bombay Pony Hunt Cup.—A Point-to-Point Race.—About 4 miles. Catch-weights over.—English and Colonials 14-1, 12st. Arabs and Country-breds, 14-1, 11st. Ponies 13-3 and under allowed 7lbs. Owners up. Prize—The "Townsend" Trophy and a Cup.

The "Remington" Trophy and a cup will be presented to the first competitor in who has not previously won this trophy or a horse or pony race of any description other than a Scurry, and riding a pony which has never won a race of any description other than a Scurry, provided there are three such competitors.

EVENT NO. 3.

Open Point-to-Point Race for Horse and Ponies.—About 4 miles. Catch-weights over.—English and Colonial Horses, 12st. 7lbs. Arab and Country-bred Horses, 11st. 7lbs. English and Colonial Ponies 14-1 and under, 12st. Arab and Country-bred Ponies 14-1 and under, 11st. Allowance of 7lbs for Ponies 13-3 and under. Penalty of 7lbs. for Horses and Ponies not ridden by their owners.

Prizes: A cup for the first horse and a cup for the first pony, provided there are at least three competitors for each prize.

EVENT NO. 4.

Jumping Competition for Horses.

EVENT NO. 5.

Jumping Competition for Ponies, 14-1 and under.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. Events Nos. 1 and 2, are open to horses and ponies which, in the opinion of the Stewards have been regularly hunted with the Bombay Hounds during the current season.

2. Events Nos. 3,4 and 5 are open to members of any recognised Club or Gymkhana. G. Rs. only.

3. Entrance fee for each race Rs. 10, and Rs. 2 each entry for the jumping competitions.

4. Entries close Monday, March 16th, and must be accompanied by entrance fees.

5. W. I. T. C., C. T. C., or I. P. A. certificates will be accepted for 2nd, 3rd and 5th events. Ponies not having such certificates can be measured at the Jackal Club any morning by arrangement.

6. Colours must be worn in all races, and members are particulary requested to specify their colours in their entries.

7. Events Nos. IV and V will only be held provided there are at least four competitors.

8. All questions regarding the above events to be referred to the Stewards, whose decision shall be final.

Members wishing to invite guests are requested to send names and addresses to the Honorary Secretary, Jackal Club, Santa Cruz, Bombay, who will issue all invitations.

LINCOLNSHIRE AND GRAND NATIONAL.

LATEST BETTING QUOTATIONS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Mar 13.

Lincolnshire Handicap.

100 to 9 against Cuthbert and Bonbon Rose.
100 to 8 against Mediator.
100 to 7 against Aghdoe.
20 to 1 against Maiden Erlegh and Tuxedo.
25 to 1 against Short Grass, Brancepeth, Prevoyant.

Grand National.

100 to 12 against Lutteur Third.
10 to 1 against Covert Coat.
100 to 8 against Jacobus.

DERBY BETTING.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, Mar. 12.

Nine to two against "The Tetrach" for the Derby has been offered after five to one had been taken.

FOOTBALL IN LUCKNOW.

(Associated Press.)
LUCKNOW, Mar. 13.

In the semi-finals of the Murray Football Tournament the 3rd Royal Fusiliers who had a walk-over in the second round owing to the 4th K. R. R. being engaged in the Bengal-Punjab Tournament, met the 1st Royal Scots and were defeated by a narrow margin of one goal to nil.

The Seaforth Highlanders also defeated the 2nd Royal Fusiliers by the same margin. The exchanges were fairly even and the feature of the game was a grand defence by the Fusiliers' backs.

ROWING.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA REGATTA.

POONA CREW WIN.

As it was mail day there were not many on the Committee boats yesterday, but all the same there was some very interesting racing and the finals to-day should be well worth watching. A very strong wind was blowing, and especially in the Single it was difficult to keep the boat straight to the course at all. Events were got off promptly and a matter of satisfaction is that the Poona crew won their heat and will add considerably to the interest of to-day's programme.

As Orchard could not turn up, Agorup rowed over in the Senior Sculls to save time, and with him went Schmidt and Denso, who rowed over in the Sinor Pair Oars. Wilson and Kemp then met Webster and Borlase in the second heat of the Pair Oars, and a very close race was seen. They were well together all the way till about a hundred yards from the winning post, but the former pair were going the better and when they quickened their stroke they claimed an advantage and appeared to have felt that they had the race well in hand and might have won by a more decisive margin.

The chief event of the day was the Challenge Fours, when the Poona crew met the Bombay Gymkhana "B" crew, who were in the final of the Club Fours. Faith was unable to turn out at stroke as he has strained himself, and Rushforth in that place has not practised with the others. The latter appeared to have the better of the start, but then the Poona crew drew level and went ahead to eventually win with a deal to spare. They finished quite fresh and will take a deal of beating in the final, although they have a better four to meet.

Another heat of the Senior Sculls was rowed, Schmidt being expected to beat Mc Cann decisively, but as a matter of fact the reverse happened, and Schmidt's injured wrist may have had something to do with the result. They both rowed a very erratic course with the high wind that was blowing and the time must have been very slow. About half way Schmidt appeared to be having a very bad time of it and Mc Cann got well clear of him. Then the latter could not keep his boat's nose from pointing towards the Apollo Bunder. It looked as though this would lose him the race, but he got straight again and finishing close to the Committee Vessel he got there in good time.

Results:—

Senior Pair Oars (¼ Mile) Semi-final.

H. H. Schmidt and R. Denso with W. Mowbray as cox rowed aver from R. Simmonds and W. S. Taylor.

R.E. Wilson and K. Mc I Kemp with B. C. Rowlandson, cox, beat J. R. Webster and J. Borlase with H. G. Allum as cox by two thirds of a length.

Challenge Fours. (¾ Mile).

Poona Royal Connaught Boat Club beat the Bombay Gymkhana "B" crew by four lengths.

Poona Crew.
A. S. Cane (R. A. M. C.)
H. H. Dean (Dorsets).
W. D. Nicholson (Camerons).
R. L. McCall (Camerons) Str.
Mrs. Graeme (Cox).

Bombay Gymkhana Crew.
H. L. Cass.
R. L. Barrow.
A. L. Bennett.
F. V. Rushforth (Str.)
G. A. P. Webster (Cox).

Senior Sculls (½ Mile) Semi-final.

J. S. McCann beat H. H. Schmidt by three lengths.

H. Agorup W. O. from W. J. Orchard.

TO-DAY.

To-day the first event starts at 4-30, with the Senior Sculls, followed by the Challenge Fours, Senior Pair Oars, Mixed Double Sculls, Rob Roy Cance Race and the Mop Fight. As mentioned these should be of considerable interest as it is the last day of the Regatta.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

HOWITT COMPANY IN THE COUNTRY MOUSE.

The outstanding feature of the performance of "The Country Mouse" by the Howitt and Phillips Company at the Royal Opera House last night was the acting of Miss Doris Phillips in the title role.

"The Country Mouse" is by no means a new play, but it is one of the smartest of the new order of English comedies, and, smartly written though it is, it depends very greatly for its success on the lady who plays the part of the girl "from the country." Miss Phillips not only looked the part of the demure little country mouse, but she was it. One could quite understand seeing her on the stage and hearing her artless, ingenuous chatter, how she captivated the hearts of the blase men of the circle into which she had intruded; how she made all the women jealous; and how she finally captivated the Duke. Miss Phillips has done many clever things since the Company have been in Bombay, but none cleverer than her performance last night. She played simply and easily, and, displaying the art which conceals art herself made a great success of the play.

Miss Gertrude Godart was good as Lady Sylvia Bowlby, and Miss Venn Lancaster gave an excellent study of a woman of the world in the character of Violet Aynsley.

The men of the play, as written, are a rather insipid lot, and it takes a good actor to make anything of his part in this particular play. Mr. Howitt as the Hon. Archie Vyse played excellently throughout, and Mr. Cecil Kellaway gave a rather good representation of the part of the Duke of St. Kitts. The other parts were played by Mr. Carl Lawson, Mr. Cyril Rawdon, Mr. Keith Fraser, Mr. Norman Thompson and Miss Lilian Stanbridge, who rather spoilt an excellent character study of a London landlady by an exageration of make-up.

To-night the laughable farcical comedy "When Knight's Were Bold," will be played.

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Reserve Liability of Shareholders	„	15,00,000
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS: 3 per cent. per annum allowed on daily balances over Rs. 500 from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.
DEPOSITS: 12 months' deposits are received at 4½ per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods can be ascertained on application.
The following figures of the working capital show the Bank's Progress for the first year:—

1st January 1912	Rs.	8,48,000
30th April „	„	24,77,000
31st July „	„	52,35,000
31st December „	„	1,04,00,000

Purchase and sale of securities at best rates available effected at ¼ per cent. commission. Detailed rules and other particulars on application.
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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, March 14, 1914.

ALBANIA.

In the "Fortnightly Review" for the current month, which we have just received, Mr. H. Charles Woods has an interesting article on the situation in Albania. Mr. Woods describes the effect of the establishment of the frontiers fixed by Europe, and examines the position, task and difficulties of the Commission of Control and of Prince William of Wied. Mr. Woods adds little to what has already been discussed in these columns on several occasions, but a brief outline of some financial aspects of the situation, to which the writer has drawn attention, may not be uninteresting. Although statistics at present are not available showing the probable revenue or necessary expenditure in the country, it is certain Albania's prospects of being self-supporting are decidedly remote. This is recognised by both the Triple Alliance and the Triple Entente, but while the members of the former seem to desire to retain a preponderating share in, if not the exclusive administration of the Albanian exchequer, the members of the latter are naturally anxious that the finances of the country should be internationalised. Thus Austria and Italy who at first maintained the absolute validity of the concession granted by Ismail Kemal Bey and the Provisional Government for the establishment of an Albanian National Bank, which practically entrusted the whole financial administration and exploitation of the country to the Wiener Bank and to the Banco Commerciale Italiana, now, according to Mr. Woods, seem willing that capitalists belonging to other European countries should participate in this institution, or that arrangements should be made by which at least a certain share of the management of the revenue and expenditure of the country should pass into other hands. Moreover, the proposed international loan is still going through the usual processes of diplomatic negotiation and it is impossible to say when it will be available, but, as a matter of urgency, Austria and Italy have each agreed to advance a sum of £200,000 to Prince William, but whether this is to be deducted from the international loan is not clear. From the above it will be seen that the task before the new ruler, who, according to a telegram to-day, has issued a proclamation "appealing for the hearty co-operation of the Albanians in promoting the progress of the country," is one of almost appalling magnitude. Quite apart from his initial financial difficulties, the unification of hostile and turbulent elements is essential before any foundation can be laid for a peaceful, to say nothing of a progressive, government. He will have to be absolutely fair from a religious point of view and must resist all inclination to show partiality towards the foreign policy of any special Power or towards the inhabitants of any particular district. If, on the other hand, as a result of the geographical position of his capital or for other reasons, the new king falls under the influence of any alien State or of any Albanian clique or clan, then, we fear, he will have gone a long way towards terminating his reign before it has already yet begun. We have just referred to the geographical position of the Prince's capital as a possible source of future complications. Durazzo, apart from being at present a city in the making, must, for cogent political reasons, be considered less suitable than Scutari which, owing to the international occupation, is more or less neutral territory. Had Scutari been chosen, the Prince would have had the preliminary advantage of governing from a city in which he could be provided with the pomp and state necessary to his unique position, without making himself liable to the charge of favouring any particular section of the Albanian people. But all these issues and side-issues may be regarded as almost trivial in comparison with the political and economic aspects of the Epirus question, which we discussed at some length on Thursday. The Epirotes, from all accounts, appear to be in no mood to listen to reason. If they are abandoned by Greece, as they are bound to be, they must either defy the armed forces of the Powers or lose their homes. Altogether the outlook in Albania is far from cheerful, and the stars in their courses seem to be fighting against the new king and his self-imposed task.

THE LAW AS A RESPECTER OF PERSONS.

Magistrates frequently provide examples of inconsistency, and their rulings are often difficult to follow. The Joint Magistrate of Alipore (Bengal) has just furnished a case in point. Some months ago a quarrel ensued over a disputed right of way across some land in the occupation of the Budge Budge Jute Mills, and it appears that the European engineer of the Mill, a Mr. Sim, instigated a number of his coolies to defy police authority and actually to attack some constables placed on duty. According to the judgment the constables saved themselves from serious maltreatment by running away, as policemen sometimes will run. Sim and his subordinates were sent up for trial and judgment has just been delivered, and from the Magistrate's order we extract the following very remarkable statement.

But for his (Sim's) action there would probably have been no disturbance and it is a serious matter when a European of his position encourages coolies to attack the police. I think, however, he acted suddenly without realizing the gravity of his action and, considering what imprisonment would mean to a man of his position, I think a substantial one will meet the case.

Several facts stand out in this remarkable magisterial order. First, Sim encouraged the coolies to riot and caused a breach of the peace; second, he is a European of position and, presumably knows that obstructing the police while they are in duty is a serious offence in criminal law; third, there would have been no disturbance, but for his incitement of his subordinates; fourth, a fine was considered dequate punishment in his case "considering what imprisonment would mean to a man in Sim's position", while the coolies were sent to jail, and fifth, that "he acted suddenly without realizing the gravity of his action." We presume that this truculent engineer would place his intelligence on a higher level than that of the coolies whom he was able to dominate; that since he, the instigator, acted "suddenly" those whom he encouraged had as little time in which to realize the gravity of their action"; that having been ordered by their master to perform certain act these uneducated coolies had less reason than he to believe that they were breaking the law; in short that Mr. Sim being a person of position and superior intelligence was responsible enough for what happened. This at least is a reasonable interpretation of the Magistrate's own finding.

It is difficult to discuss the sentences, and the disparity between them, and the reasons cited for the disparity in terms of moderation. If the sentences of imprisonment passed on the coolies, who carried out Sim's behest, were justified, there has been a serious miscarriage of justice and Sim, as the master mind, the man who must have known that "it is a serious matter when a European of his position, encourages coolies to attack the police" should have shared their sentences. If the principle enunciated in the Alipore judgment were adopted throughout this country it would be a grave menace against law and order, and it is cause for surprise and regret that the Magistrate did not realize this when he set himself to the task of discovering a reason for sending the coolies to prison, and not the man who made them commit an offence against the law. The least the Bengal Government can do now is at once to release Mr. Sim's victims and to place this precious Magistrate in a more humble sphere where, as a respecter of persons, he will be more in his element than in a court of law.

THE FOUNT OF HONOUR.

Lord Selborne's resolution in the House of Lords that

> "a contribution to Party Funds should not be a consideration to a Minister when he recommends any name for an honour to His Majesty";

and asking that the nation should be assured that Governments will act according to this rule, draws public attention to a subject which has long troubled earnest students of public affairs. The debate on the subject, full reports of which are to hand by this mail, make interesting reading. It is possible that, as Lord Crewe said, the evil has been exaggerated, but everybody knows that honours lists are not restricted to the names of men whose services to the State have placed them there. It would be wrong of course to assume that men who have given handsomely to Party Funds are therefore not worthy of the honours conferred upon them. There are many notable instances to the contrary. But there is a widespread belief that a man who has social ambitions (or, as one of the speakers in the debate said, whose wife has them) and, at the same time is able to put down a few thousand pounds, is able to find a way to secure consideration of claims that would be inadequate or even preposterous without them. Every clubman is familiar with such cases and shrugs his shoulders, and cynical refences to the subject from the music-hall stage never fail to raise a laugh among audiences to whom they have long been familiar. That this should be the case is surely bad from many points of view. The prestige of the Crown itself must suffer, if it should ever be regarded as accessory to practices which must tend to pervert the public judgment, and establish a false standard of values in the moral sphere. If this were a party question at all, it could probably be shown that the *tu quoque* argument could be used with equal effect from both sides of the House. But it is not, and both parties are equally interested in placing themselves above the suspicion indicated in Lord Selborne's motion. Lord Milner suggests that it would help if expenditure at elections could be restricted, and if such expenditure could be thrown on the public funds. In that connection, however, it is not beside the mark to point out that the payment of members is not known to have had any effect such as that aimed at. Lord Milner's other suggestion is useful. It is that the announcement of honours should be accompanied by a brief statement of the reasons which have prompted them. It may be worth mentioning in addition that, both the Labour party and the Nationalists publish an annual balance sheet, and the example might well be followed by the great parties. The present system, as someone has said, "makes rich men peers and poor men slaves." The sooner it is remedied the better.

DAY BY DAY.

Russia's Army.

The huge increase in the Russian Army Estimates, reported by Reuter, combined with M. Sazanoff's explanation that "the Army had been strengthened in order to be able to enforce peace, suggests serious reflections. Fears have for some time been expressed in the German Press of the approaching conflict with the revolutionary elements in Russia, which have, it is said, been gaining ground. M. Goremykin, the new Russian Premier, who is seventy five, is said to be a typical representative of the old bureaucratic school. When Minister of the Interior between 1895 and 1899, he took vigorous measures against the Press, and his hostile speeches at the beginning of the first Duma have not been forgotten. It is said he fears that trouble is brewing for the Triple Alliance through Austria-Hungary.

A New Balkan Alliance.

According to the Vienna correspondent of "The Economist," outlines have certainly been sketched of a new Balkan Alliance in St. Petersburg, Russian support has been promised, and the several States concerned are no doubt busily engaged in working out its details. As matters stand at present, it will not much matter if difficulties arise, for the Czar will decide who must give way. The Balkan Alliance, even if its conclusions were announced tomorrow, adds the correspondent, will create no present alarm, as its obvious scope and pretext is, for the time being, to prevent Turkey from beginning a war with Greece for the possession of the islands. But it is generally assumed that when the war, which many think unavoidable, breaks out, the Balkan Alliance will threaten Austria-Hungary with armies numbering jointly a million and a half, full of pride in the victories gained in recent wars.

"Shall we lose India."

"India" remarks that exciting discoveries regarding India continue to be made in Fleet Street. Mr. Shaw Desmond has been trying to electrify readers of the "London Magazine" with the question, "Shall we lose India?" He informs them in one sentence that "the cord which binds Britain to India may be cut at any moment," and proceeds in the next to soften the blow by adding that "the great brown Continent is becoming so packed with combustible matter that a flare-up is only a question of time." This has immensely impressed the "South Wales Daily Post," which gave up three columns to an Indian "scare" symposium, in which Mr. Desmond figures side by side with Mr. Fielding Hall, Mr. Geoffrey Cookson, and Sir Bampfylde Fuller, "the strong man who believes that only by the firm hand can India be ruled and held."

A Bad Curry.

A milder type of exploration has been undertaken by Mr. Julius M. Price, who has been visiting the "India Club," at 21, Cromwell, Road, for the benefit of the "Evening News." The chief impression left upon his mind was, it would seem, obtained at the luncheon table. "As might be expected, curry is always on the menu," he writes, and he hastened to sample it. The result was disastrous. "My disappointment equalled my surprise when I was served with the weakest attempt at a curry I have ever tasted, even in England." It was explained to him that the institution "cannot afford an Oriental cook," but the shock was evidently great to one who is firmly wedded to the belief that "with Indians well-made curry is indispensable."

The New Cavalry Regiments.

The statement that it is the intention of the Government to add four cavalry regiments to the regular cavalry of the army,—bringing the total number up to thirty-five—has given rise to much speculation as to what class the new regiment would belong. It would be a fine opportunity of reviving the good old British name of "Light Dragoons," a term which was discarded many years ago in favour of the name "Hussars" which is simply an Austrian word for "twenty"—every twentieth conscript having to serve in the cavalry. There have been no additions to the British cavalry since 1861 when the 19th, and 20th Hussars and the 21st Lancers were formed from the disbanded troops of the East India Company. These regiments have taken up the traditions and honours of the regiments which bore similar numbers in the early years of last century and which were disbanded in the years following Waterloo. The new regiments could take up the traditions of the old 22nd Light Dragoons, 23rd Light Dragoons, 24th Light Dragoons and the 25th Light Dragoons,—all regiments of by-gone fame and glory, particularly the 22nd which had a glorious career in India and the 23rd which served in the Peninsular War, including the battle of Talavera, where it was almost wiped out, and at Waterloo. Both the 24th and the 25th served with honour in India. These regiments were disbanded in 1819. The Light Dragoon regiments at one time ran up to the 33rd in number, exclusive of many irregular corps and regiments raised for temporory service.

The New Rifle.

A news-agency has erroneously reported that the War Office has definitely abandoned the new .276 bore magazine rifle some particulars of which were recently given in these notes. The rifle has not been abandoned and further experiments are to be made to remedy several inherent defects. It appears that in addition to the cartridge explosive being defective by being too easily "caked," it is not sufficiently powerful to give the sharp pointed bullet the requisite flatness of trajectory. The breech mechanism of the rifle has been specially designed to meet the shock of a very heavy explosion and it now appears that several firms have been approached with the view towards their perfecting a very high velocity bullet suited to the rifle. Of the tests, "much might be said on both sides."

Severe Tests.

The tests were severe. For example when a soldier began firing the course he was forbidden to clean out the barrel, which had to bear the discharge of hundreds of rounds in every kind of weather to test the steel. This plan of retaining all the fouling had not much effect on the accuracy of the rifle, which grouped its shots well. These tests were intended to discover weaknesses and did so. A flash on discharge was evident, and heat was generated in the chamber by the explosion of the high-power charges. This occasioned some loss of power of penetration. In rapid fire this defect tends to increase, and it points to a serious problem if any automatic rifle is adopted. The defects in the ammunition are being remedied and some slight alterations are being made to the rifle. On the other, the sighting shows improvement and the aperture sight makes for increased rapidity of fire. The trajectory obtained is much less than with the present rifle, and the velocity is 2,750 per second. The bullet is pointed, steel, nickel-coated, with lead core, and of 170 grains. The cartridge is rimless and packs close, 100 rounds going into the bandolier. The rifle is three ounces lighter than the present one, and a little shorter by reason of the front locking, and the bore is .276.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

REVISED FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, March 13.

At to-day's meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council, Sir William Duke presented the revised Financial Statement for Bengal for 1914-15.

The only change that had been made by the Government of India was in the estimates of receipts under excise for 1914-15. The Budget had been raised by three lakhs, or from Rs. 155 lakhs to Rs. 158 lakhs.

In view of the settlement of excise shops now in progress which showed a larger increase than had been expected, the closing balance for 1914-15 would now be Rs. 198,52,000. Assignments of Rs. 1,50,000 for educational and Rs. 26,000 for remission of certain recoveries from local bodies were made in recurring assignments from 1914-15.

The Governor-in-Council of Madras has been pleased to appoint Mr. John Collyer Adam, Barrister-at-Law, to be Crown Prosecutor and Public Prosecutor for the City of Madras, in succession to Mr. John Adam, resigned.

NAVY ESTIMATES.

PROVISION FOR MORE BATTLESHIPS

PERSONNEL TO BE INCREASED.

REDUCTION IN LIABILITIES.

EXPENSES ON AIRCRAFT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 12.

The Navy Estimates amount to £51,550,000. The programme provides for the construction of four battleships and four light cruisers, twelve destroyers, and a number of submarines. The personnel will be increased this year by 5,000. The total cost of the new programme including the construction of armaments, maintenance, etc., is £14,817,000 and the total amount provided for new construction £18,373,000. The outstanding liabilities for construction, etc. are accordingly reduced by £3,556,000. £375,000 is devoted to the construction and repairs of aircraft.

The Naval Estimates for 1913-14 totalled £46,309,300, being an increase of £1,233,900 on the previous year. This year's estimates therefore show an increase of £5,240,700.

The total number of officers, seamen, boys, Coast-guard and Royal Marines in 1913-14 was 146,000. An increase in the personel will thus bring the total to 151,000.

ARMY ESTIMATES.

OPPOSITION AMENDMENT LOST FOR REDUCTOIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 12.

In the House of Commons, the Opposition amendment to reduce the Army Estimates in order to draw attention to the hardships of the wives of soldiers married off the strength, was defeated by 249 votes to 212. The announcement of the figures was received with tremendous Opposition cheering.

LATER.

Colonel Seely said that provision for married men in the Army would be increased. This would involve an additional expenditure of many tens of thousands of pounds, but he embhasised the tragedy of wives and children being left behind when men went abroad.

Sir John Jardine asked whether the increased quarters for married men in India would become a charge on the Indian Government.

Colonel Seely replied that India would be ill-advised to demur to moderate the increase of the married establishment.

The Opposition was dissatisfied with the statement and pressed the amendment and a division.

JAPANESE NAVAL SCANDAL.

COMPANY DIRECTOR ARRESTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

TOKIO, March 13.

Kenzo Iwahara, the managing director of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, has been arrested by order of the Procurator investigating the Navy scandal.

BURNING OF SIX BLOCKS AND TWO STEAMERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PORTLAND, (OREGON), Mar. 13.

Six blocks of water-front and two steamers have been burned. The loss amounts to a million dollars.

ALASKA RAILWAY BILL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Mar. 13.

President Wilson has signed the Alaska Railway Bill, for the Government line to Yukon.

OBITUARY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

NEW YORK, Mar. 13.

The death is announced of Mr. George Westinghouse, inventor of air-brake.

RUSSIAN MENACE.

"DESIRES PEACE BUT READY FOR WAR'"

MAY ASSUME THE OFFENSIVE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 12.

Considerable interest has been aroused by the publication in the Liberal paper, "Bourse Gazette" of an article headed "Russia desires peace but is ready for war." The article dwells on the improvement on the Russian fortifications and the raising in the standard of the officers since the Japanese War, etc. The writer states that in the event of a war, Russia would not assume the defensive, as in the past, but would take up the offensive.

SATISFACTION IN PARIS.

LONDON, March 13.

Articles similar to that which appeared in the "Bourse Gazette" have been published in other Russian newspapers of all shades of opinion and show a striking unanimity.

The "Bourse Gazette's" article has given great satisfaction in Paris as showing that Russia will not remain purely on the defensive.

RUSSO-GERMAN RELATIONS.

NO GROUNDS FOR UNEASINESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BERLIN, Mar. 13.

The Semi-official "Nord-Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" declines to see any ground for uneasiness in the anti-German articles in the Russian press, which, it says, are no more able to disturb the good relations between the two Governments than is the unfounded note of alarm sounded in the German press. These are simply Nationalist attempts to disturb the steadfast official peace policy of the two Governments.

RUSSIAN ARMY ESTIMATES.

AN INCREASE OF 30 PER CENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ST. PETERSBURG, Mar. 12.

The extraordinary Army Estimates for 1914 exceed £12,500,000 an increase of 30 per cent. as compared with the figures for 1913.

RUSSIAN INCREASE TO ENFORCE PEACE.

BUDA-PEST, Mar. 13.

The newspaper "Este" publishes an interview with M. Sazonoff ascribing the increase in Russian Army to the French, German and Austrian increases. M. Sazonoff stated that Russia's intentions were absolutely peaceful. The army had also been strengthened in order to be able to enforce peace.

The newspaper talk of a Russo-German antagonism did not reflect the feelings of the two States.

DUMA ADOPTS CREDIT BILLS OF 1914.

LONDON, March 13.

The Budget Committee of the Russian Duma has adopted the Bills assigning the credits voted for 1914 on account of the construction of warships and the completion of wireless stations, naval, harbours and observation stations.

INQUEST ON LIEUTENANT MARTIN.

IDENTITY OF THE DECEASED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 12.

The lieutenant found shot at Devizes is not Lieutenant Robert Martin but Quarter-Master and Honorary Lieutenant George Martin, of the Wiltshire Regiment. He leaves a widow and four children. An inquest will be held to-night.

LATER.

WORRIED OVER CANTEEN ENQUIRY.

At the inquest, Lieutenant Martin's brother, a Sergeant-Major in the First Wilbshire Regiment, deposed that the deceased believed he had been recalled from Gibralter in connection with the canteen inquiry, but he had never been called as a witness and no charge had been brought against him. He was worried because of the expenses at Gibraltar and wandered in his mind. A letter was found addressed to his wife in which he said: "I cannot stand this any longer." A verdict of suicide while of unsound mind was returned.

SUFFRAGETTE OUTRAGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 12.

The suffragettes have burned a mansion at Stewarton, Argyllshire.

LORD CREWE'S SUDDEN ILLNESS.

COLLAPSES AT END OF AFTER-DINNER SPEECH.

"PRACTICALLY RECOVERED.'

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, March 13.

Lord Crewe was taken ill at a dinner of the Institute of Mining and Metallurgy at Savoy Hotel last night, after he had spoken *inter alia* on the subject of mining enterprise in India. His Lordship was conveyed to Crewe House. It was stated at a late hour last night that he had recovered and was going on satisfactorily.

LATER.

Lord Crewe has practically recovered.

LORD MURRAY AND MARCONI COMMITTEE.

EARLY FORMULATION OF CHARGES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 13.

The House of Lords Marconi Committee met to-day and appointed Lord Halsbury chairman. The latter directed that the charges against Lord Murray should be formulated by Tuesday.

ULSTER REBEL MENACE.

"UNREST MUST CONTINUE."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 12.

Speaking at Birmingham, Mr. Austen Chamberlain said that the unrest in Ulster must continue. They could not expect the Ulsterites to disband their organization and to foresake the method by which alone they had been able to obtain a hearing.

"RESTITUTION" CASE.

AN UNDEFENDED SUIT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar 13.

Among the forthcoming undefended cases in the Divorce Court is a suit for restitution of conjugal rights by Lady Girouard against Sir Percy Girouard.

REGULATING TRAFFIC IN AIR.

GERMAN ADVOCACY OF INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BERLIN, Mar. 13.

The Reichstag has passed the first reading of the Bill regulating the traffic in air. During the debate, the speakers advocated international regulations.

KING EDWARD'S HOSPITAL FUND.

SIR J. WERNHER'S HANDSOME. BEQUEST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, March 13.

The King Edward's Hospital Fund has received £269,644, being the first distribution on account of the twelth share of the late Sir Julius Wernher's residuary estate.

ALEPPO-BAGDAD AERIAL POSTAL SERVICE.

TURKEY ACCEPTS FRENCH PROPOSALS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 13.

Turkey has accepted the French proposals for the establishment of an aerial postal service between Aleppo and Bagdad.

ALBANIAN KING'S PROCLAMATION.

SUMMONS HIS SUBJECTS TO RALLY ROUND HIM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

DURAZZO, Mar. 12.

A proclamation by the Prince of Wied appeals for the hearty co-operation of the Albanians in promoting the progress of the country and summons them to rally round their King.

A Bhopal correspondent writes:—The All-India Ladies' Art Exhibition was formally opened on Saturday here. Her Highness the Begum and the Exhibition Committee request the courtesy of your columns to express their thanks to exhibitors throughout India.

TENTH DEPORTEE.

RELATES HIS EXPERIENCES.

ESCAPED DISGUISED AS CLERGYMAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MELBOURNE, Mar. 13.

The tenth South African deportee Kendall who escaped and proceeded to Sydney in a cargo-steamer has addressed a meeting in the Melbourne Trades-Hall.

He reviewed the recent events in South Africa and said that the whole of Johannesburg participated in the burning of Park Street station and the "Star" office last July.

He escaped disguised as a clergyman and unknowingly joined the same train as the Deportees.

BRITISH EAST AFRICA.

LOAN VOTED IN PARLIAMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, March 13.

The House of Commons has adopted a vote authorizing a loan of £3,000,000 to East Africa.

PANAMA TOLLS AND MONROE DOCTRINE.

DR. PAGE TO EXPLAIN HIS SPEECH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Mar. 12.

The Senate has adopted a resolution introduced by Mr. Chamberlain (Democrat), who is an opponent of free-tolls on the Panama Canal being granted to American shipping, asking Mr. Bryan to obtain an explanation of the speech made last evening by Dr. Page, American Ambassador to Great Britain, at the dinner of the Associated Chambers of Commerce in London.

Mr. Chamberlain specially referred to the passages in the speech defining the Monroe Doctrine as meaning simply "the United States would prefer that no European Power should gain more land in the New World." He added that it was greatly to the pleasure of the people of the United States who were building the canal to know that Britain would profit most by the use of it.

RULE FOR EXPEDITING BILL PASSED.

WASHINGTON, March 13.

The Rules Committee of the House of Representatives has passed a special rule to expedite the passage of the bill, repealing the exemption clause of the Panama Canal Act.

MONROE DOCTRINE—A PART OF AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY.

During the informal conversations at White House with regard to the speech of Dr. Page, the United States Ambassador in London, which was the subject of discussion in the Senate yesterday, President Wilson said that there was no doubt what the Monroe Doctrine meant. It was as much a part of the American foreign policy as ever.

GAMBLING IN "FUTURES."

ENQUIRY BY AMERICAN CONGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, March 13.

The House of Representatives' Rules Committee has appointed a sub-committee with a view to Congressional investigation into trading in cotton and grain futures.

U. S. IMMIGRATION BILL.

LITERARY TEST APPROVED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Mar. 12.

The Senate Immigration Committee has reported favourably on the Burnett Immigration Bill, which includes a literary test for the immigrants.

CALCUTTA MURDER RETRIAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 13.

At the High Court Sessions this morning Mr. Justice Stephen gave notice that he would hear the retrial of Nirmal Kanta Ray, the accused in the Inspector Murder Case, subject to any application made by the parties.

APPLICATION FOR ADJOURNMENT REFUSED.

In the Inspector murder case at the High Court Sessions before the Hon. Mr. Justice Stephen this afternoon, Mr. Norton made an application asking for a fortnight's adjournment. He said that the funds at the disposal of the accused had all been expended, and nothing had been left to engage counsel to defend him. The accused wanted a fortnight's time to enable him to raise funds for his defence.

The Standing Counsel in opposing the application said it was highly desirable that there should be a speedy trial unless his Lordship thought that it was absolutely necessary in the interest of justice to adjourn the case.

The Judge refused the application and fixed Monday next for the hearing of the case.

WARM TRIBUTE TO INDIAN SURGEON.

REMARKABLE FORCED MARCH THROUGH DESERT.

NO FOOD OR WATER FOR FOUR DAYS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 13.

Replying to a question regarding the wounding of Lieutenant Lloyd-Jones, of the King's African Rifles, at Kutol, Lake Rudolf, last September, Mr. Harcourt paid a warm tribute to Parvati, an Indian Sub-Assistant Surgeon at Marsabit, who made a remarkable forced march of one hundred miles through a desert in four days with only one camel and with practically no food or water in order to tend Lieutenant Lloyd-Jones.

THE PUNJAB BUDGET.

EXPENDITURE EXCEEDS REVENUE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Mar. 13.

At to-day's meeting of the Punjab Legislative Council, the Hon. Mr. Mant presented the financial statement of the province. The net result of the Budget is the total expenditure of five crores twenty-nine thousand rupees against a revenue of four crores seventy-three lakhs eighty-seven thousand. The only receipts which can be clearly classed as abnormal are those from arrears of land revenue and sales of Government Estates and waste lands aggregating little over twenty-two lakhs of rupees. On the expenditure side, the Budget includes about twenty-five lakhs for expenditure from non-recurring Imperial grants or from unspent balances of previous recurring grants. If this special revenue and expenditure is excluded, the deficit is reduced to little over thirteen lakhs. This, says Mr. Mant, is a moderate figure compared with the large accumulated balance and bears out the statement made last year that the normal revenue of the province is now sufficient to meet the present standard of expenditure. The balance after deducting the expenses earmarked for special purposes will leave a reserve of one crore nineteen lakhs sixty-nine thousand rupees.

TRANSPORT PLASSY.

The hired Transport Plassy left Bombay on the 12th instant with the following on board:—Forty-seven officers, thirty-six ladies and twenty-two children. 2nd class: Men twenty-six, women eighteen, children twenty-seven, 3rd class in health four hundred and thirty-five men, twenty-one women, eighty-eight children. Invalids:—Fifty-eight men, six women; cot cases forty-six men and five women.

RAILWAY BOARD.

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, March 13.

It may be taken as settled that the temporary vacancy on the Railway Board when Mr. Gillan officiates as Member of the Commerce and Industry Department, will not be filled up and that Sir Henry Burt and Mr. Anderson will carry on the duties of the Board till Mr. Gillan reverts in the autumn.

BURMA BUDGET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Mar. 13.

The budget estimate for the province of Burma for 1914-15 contemplates an income from all sources of Rs. 580.22 lakhs, or Rs. 24.30 lakhs more than total estimate for the current year. Rs. 17.62 lakhs of this increase is due to larger assignments received from the Government of India including a non-recurring assignment of Rs. 15 lakhs in aid of Public Works expenditure and a recurring assignment for education of Rs. 65,000. The budget estimate provides for a total expenditure of Rs. 627.92 or Rs. 78.53 lakhs in excess of the estimate for 1913-14. The increase is mainly due to the expectation that many of the works under construction at the cost of the special grant received from the Government of India will be completed within a year. Thus the statement of grants from the Indian Governments shows that out of the total of Rs. 126 lakhs it is anticipated that Rs. 44,74 lakhs will be spent by the end of the current month; Rs. 61.37 lakhs will be expended in the coming year and at the close of March 1915 there will remain only about twenty lakhs in hand for future expenditure.

Thirty-nine men and women who have concluded their sentences in the Andamans, arrived in Calcutta on Thursday by the s. s. "Maharaja." The women in every instance were transported for murder and the men were either found guilty of murder or decoity. In two instances a murderer married a murderess while on the island and the couple have returned with four children each. One of these women was transported for having poisoned her husband twenty years ago and the other received a life sentence for the murder of her child. The minimum term which has been served by some of the time-expired convicts is fifteen and the maximum twenty years. They will be sent to their respective homes immediately.

LONDON LETTER.

POLITICS OF THE WEEK.

THE ARRIVAL OF THE DEPORTEES.

DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS.

MR. ASQUITH REFUSES TO BE HUSTLED.

MR. BONAR LAW'S FAUX PAS.

Our London correspondent in his weekly political letter discusses the arrival of the Deportees and their statement of their cases; the debates in the Commons and the Ulster outlook.

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Feb. 27.

King George will soon be as familiar a figure among his people as was his father. Within a week he has visited, with the Queen, the great warehouses of the Port of London, and with Princess Mary the Shire Horse Show at Islington; and yesterday he was present at Stamford Bridge to witness the exhibition Base Ball match between the crack teams White Sox of Chicago and the Giants of New York. His Majesty enjoyed himself hugely, to judge from the laughing face with which he followed the game. The 16,000 less important people present were equally interested, but it is more than doubtful, all the same, whether this belated attempt to popularize the American game on this side will succeed better than its predecessors. Base Ball, like the Spanish Pelota and our own cricket and football, must class with the great ball games of the world, and the King was able to see that, as played yesterday, it requires degrees of nerve and skill not less than are demanded by our own national games. But the grotesque masks and pads of the players, the huge "mit," a sort of dropsical boxing-glove, with which the ball is handled, and the wire netting which screens the "bleacher" spectator (anglice) from the errant deadly missile, give it too exotic a flavour for the palate of the average British sportsman. When the last attempt was made to introduce it here, one of the evening papers declared it to be a sort of glorified "rounders." But it is "rounders" in armour-plate and differs as much from the immemorial pastime of the village green as the paddle-boat differs from the ironclad. But the King enjoyed it, and so did everybody else for once.

THE MYSTERY SHIP.

Writing three days after the event, it seems extraordinary that the excitement which marked the arrival of the steamship Umgeni in the Thames on Tuesday morning, with the nine deported Labour leaders from South Africa, should so soon have subsided. The secret of the port of entry had been so well kept that until she passed Dover, at 10-30 on Monday night, neither the newspapers nor the Labour party who were arranging for the reception of the voyagers knew where to await them. The owners declared they knew nothing, and at the weekend there was a veritable exodus from Fleet Street to Dungeness, Dover, and Gravesend; and some of the papers sent men as far afield as Weymouth and Falmouth. The liner was signalled first from the Isle of Wright at midday, and it is safe to say that within ten minutes the fact was known to everyone of the small army of journalists up Channel who grabbed tight their megaphones, and completed their arrangements for the hire of motor-boats and tugs with which to go out to her should the ghost of a chance present itself. All in vain. The Umgeni arrived off Gravesend at 7 on Tuesday morning, but there were no "interviews", and no one was even allowed to go on board. Mr. Arthur Henderson, Chairman of the Labour party, with four of his colleagues harangued the Deportees from a motor-boat, told them of the arrangements for their entertainment, and invited them to come on shore. Then at last it seemed to the disappointed press men, gazing up the tall walls of the liner with eyes tired by their useless vigil, that they were to get a "story" after all. The exiles declared that they would not come ashore. They had been put on board against their will and they would remain aboard until they were taken back to South Africa. The journalists told each other this was "slim," and prepared to do justice to what one of them suggested would prove to be a "floating Fort Chabrol." They reckoned without the diplomatic Mr. Henderson, who by the middle of the afternoon had convinced the visitors that their legal position would not be affected, and prevailed on them to come on shore. Most of them were without luggage, and two of them had packed their belongings together in one large collar-box. Since Tuesday they have been seeing London. Last night they were entertained at dinner by the Labour party in the House of Commons, and to-night they are to be present at the mass meeting at the London Opera

(Continued on page 10.)

LONDON LETTER.

(*Continued from page 9.*)

House held to protest against the action of the South African Government. Till then we shall have to wait for a full statement of their case and their reply to the charges of General Smuts.

WILL THEY BE REPATRIATED.

In the meantime it looks as if the exiles themselves despaired of anything effective being done to restore them to South Africa Mr. Dain, who is obviously the leader of the party, calls upon the Imperial Government to "refuse to recognise the right of the Union to deport British citizens, on the ground of their larger rights as citizens of the Empire." He declares that in eight years 20,000 British subjects have been "practically driven" out of the country, and that the oppressive action of the Botha Government will be followed by the departure of a great many more. If the Indemnity Act is not vetoed no Britisher in future can make a home in South Africa with any degree of security. The Liberal party should support the demands of the deported men that they be repatriated without delay. Dr. Poutsma, however, thinks it doubtful whether he and his companions can ever return, if the Indemnity Bill is allowed to pass on to the Statute Book. He indignantly repudiates the statement that he and his fellows are wild extremists. He himself, he says, is a Socialist but not syndicalist, and the idea of a general strike "is madness." As to the allegation that the Labour men were trying to foment a rising of the natives in South Africa he says it is "an absolute and impertinent lie." In his speeches,—and the same was true of his colleagues,—he had never, counselled any but the most constitutional action, without violence, and if others had gone beyond this, it was due to the personal resentment of individual workers, and to the activity of the agent provocateur. Nothing is known of the intention of the exiles in regard to legal action against the captain or owners of the Umgeni. False imprisonment may be the subject of criminal as well as civil proceedings, but it is not yet known whether any action is to be taken at all. Dr. Poutsma himself does not believe that they can look for redress from the courts, and think sthe only hope lies a a revulsion of feeling in South Africa in favour of the deported men, which may later allow of their return. The hardship of their case is illustrated by the position of Mr. Waterson, whose wife is African born, like her parents, and whose four children were all born in South Africa. If they are forced to follow her husband to England they will be cut off from most of their relatives and friends apparently without hope of seeing them again.

THE STAND-PAT PREMIER.

In Parliament the week has been one of particular interest. In the Lords the subject of the sources and administration of Party Fund, raised by Lord Selborne, resulted in a debate, maintained for the most part on a level which excluded party rancour and should secure for it the earnest attention of the country. In the Commons a further attempt has been made to draw the Prime Minister in regard to his promised proposals for the settlement of the Ulster dispute, and a motion for the appointment of a committee to enquire whether it is "desirable to substitute a voluntary system for the present compulsory insurance law," has demonstrated almost startlingly the character and value of the venomous criticism to which the Act and its author continue to be assailed.

On the subject of Home Rule Mr. Asquith refused to anticipate the full statement which he has promised to make before Easter. He would be neither "brow-beaten nor bustled." The Government were no beleaguered garrison, with failing supplies, exhausted ammunition and shaken nerves, ready to accept terms of capitulation. The recent bye-elections,—and the Prime Minister would have had no need to except Leith Burghs had he been speaking after last nights figures had been announced,—had shown that the average British elector had made up his mind that Home Rule must come, and believed that with a reasonable amount of give and take the difficulties could be removed. With that end in view the Government were prepared to make suggestions and to do so without more delay than was imposed by the regular conduct of business in the House. If one were to judge from the tone of Mr. Bonar Law's reply it would seem impossible to hope any longer for a peaceable settlement. Men behind the scenes however do not by any means despair. The leader of the Opposition still talks of the exclusion of Ulster, while Irish Unionists themselves will have none of it. The "Irish Times" (like the organ of Printing House Square indeed) says it is impossible, and Professor Mahaffy the distinguished historian, himself an ardent Unionist, says the number and influence of Catholics in the Province would make exclusion wholly unworkable. In an earlier letter I expressed a doubt that Sir Horace Plunkett's scheme of inclusion for a term of years, with a plebiscite at the end, would prove acceptable to the Opposition. It does not look more likely now, but it cannot be said on the other hand that Sir Edward Carson himself could unite Irish Unionist opinion in favour of the alternative of exclusion.

A SOLDIER'S GRAVE WARNING.

In the meantime the dangerous and criminal talk of civil war continues The Dublin correspondent of "The Times" learns "on good authority that the volunteer force is possessed of sixty machine guns and that in some counties there are more rifles than volunteers." It is difficult to determine what measure of truth there is in such statements, but they are regarded seriously in quarters which should be well informed is indicated in the remarkable speech of Sir Arthur Paget, Commander-in-Chief in Ireland, at a banquet in Dublin a few nights ago. "There is no intention on the part of the Government," he said, "to make use of troops in this country *except for one purpose a very proper purpose to maintain law and order.*" He went to speak of the reluctance with which he would concentrate his men "against forces that are, I believe, in being in the North of Ireland;" but asked his hearers to remember the soldier's training and discipline. If the order came, it must be obeyed and those who condemned the Army would have to admit that "after all they did their duty." It is impossible not to attach a grave significance to such a warning.

MR. BONAR LAW'S "BETE NOIRE."

It is not wonderful that the Insurance Act should be Mr. Bonar Law's bete noire, for it has brought him several bad falls in the House of Commons. Members of the House have not forgotten the famous "Certainly" with which he replied to Mr. Asquith's question "Is the right hon. gentleman if, and when, he comes into power, going to repeal the Act?" or the haste with which he withdrew from that position a few hours later. That was just two years ago, and the Unionist leader has not blundered so badly since until Wednesday night. It was the "hated Act" again. Mr. Lloyd George replying to Mr. Worthington Evans, had brought him to admit that under the voluntary system as proposed by him there would be many insured persons glad to be released. The Act had added seven or eight millions to the member of insured persons in this country. Suppose only three millions of these came in voluntarily—that would mean that the State would have to find an extra £5,000,000 a year to make good the contributions of the employers relieved. "Who says the employers are to be relieved?" asked the Tories. Such a question could only mean that the "voluntary system" was to be voluntary only for the workman, and that, if the workman chose to be insured, the employer must pay whether he would or no. The employer would naturally consult his own pocket interests therefore by employing only men who had elected not to insure. "Very well then," replied the Chancellor; and went on to quote the sort of notice likely to appear at the gates of factories and workshops: "Members of trade unions, and members of friendly societies, need not apply." Mr Bonar Law was never less happy. "There never was the smallest suggestion in the mind of anybody," he declared, "that the employers as a class would not pay for all their workmen whether insured or not." It is not wonderful that this extraordinary speech was hailed with shouts of laughter. One would like to hear large employers of labour on the Unionist side on the subject.

THE LORDS AND LORD MURRAY.

The Lords Committee of Enquiry into the charges against Lord Murray is not yet in being, and seems to be proving a source of embarrassment to Lord Lansdowne and his friends. Yesterday twenty peers who had been applied to had declined to be nominated. The Law Lords have refused in a body and the "kickers" include Lord Mersey, Lord Parmoor, and Lord Milner. The protest of the influential Unionist "Birmingham Daily Post" to which I referred a week ago, appears to voice the feeling of a good many men on the Unionist side as well as on the Government benches. In circles where the action of Lord Murray has been regarded as deserving of the severest comment, it is now felt that in view of his explaination and apology, he is now receiving less than fair play, and if he refuses to reply to charges which have not been defined, or to give any information on the subject of his investments for the party he will have many sympathisers.

BURMA LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Mar. 13.

A meeting of the Burma Legislative Council was held to-day, under the presidency of Sir Harvey Adamson.

The Hon. W. J. Keith introduced the Burma Outport Harbour Conservancy Dues Bill, 1914, which was to provide a source of additional revenue for the port of Moulmein primarily, and would be as the necessity arises extended to other ports. The Bill was referred to a Select Committee to report by the 25th March.

A Bill to amend the Burma Canals Act of 1905 in respect of village canals and drainage works was also introduced and was referred to a Select Committee to report by March, 25.

The Hon. Mr. Keith then presented the revised Financial Statement for 1914-15.

PASSENGERS BY MAIL.

The following is the list of additional passengers by to-day's English mail:—

Mr A A Nakahoda, Mrs Macmullan, Mr G D Mills, Mr F C B Wills, Mrs Mallannah 2 children and infant, Mr. P. H. Laan, Miss Price, Mr. F. Hollinghurst, Mr. Alfred Dickinson Mr. J. Stewart, Miss Fox, Mr. A. Duller, Lt.-Col. F W Hallowes, Miss Hughes, Mr Woodhouse, Major & Mrs. F E Geogehan, Mr L E Watson, Dr S Mallannah, Mr J C B Statham, Mr H M S Tuckwell, Mr W C Edwards, Mr Benson, Capt & Mrs. F M B Robertson, Mr and Mrs J Dewez, Miss D Fox, and Mr. D Maofadyen.

The Anchor line s. s. Massilia will sail from No. 2 shed, Victoria dock, this morning with the following passengers. The following are the passengers:—

To Suez.

Surgeon Gen. Crofts.

To London.

Capt C G Buchanan, Capt G H Dumpeter, Mr H W Emerson, Mrs Emerson, Child, infant and Ayah, Mr J A Feater, Capt W A T Porris, Mrs Ferris & Infant, Mr W S Fraser, Maj F A Creer, Capt B Hartwell, Mrs Hartwell & Infant, Maj C B Loring, Mrs M M Marks Infant & Ayah, Mrs A Meinertahagan, Lieut. Berin, Miss H H Wightwick, Capt T Mc-Phillip.

To Liverpool.

Mrs E. Bowie child & infant, Rev H E Barell, Miss L Brake, Maj Fisher, Mrs Fisher, Miss G B Howell, Mrs James & Infant, Mr J Knox, Mrs Knox, Mrs Linell, Miss Nusmo, Miss A Page Roberts, Capt. O L. Ruck, Mrs. Ruck & Infant Miss Ruck, Mr C Reynolds, Miss A Vanneck, Mr A Dixon.

To New York.

Miss F W Maskell.

ARRIVALS FROM HOME.

The Anchor Line agents have now received a wireless message from s. s. Olympia advising that the she is due here to-day at about 7 p.m. and the passengers will be landed at Ballard Pier by launch on arrival. She has the following passengers on board:—

Maj A G Bremer, Miss L Haggett, Capt J R Landale, Mrs Landale & Infant, Mr A H A Simcox, Mrs Simcox and child, Miss A M F Simcox, Miss E H Simcox, Maj. C Stack, Mrs Stack, and Mrs R C Stuart.

The engagement is announced of Miss Dorothy Vincent, elder daughter of Sir William Vincent, Secretary to Government of India in the Legislative Department, and Mr. C. G. Arthur, nephew of Sir Allan Arthur of Calcutta.

SLAVERY IN BURMA.

MR. HOUGHTON REITERATES HIS STATEMENT.

To The Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—The remarks of Mr. Spearman on this subject seem to call for some reply from me. In my work on Bureaucratic Government, I called attention to the fact that the Kachin Chiefs possessed slaves. Mr. Spearman calls this an "astounding statement", yet in almost the next sentence he admits that they still possess hereditary slaves. Where then is the inaccuracy? These slaves, Mr. Spearman implies, did not claim their freedom, because they are treated with such loving kindness by their masters. If Mr. Spearman really believes this he must be as credulous as he is ill-informed. The fact is that, unless these slaves can escape to the plains, they remain slaves and are recognised as such by the Burma Government. If however, they can escape to the plains the Chiefs have no further claim. That is the exact position. The absence of any general proclamation abolishing slavery in the Kachin Hills tells its own tale. Doubtless the Burma Government have as stated by Mr. Spearman released slaves taken in war or by rapine. For this they are entitled to the same credit,—and no more,—as for the enforced restitution of other property taken in the same way, which restitution they have always so far as possible. compelled from raiders and others I reiterate my statement that the Kachin Chiefs posses slaves and that the Burma Government has not dared to set them free.

I note with interest the existence of many slaves in the Hukong Valley, which though not administered, is British territory.

Yours, etc.

B. HOUGHTON,

Feb. 26 1914.

LITERATURE FOR SAILORS.

To The Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—We have a constant demand for reading matter from the crews of outward bound ships and I shall be indeed grateful for any gifts of books, illustrated papers and magazines. In the name of our sailors may I appeal to your readers to send what they can spare to the Seaman's Institute, opposite Princess Dock, where they will be most thankfully received.

Yours etc.,

G. MURRAY WILSON,
Harbour Chaplain.

ALLEGED FORGERY.

MR. ENGLEKEN'S COMPLAINT DISMISSED.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Mar. 13.

Mr. W. S. Marshall, Chief Presidency Magistrate, passed orders to-day, dismissing the complaint preferred by Mr. H. T. Engleken, against C. B. O. Fermier, charging him under Section 467 and 471, and the Penal Code with having committed forgery and using as genuine a forged document.

His Worship stated that when the complainant first put in the complaint before His Worship there was being investigated by the police a charge of criminal breach of trust and falsification of accounts which the accused, Fermier, had lodged against the complainant. It was therefore only natural for any one to suspect that the complainant was trying to bring pressure on Fermier and thus secure means of escaping from the consequences of his own misdeeds. His Worship accordingly sent the complaint under Section 202 of the Criminal Procedure Code to the police for investigation and report. The police put off submitting their report in the matter until after the case against the complainant was disposed of by the High Court, and they had now reported that there was no evidence on which Fermier could be charged either for forgery or using a forged document. After discussing further evidence His Worship remarked that as he said Engleken's evidence could not be received without great suspicion, His Worship held the charge brought against Fermier and the denial by Engleken that the signature was his were most probably false. The complaint was therefore dismissed under Section 203 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

BANGALORE STAFF-RIDE ABANDONED.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, Mar. 13.

The Divisional staff-ride arranged to take place in Bangalore district this week, has been abandoned in favour of a hill warfare and staff tour at Ootacamund from the 1st to 4th April under General Phayre.

UPCOUNTRY FIRES.

BIG BLAZE AT NANDER.

(From a Correspondent.)

A serious fire, which has apparently escaped the vigilance of the Press reporters, occurred at Nander on March 2nd in the compound of the N. F. Gomadia Gin and Press Factory. The estimated loss amounts to 4½ lakhs, which is distributed amongst the following offices:—

Commercial Union Rs. 28,000; The Royal Rs. 1,15,000; Liverpool London and Globe Rs. 70,000; Messrs. Volkart Bros'. group Rs. 40,000; Scottish Union and National Rs. 20,000; L'Union of Paris Rs.15,000; Atlas Rs. 5,000; others offices Rs. 14,000. The building and machinery were insured with the Indian Mercantile for Rs. 5,000.

On March 10th another fire broke out in the compound of the Fort Press, also at Nander, when a lot of cotton Kuppas were destroyed. The mechants interested being Messrs. Hirji Khetsee and Co., and Gamsiram Ramfattam.

THE IMPERIAL SHAKESPEARE.

EDITED BY SIR SIDNEY LEE.

The Imperial Shakespeare including all the plays, poems and sonnets edited by Sir Sidney Lee, and Contributed to by the leading authorities with Annotation, Indices, and Glossary of 157 pages, 40 Volumes in 10 books. The Standard Literature Company Limited. London and Calcutta, 1913.

"Any man who thinks that William Shakespeare of Stratford-on-Avon wrote "Hamlet" or "Lear" is a fool!" Thus, in his blunt straightforward manner, wrote John Bright the famous orator. This is a strange utterance from one of the most level-headed and keen-sighted sons of our Empire, and only those who have studied Shakespeare can understand the real significance of his works. In literary history, there are, certainly, a few conspicuous instances of authors whose, private life seems in direct confliction with their public utterances. There is the celebrated story of Seneca, the distinterested usurer of seven millions of pounds, writing the famous essay "On Moderate Desires" on a table of pure gold. There's the famous Pitt, who by scientific management and keen national economies brought England's finances from chaos into stability, but himself died up to the eyes in debt caused by senseless and shameless personal extravagence. We are surprised too to find Brutus carrying on the business of money lender at exorbitant rates in the Isle of Patmos, or to find Sir Thomas Moore the exponent of toleration in his "Utophia"—burning and torturing heretics! There is the story of the great author of the American Emancipation of Slavery bequeathing his own slaves to his wife, and that of Cato, the hero of Roman freedom, amassing a fortune by purchasing half-fed slaves, fattening them up and training them, and selling them at an enhanced price. But these stories—all of them—are merely inconsistent incidents in the lives of the eminent men nowhere does there appear to be such a stern line of demarcation between the man and his message as in the case of Shakespeare. Born of illiterate parents, in a densely ignorant neighbourhood, married to an illiterate woman, and possessing illiterate children, he cleanses a degenerate and obscene stage, by producing plays of extraordinary intellectual virility, simply teeming with the product of wide reading and collossal learning. Yet when he dies he leaves a will in which all his belongings are mentioned, down to his "second-best bed" and his "silver-gilt buttons," but not a single mention is made of a manuscript—he doesn't appear to have a book in his possession. Books were then very valuable assets. The man who cleansed the stage from grossest immoralities, himself, if tradition can be relied, on, lived a life no better then his fellows! "Shakespeare is a Genius!"—This is only another way of saying Shakespeare is incomprehensible. Here is a youth born and bred in an insolated ignorant village where the priests enjoined "cock throwing" on Sundays, or throwing sticks and stones at cocks as a pious exercise and agreeable to God just because the cock crowed when Peter denied his Master, living the life of a country vagabond, in these ignorant surroundings. He was eventually compelled (after having been several times imprisoned and publicly whipped as an incorrigible rogue) to run away from the consequences of a poaching expedition of a more serious nature than usual. Coming to London, so tradition goes, he obtains a precarious livelihood by holding horses outside the Theatre, writing meanwhile the wonderful play of "Venus and Adonis" teeming with wide classical knowledge and culture and matured reflection. Isn't it incomprehensible? Shakespeare certainly is a miracle. In "Antony and Cleopatra," Cleopatra suggests a game of billiards with Charmian. Until a few years ago Shakespearean students regarded this as an anachronism, but further research has discovered that Shakespeare was perfectly correct in his comprehensive knowledge of Greek and Roman life and knew that billiards was the fashionable game right back in Cleopatra's time a fact of which modern scholars were unaware till recently. No one can have read Julius Caesar, Coriolanus, Titus Andrenicus or Antony and Cleopatra, where the lives, the interests, the minds, the souls and the very atmosphere of ancient Rome are re-created with such intense and dramatic power, but must affirm that such bewildering power could only emanate from the mind of a stupendous genius, simply saturated in the famous classic literatures.

THE PROBLEM OF SHAKESPEARE'S MIND.

Sir Sidney Lee, in his masterly introduction to the scholarly Imperial Edition has much to say apropos of the perplexing problem of Shakespeare's wonderful erudition and the comparitive meagre education which, at best, he could have received at Stratford-on-Avon. Sir Sidney Lee is certainly a believer that the old maxim "There is no royal road to learning" applies even to geniuses of Shakespeare's miraculous powers. Sir Sidney Lee says:—

"Critics have sometimes credited Shakespeare with exceptional ignorance, even illiteracy. They have treated his as a natural genius owing nothing to the learning and literature that came before him. This is contradicted by the external fact of his education at the Grammer School of Stratford-on-Avon where the gates of Latin Literature were opened wide for him. It is more plainly confuted by the internal evidence of his work where his frequent debt to other authors for his plots and phraseology lies upon the surface. A more modern type of critic has gone to the opposite extreme and has credited Shakespeare with all learning of an ideal professor of literature. That notion is as illusory as the other. The whole truth lies between these two extreme views. Shakespeare was an eager, a rapid and a wide reader, but he never was a scholar: all that he read passed quickly into his mind, but did not long retain there the precise original form.

To quote again a splendid analogy of Sir Sidney Lee.

Shakespeare's mind seems to have resembled a highly sensitive photographic plate which need only be exposed for the hundrenth part of a second to anything, be it in life or literature in order to receive upon its surface a finished picture, which could be developed and reproduced at will.

Surely nowhere in English Literature has the illusive term "Genius" been more aptly and adequately expressed.

THE IMPERIAL EDITION.

It is almost impossible for us in a short review like this to mention even the most outstanding features of this scholarly Imperial Edition. Every play is prefaced by thought-compelling essays from the greatest Shakespearean students. Here are intensely interesting contributions from Edmund Gosse, Dr. Richard Gernett, Theodore Watts-Dunton, Andrew Lang, Austin Dotson, Maurice Hewlett, A. C. Swinburn, Arthur Symons, Jean Jules Jusserand, Henry James, A. W. Waid, Edward Dowden, Churton Collins, George Santayana, Walter Raleigh, W. E. Helney, William Arthur, Herbert Paul to mention but a few of the world famous names.

No edition anywhere could have a greater wealth of authoritative comment behind it. There is an abundance of annotations and illustrative quotations, an index to the notes on proper names and one to the first lines of the songs, and it also contains a glossary of no fewer than 153 pages, specially compiled by Sir Sidney Lee. Some forty charming colour plates are also included in this edition, and the Standard Literature Company can be congratulated both on the choice of subjects and on the superexcellence of the colour reproduction. Here are delightful reproductions from the works of modern artists such as Hon. John Collier, Arthur Rackham, Frank Dicksee R. A. Solomon J. Solomon R. A., J. Walter West R.W.S. Eleanor Brickdale A.W.W.S., Bernard Partridge and Frank Orangwyn R.R.S.; R.P.E.

The works are bound in 10 volumes in three styles of binding a simple and dignified brown cloth, a rich crimson half Persian leather, and a most beautiful and dignified Edition-de-Luxe in a light, brown full polished Levant leather. It is not too much to say that for artistic dignity of design and perfect craftmanship these bindings cannot be surpassed in India. Just one more extract from Sir Sidney Lee before we close.

THE TRANSCENDENCE OF SHAKESPEARE.

Shakespeare's glory is no creation of mere patriotic or racial sentiment, nor can it be justified as an exclusively English possession. Although an Englishman English Writer of an epoch in English History which leaves very definitely the impress of the national character, Shakespoare's transcendental power has long since overridden the limitations of nationality. Nations which bear no lineal relation to him are as generous in their laudation as those who are born to speak his language. His preeminence is recognised in every quarter of the Globe to which civilised life has penetrated. Difference of national or racial temperament amount for little or nothing in the recognition of Shakespeare. It was the Frenchman Dumas, who gave voice to the eulogy, that is not likely to be surpassed in truth or moment "After God, Shakespeare has created most."

U. P. LEGISLATIVVE COUNCIL.

LIEUT.-GOVERNOR'S GARDEN PARTY.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Mar. 13.

A meeting of the U. P. Legislative Council was held to-day, at the Mayo Hall, Sir James Meston presiding. Over seventy questions were answered, after which the Financial Statement was presented.

Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, asked questions about the recent search in the house of Mr. Chaudhuri to which Mr. Burn, Chief Secretary, replied that the house was searched under the supervision of two police officers, Messrs Newby and Inglis, upon a warrant issued by the District Magistrate of Allahabad. The Lieut.-Governor was not in a position to explain the nature of the proceedings in connection with which the warrant was obtained. He considered that until the investigation was complete it was premature to use such a phrase as "Indignity," and that the Indian public of Allahabad, may feel assured that the search was not undertaken lightly or malevolently or otherwise than for grave and adequate reasons. His Honour hoped to make a further statement when the investigation was complete.

Sayed Reza Ali asked a question about the recent article in the "Pioneer" on the "Kikuyu Conference" and whether the Government proposed to require the "Pioneer" press to deposit as security under the press act or to declare those copies of the "Pioneer" to be forfeited under section 12 of the Press Act.

Mr. Burn replied that the Government's attention had been drawn to the article, and it did not propose either to require the "Pioneer" to furnish security nor to forfeit the copies of the paper containing the article.

The meeting lasted nearly five hours and has been adjourned till to-morrow.

In the afternoon the Lieut.-Governor invited a large number of guests to a garden party in Government House when the opportunity was taken to present Certificates and Sanads to some receipients of titles.

THE SCARCITY IN UPPER INDIA.

MORE MEN EMPLOYED ON RELIEF WORKS.

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, March 13.

Crop telegrams for the week ending 7th March show that the recent rainfall proved beneficial to the standing crop but hail did some damage to the crops in many districts.

In the Punjab the prospects of the Spring crop is fair. There are now 130,000 persons on relief.

The U. P. Government wires that crime has increased in five districts but not markedly. No increase-in-mortality is reported. The medical arrangements are sufficient. The numbers on relief are increasing generally, though the numbers on the works have been checked temporarily owing to harvesting operations and the Holi festival. Cattle is being sold in large numbers. The famine workers include a large proportion of women and children. The public health is generally good except that plague and small-pox are prevailing in several districts and cholera continues in Allahabad. Little wanderings or emaciation is notified. Migration is on a small scale Blankets and clothing are being distributed to indigent persons from charitable relief funds and gratuitous relief is being supplemented from private charity. Fodder and water are scarce. The price basis is from 9½ to 13 seers per rupee.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, March 13.

Mr. H. Scott Smith C.S. is appointed first temporary Additional Judge, Punjab Chief Court, vice Lieut. Cal. G.C. Beadon resigned.

Col. B. G. Seton, I.M.S., Deputy Director General, Indian Medical Services, is granted nine months leave, Lieut. Col. Gould I.M.S. officiates.

Captain Needham, I.M.S., officiates as Assistant Director General, Indian Medical Services.

Lieut. Col. C. Mactaggaht, I. M. S. officiates as Inspector General Civil Hospitals, United Provinces vice Colonel Mainford, granted six months and twenty days leave.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

It is notified that the Vaccination Act of 1880 is applied to the notified area of Delhi.

Owing to the outbreak of epidemic disease at Bhadrachalam in Godavari District, Madras, no tickets will be issued to Singareni collieries on the N. G. S. Railway.

Dr. W. R. Young F.R.S. and Dr. Otto Stranes Ph. D. are appointed as ordinary Fellows of the Calcutta University.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL.

Major Gough is posted as Assistant Resident, Mewar.

Nawab Taleb Medhi Khan, lately British Agent at Kabul reverts to the Punjab.

The following Acts are made applicable to Manipur States:—Indian Extradition Act 1903, Indian Extradition Amendment Act 1913.

The White Phosphorus Matches Act 1913, and the Mussalman Wakf Validating Act, 1913, are made applicable both to Manipur State and the Civil and Military Station Bangalore.

Major Condon I.M.S. is posted as Agency Surgeon Kotah and Jhalawar.

Lieut. Col. F. C. Beville goes to Central India.

Mr. H. V. Cobb is posted as Resident Kashmir.

Mr. S. M. Fraser officiates as Resident Hyderabad, vice Lieut. Col. Pinhey granted seven months and twenty days leave.

Lieut. Cols. Impey and Erskine are confirmed in the second grade of Residents.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Major G. K. Walker is appointed Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Bombay, vice Lieut. Col. Maxwell granted three months and seventeen days leave.

In connection with the establishment of a Meteorological Observatory at Agra for upper air observations, the Government of India have decided that the observatory shall be called the "Aerological Observatory, Agra" and that Mr. J. H. Field, Imperial Meteorologist, while in charge of this work shall be designated "Director, Aerological Observatory, Agra" and Mr. W. A. Harwod "Assistant Director Aerological Observatory Agra."

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. R. Stephens, Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Infantry, to be extra A.-D.-C. to the Viceroy.

Lieut.-Col. T. E. Scott, Indian Army, Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief, is granted temporary rank of Colonel.

Lieut.-Col. T. J. B. Campbell becomes Cantonment Magistrate in the Punjab.

Major A. H. O. Spence, Assistant Secretary, Government of India, has three months' leave.

Majors Blois-Johnson, 22nd Punjabis and Ford, 31st Punjabis are promoted Lieut.-Colonels.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Commander B. H. Jones becomes Port Officer, Chittagong vice Commander Mills. Assistant Engineer Bergner is promoted Engineer.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Major E. B. Peacock officiates as Deputy Financial Adviser, Military Finance Department, vice Mr. Ashmore on leave.

Mr. Bean is posted as Assistant Accountant-General and Examiner of Local Funds Accounts, United Provinces.

Mr. V. C. French is posted as Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

It is notified that the members of the following institutions and associations shall be entitled to be appointed and to act as auditors of companies throughout British India:—(1) The Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales; (2) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors; (3) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh (4) the Institute of Accounts and Actuaries in Glasgow; (5) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen, (6) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

The provisions of the Inland Steam Vessels Act are applied to vessels ordinarily plying in inland waters in the Bengal Presidency propelled by electricity or other mechanical power.

Babu Nilmovi Bose officiates as Assistant Controller of Printing and Stationary, vice Mr. Cooper officiating as Deputy Controller.

Rules made under the Administrator-Generals Act and the Official Trustees Act (Bengal) are published in the current issue of the "Gazette of India."

VOLUNTERING IN INDIA.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S ADVICE TO EUROPEANS.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, Mar. 13.

In inspecting the Electrical Engineering Company of the Karachi Artillery Volunteers, the Inspector-General pointed out the usefulness of this special branch of the Volunteers to Government and the enormous amount of money they saved the Government by coming forward, for if Volunteers could not be got to man the lights a full company of the regular engineers would have to be brought out from Home. He also asked the members to try to persuade their friends who were not already Volunteers to join, as he thought it was the duty of every European in India to become a Volunteer, not only for the sake of patriotism but for the sake of the thousands of European women and children in this country.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

PRESENTATION OF THE BUDGET.

SIR RICHARD LAMB'S STATEMENT.

TRIBUTE TO THE LATE LORD MINTO.

The Bombay Legislative Council commenced their March sittings yesterday, when Sir Richard Lamb presented the annual Financial Statement. His Excellency paid an eloquent tribute to the late Lord Minto.

There was a long agenda for the meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council which commenced at the Secretariat yesterday morning, His Excellency Lord Willingdon presiding. In addition to the presentation of the revised financial statement for the year 1914-15, there were a number of bills, and several amendments thereto, and three resolutions on "matters of general public interest" to be brought before the meeting. With His Excellency on the dais were Sir Richard Lamb, the Hon. Mr. Claude Hill, and the Hon. Mr. Pattani.

Surgeon-General Lyons and Mr. E. G. Turner took their oaths as new additional members.

THE LATE LORD MINTO.

Before the business of the meeting, the President paid an eloquent tribute to the memory of the late Lord Minto.

His Excellency said:—At the opening of this Council meeting I will not detain you more than one or two moments with any preliminary remarks. I think we are all sufficiently aware that there is a good deal of business to be transacted during the next two or three days; none of it, I am glad to say, of a very controversial character. I think, however, that before commencing the ordinary business, members would wish me to say one word, and one word only with regard to what we read in the papers the other day—I mean the lamented death of the late Viceroy Lord Minto. By his admirable and most sympathetic references to that sad event in his own Council, His Excellency the Viceroy has, I think, voiced the feeling of the whole of India, and I need do nothing more than merely echo what he has said. I have felt however, that it would be the wish of this Council, having regard to the fact that the enlarged Councils were established under Lord Minto's viceroyalty, that we should place on record our deep regret at his death and our feeling—I am sure I am expressing the views of every member of this Council when I say this—that by the death of Lord Minto the Empire has lost a straightforward and valuable citizen, and India has lost a sympathetic friend. I feel sure that you would further wish me to put on record our deep sympathy with Lady Minto in her bereavement.

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

SIR R. LAMB'S SPEECH.

Sir Richard Lamb then presented the revised financial statement, and made a long speech in doing so. He said that in accordance with the custom the printed statement has been distributed to hon. members, and also the memo. of alterations in the figures of the revised estimates. They would notice that no change was made in the Budget for the ensuing year, the only alterations made being with reference to the revised statement for the current year. The result of these corrections is to raise the opening balance, and consequently the closing balance for that year also by Rs. 3,45,000. As they were aware the revised financial statement was still not the final budget for the year. It still remained open to further corrections which might be received from the Government of India as a result of the Budget discussion in the Imperial Legislative Council.

This revised financial statement represented the result of deliberations which began in December. In previous years the memorandum, which was really the first edition of the draft financial statement, was prepared and submitted to the Government of India without my previous consultation with this Council. This year an innovation has been introduced, and that memorandum was considered by the Finance Committee of this Council, previous to the submission of the first edition of the draft financial statement to the Government of India. They had, therefore, had the advantage of hearing the views of the members of the Finance Committee, which consisted entirely of non-official members, except himself as Finance member, and the Chief Secretary. The first edition of the statement which they sent embodied the suggestions that had been made by the non-official members of that Council. After the receipt of the Government of India's order on the first edition of the draft financial statement, the Finance Committee again met, and considered the proposals for the second edition of that statement. Those were now being considered by the Government of India, and the result was embodied in the revised financial statement. He thought they would recognise that the change of procedure had been beneficial. He observed, for the first time he thought he was right in saying, since the enlarged Councils came into being, there was no financial resolution on their agenda, and the revised financial statement could, therefore, be taken as so satisfactory that no one member thought it necessary or desirable to move any amendment.

A FAVOURABLE YEAR.

Their financial forecasts were, as usual, very largely affected by the monsoon. The last calendar year was, on the whole, distinctly favourable. It was good in every large portion of the Presidency, fair to good in another large portion, and only in one area could it be considered bad. This was the district of Sholapur with the adjoining portions of Satara. The conditions there had been such that in the old days they would have had to institute famine relief, but not only was there no necessity for that, but also the amount of gratuitous relief was very small. In Sholapur and the adjoining portions of Satara the number of persons receiving relief did not exceed 5,000. It was not anticipated that the numbers would increase to any great extent during the coming summer. For the next year they had anticipated a normal monsoon, neither extremely good nor extremely unfavourable, and they therefore anticipated the collection of the ordinary demand on the year, together with a portion at least, a considerable portion of the suspended revenue of the previous year.

GROWTH OF REVENUE.

As regarded the financial statement as a whole it might be interesting to look at the growth of revenue. It would be seen that the revenue for 1914-15 was estimated at Rs. 7,58,92,000, and it would also be seen that under assignments and adjustments with the Imperial Government was a sum of Rs. 28,54,000. This gave an income of Rs. 7,30,38,000. The figure did not tally with the figure of ordinary provincial revenue Rs. 7,37,92,000, the reason for the differences being that in the latter figure were included the net result of certain adjustments of the Imperial Government, amounting to Rs. 14,69,000, which were permanent and thus became ordinary provincial revenue, while from the amount was excluded Rs. 7,15,000 which though derived from ordinary sources was regarded as special. That was the income which they expected Rs. 7,23,23,400 plus Rs. 7,15,000 extraordinary revenue. The average rate of increase in provincial revenue for five years worked out at Rs. 17,45,000. The average growth was, of course, affected by the decision to abolish the tolls on the roads, which was a feature of the present financial statement to which he desired to invite attention. It would be seen that in order to encourage the transport of goods and relieve cultivators and all who travel by road, they had given up a source of revenue yielding over six lakhs. They considered it was perfectly justifiable when revenues were increasing at the rate he had mentioned that they should reduce or abolish altogether a form of raising revenue which was causing a good deal of trouble to the people.

As regarded the growth of provincial expenditure it was not quite so easy to indicate precisely the growth of expenditure out of the revenue derived from sources allotted to them as distinguished from the expenditure out of the assignment made by the Government of India.

"FINANCES IN SOUND POSITION."

Consequently, the recurring and non-recurring provincial expenditures have been shown to include not only the expenditure from sources assigned to them, but also from the special assignment made by the Government of India. It would be seen that their permanent recurring expenditure did not exceed Rs. 5,75,00,000. "Our finances are," Sir Richard Lamb continued, "in a sound position, as will be seen from paragraph 16 of the statement, we are carrying forward a true provincial balance of Rs. 86,10,000, in addition to a balance of Rs. 28,03,000 on account of sums unexpended from special assignments from Imperial funds. These figures will have to be a little altered in consequence of corrections circulated on the 11th instant, to Rs. 88,65,000 of true provincial balance, and Rs. 28,98,000 on Imperial assignments account."

DECREASE IN IMPERIAL GRANT.

There had been this year a marked decrease in the assignments from the Imperial Government, the speaker went on to say. They had been receiving very large sums of late years from Imperial funds; time was now being given them to develop the schemes for the expenditure of those sums, and very large figures had been put down in this year's Budget for this development. The honourable members would notice that the expenditure under education exceeded one crore—to be exact, Rs. 1,20,76,000. A good deal of that amount came out of the special grant from the Imperial Government. The Government of India had allotted this year an additional lakh of rupees, recurring, for education, and had also given them Rs. 1,07,000 towards paying the loss caused by the reduction and remission of fees.

PROVINCIAL BALANCES.

Their provincial balances as they were called really formed part of the general balances of the Imperial Government, and their expenditure had to some extent to be regulated with regard to these Imperial balances. It was possible that they themselves would not have so large a closing balance of nearly 90 lakhs; generally 60 to 65 lakhs was sufficient, while the minimum prescribed was 20 lakhs, but circumstances were such that they were able to make adequate provision for all the provincial services and for as much, probably more, than they were likely to spend on the additional services.—rendered possible by assignments from Imperial and still carry forward that balance.

REVISION OF ASSESSMENTS.

Proceeding, Sir Richard Lamb said with regard to the revision of assessments he would like to mention that in this Presidency, whatever might be the case in other parts of India—he was having in mind the discussion recently in the Imperial Council—it was provided by law that there should be no enhancement of assessment on account of any improvement made by or at the cost of the landlord. This particular law was made the special subject of examination for assistant inspectors, so that they took all precautions to see that it was observed. Under the heading of land revenue, it was a great satisfaction that they were able to announce the consent of the Secretary of State to their proposals for the improvement of the subordinate Revenue Department. The position of this department had been unsatisfactory for a long time, and they were very glad indeed that the Secretary of State had approved the proposals for improving it.

With regard to the creation of the post of a Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Sir Richard Lamb said an effort was being made to secure a perfectly suitable gentleman to hold this post, and it was a matter of some difficulty, because the Act was new and any one who took it up would have to study the Act and be able to apply it. They wanted an officer with a good deal of tact and discretion, so that he would be neither slack nor rush things. He thought it was a very great advance that this Act should have been passed and that a Registrar should be provisionally appointed to see that the provisions of the Act were carried out. The present Registrar of Joint Stock Companies did not attempt to look after Joint Stock Companies as this new Registrar would be expected to do, and it was hoped that the enforcement of the Act in a true and proper fashion would prevent, or at least help to minimise such misfortunes as had taken place recently in Bombay. The Government of India were contemplating further legislation and the Local Government had not thought it necessary to make any further investigations in the matter, until further action was taken by the Imperial Government.

INCREASE IN EXCISE DUTIES.

Under the head of Excise they had taken their usual course of enhancing the duties on country spirit where it was found necessary or practicable. As a further measure with a view to reducing consumption they had increased the duty on strong liquor and made it much higher than the liquor which was not so strong, so that even if the consumption should increase the amount of alcohol would not be so great as now. He need not repeat now what had been already published in regard to the reduction of the hours in which liquor shops could be kept open, which had also had the effect of reducing consumption.

Continuing Sir Richard Lamb dealt with Forest estimates, which amounted to Rs. 18,82,000. The larger receipts were due to the varying of the prices of timber. The estimates for the current year included certain sums for the recovery of the payments made as grants, which would be absent next year. The proposition of expenditure in the budget next year was 56 per cent on the receipts. In 1904-05 it was 74 per cent. in 1911-12, 61.5 and in 1912-13 54. The estimates for next year would probably work out to the same figure as for the current year.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

MR. PATTANI'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Pattani dealing with Law and Justice and Courts of Law, said that the budget under this head contained no important innovation, and the increases simply reflected the constant growth which is taking place in the volume of business in the law-courts. The only item which formed an exception to this was the increase in the provision for "salaries of Assistant and Joint Judges", Rs. 21,000. This increase was merely the result of the normal fluctuations which took place under this item, according as more senior or more junior Assistant Collectors were serving as Joint and Assistant Judges. In the year under consideration it was estimated that, on the whole more senior officers would be serving in these posts than in the year now terminating, and hence an increased provision was made.

Among the other items, the increases in the provisions for (1) "temporary appointments of Subordinate Judges and their establishments" and (2) "fees" (i.e. pleaders' fees) "in civil and criminal cases" respectively, might seem at first sight to be somewhat large and sudden increases; but the fact was, that the steady growth of the needs of Law and Justice under these heads was not fully reflected in the provisions made in last year's budget, which had to be largely supplemented by reappropriation during the current year. Hence considerably larger provisions had to be made this year.

The total increased expenditure under the head "Courts of Law" was more than counterbalanced by *decreases* under various heads. Among the latter the Council would notice a decrease from 35,000 to 4,000 under "Conciliators' establishments." He explained that the provision of Rs. 4,000 which remained under that head was in reality not for Conciliators', but for village Munsiffs' establishments, which had hitherto been placed under the head of Conciliators' establishments for account purposes. The appointments of Conciliators had all been cancelled. The remaining items of decrease, he thought called for no comment.

JAILS.

MR. CLAUDE HILL.

Mr. Claude Hill dealt with the items under jails. He said that although there was no item of increased expenditure, a good deal had been provided. Rs. 20,000 had been allocated to the work of the Salvation Army for the reclamation of prisoners in the way they had done in Madras, Ceylon and the Punjam by formulating schemes of settlement for the reception and putting to work of prisoners, and the present proposal was to have such settlements one in Ahmedabad and the other not far fram Thana. These were at present under consideration, but he hoped the plans would mature during the ensuing year. Rs. 6,920 was provided towards the increase of salaries for deputy jailors and jailors, in order to bring the rate up to the level of salary in other departments and in consideration of the unpopular nature of the work. Rs. 6,708 was provided for the reformation of juveniles under the Borstal system at Dharwar. Besides Government had endeavoured to improve the general conditions. In some quarters recently it was said that the jail department had not received adequate attention of late and that the system needed investigation and improvement. Investigation they would always welcome, as far as they were concerned, and they had tried to bring it up to modern standard. It was also under contemplation to assist prison-aid societies for the care of prisoners and to provide the means of finding employment for them after their release.

POLICE.

Under this head Mr. Claude Hill said that they had at last received sanction from the Secretary of State to the completion of the re-organisation of the Bombay District Police, and three lakhs of rupees had been provided to carry out this measure this year. They could not be accused of being in a hurry to reorganise the police. Ten years ago the Police Commission had made their recommendations, and they had received careful and meticulous consideration ever since, and only during the past year had they succeeded in getting the measure as a complete scheme sanctioned by the Secretary of State. It was expected the whole scheme would cost eight and a half lakhs, but during the ensuing year three lakhs had been provided for. Another item, which also concerned Sind, was the provision of police lines, and in its absence of hutting allowances. Recruitment had suffered owing to the want of police quarters, and the difficulting of renting quarters at all. This item would ultimately reach a very considerable figure, but this year a beginning was being made

PORTS.

Mr. Claude Hill dealing with items under this head said that it would be in the recollection of the Council that they had decided to provide a light house on Cape Monze, and a light-vessel off the Khai mouth of the Indus. Rs. 2,15,108. had expended for the construction of the former, and the work had been proceeding with considerable expediency and entire satisfaction, and Rs. 30,000 or Rs. 40,000 would have been spent on the construction of the light ship. With regard to the levy of light duty a bill to legalise its levy had been drawn up and Rs. 2,13,000 estimated would cover the cost of the light-house and light ship.

EDUCATION.

Under this head, the Hon. Mr. Hill expressed his personal acknowledgments to Sir Richard Lamb for the readiness with which every single item connected with education in the past year had been made whenever possible. The first item of increased expenditure was the provision for the post of Deputy Director of Public Instruction. That post had already been created with the sanction of the Government of India for a period of two years, at the end of which period they would have to decide whether it should be continued, and he did not think the creation of the post would hardly receive any criticism when it was remembered that there were 1940 primary schools alone in the Presidency.

Coming to the arts colleges, he said that during the ensuing year the costs would be increased by Rs. 26,898, which would be ultimately raised to Rs. 43,758.

COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.

Another interesting item was the inclusion of Rs. 37,000 for the College of Commerce, which was established in October last, and he would like to express the obligations of Government to Mr. Iyer, who gratuitously undertook the post of Principal pending the arrival of the new Principal, who was appointed by the Secretary of State. It was due to Mr. Iyer that the school was able to start one and a half years before it would have been otherwise possible. The new Principal had arrived in Bombay and taken up his duties as Principal. Continuing he said that it was clear that the Royal Institute of Science would take three or four years before its completion, but in the meantime it was considered advisable on the recommendation of Sir Alfred Hopkinson that one or two of the professors ultimately to be brought out or appointed in India should be brought out before the building was completed.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

Regarding Secondary Education, he said that the Girgoan High School was to be opened in a short time. The building had been largely assisted by local beneficence, and represented one of the steps in the policy of Government to have one Government High School in every district. Another item was the English-teaching schools and the aided Anglo-Vernacular schools. Owing to the grants having fallen somelines below one-third limit, it was new considered desirable to raise these grants in order to provide for the staff teaching in these schools and the amount to be provided came to Rs. 75,000 for this purpose alone. When in 1911 it was decided to raise the fee rates in Government Secondary schools, the undertaking was given that the amounts received in consequence of the raising of these fees should be devoted to the improvement of education in these fields. A provision of Rs. 64,000 had been made for the ensuming year, which will be spent on the teaching of science.

Under Primary schools he said that judging by the comments in the vernacular press commenting on the Director of Public Instruction's report, some fear was expressed that there would be some slackening in this direction. 1914 new Primary schools had been opened during the past four years and it may therefore be gratifying that a lakh of rupees had been provided for 500 more Primary schools during the ensuing year.

VICTORIA TECHNICAL COLLEGE.

The largest item was removal of the Victoria Technical Institute to its new site. At first it was anticipated that the Technical College would be able to realise ten lakhs for the present site, and the remaining 2½ lakhs from the 12½ lakhs the new Institute would cost would be paid from the Government of India grant of two lakhs and the one lakh from the Provincial grant. The sale of the building, however, only realised 7½ lakhs. To meet the difficulty Government had decided to pay the whole of the deficit, including the Government of India's two lakhs and the total government contribution amounted to five lakhs of rupees or two-fifths of the cost.

A small item which might interest the Council, he said, was that which provided 1,200 as personal allowances to Persian and Sanskrit teachers of the old type, who might be regarded as qualified, and adopting Mr. Godbole's suggestion, Government had decideed to provide a similar allowance for pandits and moulvis, who were not in the employment of Government.

MEDICAL.

Mr. Claude Hill, continuing, said that the first item was a proposal to being compounders already in Government service into a scheme of graded srvice for the whole of the presidency. Rs. 37,000 was for hospital building for Mahableswar. One lakh of rupees was for the Bombay Municipality for an Infectious Diseases Hospital for Europeans and Anglo-Indians in Bombay.

The Chemical Analyser and the Port Health Officer's posts were held by one man. The arrangement was unsuitable, and provision of Rs. 10,000 was provided for the appointment of a chemical analyser.

The application of the Lepers Act to various districts in this Presidency necessitated a grant in aid to the leper asylums amounting to Rs. 8,000.

The rivision of the organisation of the Grant Medical College with a view to bringing its organsation more up to date, necessitated the abolition of the Principal and the substitution of a Dean which entailed an expenditure of Re. 11,290. The last item was for Rs. 10,000 as a grant in aid for the newly constituted College of Physicians of Surgeons in Bombay.

SANITATION.

MR. PATTANI.

The Hon. Mr. Pattani said:—As regards Sanitation, Government have been steadily pursuing the policy of making liberal grants to local bodies for the execution of urgent and important sanitary projects. A provision of Rs. 21½ lakhs has been made in the current year's budget on this account. This provision is made up of (i) the imperial recurring assignments amounting to Rs. 10 lakhs for the improvement of sanitation in large towns; (ii) an allotment of Rs. 9 lakhs representing one-third of the special imperial grant of Rs. 27 lakhs for non-recurring expenditure on urban sanitary works; and (iii) a provincial grant of Rs. 2 lakhs. Out of this provision of Rs. 21 lakhs grants aggregating Rs. 19,24,000 have already been sanctioned, and proposals for the utilization of the balance are under consideration. The special allottment was expended chiefly on schemes for town improvement, for surface drainage in uroan areas and for the filling in of insanitary tanks, the most important grants being Rs. 4 lakhs to the Bombay Improvement Trust for experimental measures in connection with slum improvement, Rs. 50,000 to the Broach Municipality for the Boharwad improvement scheme, Rs. 40,000 for expenditure on original works in connection with the development of Salsette as a residential area, and Rs. 35,000 to each of the Municipalities of Belgaum and Hubli for the opening out of congested areas. On the other hand, the imperial recurring assignment and the provincial grant were devoted principally to the promotion of large schemes of water-supply and drainage. In the current year we allotted Rs. 3,20,000 for the Ahmednagar water-supply scheme, Rs. 1,75,000 for the Poona drainage and water-supply scheme, Rs. 1,50,000 for the Barsi water-supply scheme and Rs. 90,000 for the improvement of the water-supply at Sholapur. The Sanitary Board have been authorized to sanction projects costing up to Rs. 20,000 and to make grants not exceeding half the cost, up to a limit of Rs. 10,000, for any one work, and it has been decided that for the latter purpose such amount not exceeding Rs. 2 lakhs, as the state of provincial finances will permit, should be placed at the disposal of the Board every year. A lakh of rupees was accordingly allotted to the Sanitary Board this year, out of which a sum of Rs. 89,500 has already been distributed by them and proposals for the utilization of the balance have been called for.

HEAVY DEMANDS FOR SANITARY PROJECTS.

For next year the demands on our resources are expected to be very heavy. Grants-in-aid amounting to Rs. 12 lakhs approximately are likely to be required in the ensuing year in connection with water-supply schemes for Godhra, Kalyan, Nasik, Igatpuri, Nandurbar, Karad, Alandi, Bijapur, Matheran, Haliyal, Hyderabad, Sukkur and Aden, and drainage schemes for Dhulia, Bijapur and Sehwan. It is estimated that Rs. 3½ lakhs approximately will be required for schemes of town improvement, surface drainage etc. Government have recently declared that adequate schemes for the improvement of milk-supply can legitimately be regarded as schemes connected with the improvement of the sanitary condition of towns, that as such they are entitled, *pari passu* with other sanitary projects, to Government support from the provision made in budget estimates for grants-in-aid to local bodies for this purpose, that for the present no limit will be imposed on the proportion of the cost which will be borne by Government and that such proportion will be determined in each case on a consideration of the merits of the scheme and of the extent of the ability of the Municipality concerned to finance it from its own resources. It is not possible at present to forecast what amount will be required next year for such schemes. We have provided Rs. 50,000 in the ensuing year's estimates on this account. It is intended to allot next year a lakh of rupees to the Sanitary Board to enable them to make grants for sanitary projects, and Rs. 80,000 to the Poona City Municipality as a grant-in-aid of the proposed construction of a bridge on the Mutha river. To meet all these requirements as well as any unforeseen demands a total provision of Rs. 21 lakhs has been entered in the budget for 1914-15, of which Rs. 20 lakhs will be met from the imperial assignments for sanitation and Rs. 1 lakh from provincial revenues.

SHARE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

The Government of India have offered, subject to certain conditions, to bear half

(*Continued on Page 12.*)

A REMEDY WHICH REALLY GROWS HAIR.

We have received from one of our readers the following formula which he considers being of great value. Our correspondent says: "This mixture is a tonic for the hair which, if applied morning and evening with the tips of the fingers, so as to make it penetrate well into the scalp, will certainly make the hair grow, will cure baldness, will restore to grey hair its natural colour, and will destroy dandruff. Mix ½ dram menthol crystals dissolved in a teaspoonful of alcohol with 3 oz. bay rum, and then add 1 oz. Lavona de Composee. If desired, half a teaspoonful of French Fon Fleur Perfume, which imparts a very pleasant scent, may be added. Shake well, then let it stand for half an hour, after which the lotion will be ready for use." Some readers without doubt will be desirous of trying this remedy which can be prepared by any chemist. Our obliging reader finishes his communication with the following advice, which shows the faith he has in this remedy: "As this lotion really *produces a growth of hair it should not be applied where hair is not desired.*"

The above-mentioned ingredients may be obtained from any chemist or direct from Kemp & Co., Ltd., of Bombay.

HENNESSY'S

"One Star"
"Two Star"
"Three tar"
"XO" Liqueur.

BRANDIES.

Sold by all Dealers.

FREE LIFE READING TO ALL WHO WRITE AT ONCE.

The well-known London Astrologer, Prof. Roxroy, has once more decided to favour the people of this country with Free Test Readings of their lives from his new address in The Hague, Holland.

Prof. Roxroy's fame is so well-known in this country that he hardly needs in introduction from us. His power to read the lives of people, no matter at what distance they may be, is described as simply marvellous. Even Astrologers of lesser reputation all over the world acknowledge him to be their master, and follow in his footsteps. He tells you what you are capable of, and how you can be successful. He mentions your friends and enemies, and describes the good and bad periods in your life.

His description as to past, present and future events will astonish and help you. All he wants is your name (written by yourself), your birth date, and sex to guide him in his work. Money not necessary. Mention the name of this paper and get a Trial Reading free.

Herr Paul Stahmann, an experienced Astrologer, of Ober Niewsadern, Germany, says:

"The Horoscope which Professor Roxroy worked out for me is quite according to the truth. It is a very clever and conscientious piece of work. As an Astrologer myself, I carefully examined his Planetary calculations and indications, and proved that his work in every detail is perfect, and that he is up to date in his science."

Baroness Blanquet, one of the most talented ladies of Paris, says:

"I thank you for my Complete Life Reading, which is really of extraordinary accuracy. I had already consulted several Astrologers, but never before have I been answered with so much truth, or received such complete satisfaction. With sincere pleasure I will recommend you and make your marvellous science known to my friends and acquaintances."

If you want to take advantage of this special offer and obtain a review of your life, simply send your full name and address, the date, month, year, and place of your birth (all clearly written), state whether Mr., Mrs., or Miss, and also copy the following verse in your own handwriting:

"Your advice is useful,
So thousands say,
I wish success and happiness;
Will you show me the way?"

If you wish you may enclose 6 annas (stamps of your own country), to pay postage and clerical work. Do not register your letter. Send your letter to ROXROY, Dept. 1,001, No. 24, Groote Market, The Hague, Holland, Postage to Holland 2½ annas.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(Continued from Page 11.)

The cost of the entertainment of the health officers appointed under their scheme for improving the sanitary services, while this Government has agreed to bear one-third of the remaining cost in the case of health officers and the same proportion in the case of sanitary inspectors. The share of the cost devolving on the municipalities which accept the scheme will thus be one-third as regards health officers and two-thirds in the case of sanitary inspectors. The Government of India have sanctioned a recurring assignment of Rs. 20,000 from Imperial revenue to assist local bodies in introducing the scheme for the entertainment of health officers. A sum of Rs. 10,000 has been provided in the budget for 1913-14, as the provincial share of the cost of the whole scheme. The municipalities in the Presidency were informed of the terms of which Government would be prepared to contribute towards the entertainment of sanitary officers and were invited to submit proposals accordingly, proposals have been received from various Municipalities and are under the consideration of Government. For next year a sum of Rs. 10,000 has been provided for provincial revenues on this account.

MINOR DEPARTMENTS.

SIR CHARLES LAMB.

Sir Charles Lamb then addressd the Council on Scientific and Minor Departments. He said that he regarded the Agricultural and Co-operative Societies as major departments, but they continued to appear as minor departments. Under the head of Agriculture he found that in 1909-10, was Rs. 7,14,000, and in the budget for the ensuing year, the estimate was Rs. 13,11,000, which showed that the increase of expenditure in this department progressed at a considerable rate. There was one item, that of the Civil Dairy at Kirkee. He hoped to be able to publish a description of the action taken there. They were extending the department, and test what could be done by the Tata tests what could be done by the Tata Hydro-Electric works. There was certainly a large opening there, but it would not be wise to go into any serious undertaking without previous tests.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S SPEECH.

SATISFACTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

His Excellency the Governor said:—I need say very few words indeed on the very satisfactory statements we have just heard. I think it must be the opinion of every hon. member here that the statement we have just heard is one which must give us all great satisfaction, and we must all be pleased that our revenues are in such a condition that we are able to expend a satisfactory amount of money on the various departments, and still look forward to having a balance of 86 lakhs.

THE EXCISE POLICY.

I wish to draw attention to only one or two items which have struck me during the time my hon. colleagues have been making their very lucid statements regarding the various departments under their charge. The first thing is the matter of excise. Hon. members were aware that at times the Government come in for a certain amount of criticism from very earnest people with regard to their policy in regard to matters of excise. I think it can fairly be said that as my hon. colleague has told you our policy with regard to this matter is carried on on fair and reasonable lines. The policy at the present time as you know is the charging of an increased amount of duty on country spirit, and the reduction of hours of opening and closing in order to reduce excessive drinking. The result of that has been a decrease in general consumption, which is satisfactory, and yet, like a wizard my hon. colleague is able to show that there has been an increase in the receipts of the department. I think it is fair to say from the point of view of the Government that our policy is not to give greater opportunities, but fewer opportunities.

PROVINCIAL TOLLS.

Another matter you will be pleased with, I am sure is that we have been able to do away with provincial tolls. The tolls system is one which we know causes a great deal of worry and trouble, and to be able to do away with tolls on provincial roads will be a great satisfaction to the public. Again, I think it will be a satisfaction to all of us that after a large number of years we have succeeded in getting an increase of pay for our subordinate staff in the revenue department, and an increase of pay, and I hope, greater efficiency in the future, in our police not only in Bombay, Presidency proper, but also in Sind.

You will be pleased to have heard of the increased expenditure we hope to make on education, sanitation and medical matters. That is all I need say with regard to this, and to express my keen satisfaction that no resolutions have been put down for discussion on any particular point. That proves to my mind that hon. members feel as I do, the very satisfactory condition of our finances. It is our sincere hope that we may be given a good season next year, and that my colleagues will be able to give us as satisfactory or an even more satisfactory statement next year.

The Council then adjourned for lunch.

KARACHI PORT TRUST BILL PASSED.

LIVELY DEBATE ON ELECTION PRINCIPLE.

On the Council re-assembling after lunch, the Hon. Mr. Claude Hill rose to the second reading of the Bill to further amend the Karachi Port Trust Act, 1886. In doing so he said that at the first reading he intimated he did not propose to refer the Bill to a select committee. His visit to Karachi revealed an opinion in entire unanimity in favour of the Bill, and there was only one clause which seemed likely to give rise to any discussion whatever. There were two amendments, one moved by himself, and the other with regard to the clause he had referred to. He moved the second reading of the Bill.

MR. G. M. BHURGRI.

The Hon. Mr. Bhurgri moved that the Bill be referred to a select committee.

MR. HARICHANDR

The Hon. Mr. Harichandrai supported in doing so he said that since the last session he had fully ascertained that the public of Sind, including the Karachi, Municipality, were against the legislation. This was due in the first place to the substitution of nomination for election. It was believed that if the Indian Merchants' Association and the Indian Chamber combined, the privilege of electing two members on the Port Trust would be granted to them. These bodies at their meetings had resolved to combine with each other. The select committee was the only one that could consider this matter from all its points of view and then bring the matter before the Council.

MR. GRAHAM.

Mr. Graham opposed the motion as it seemed to him a great mistake to refer it to a select committee. He felt it was very much better that the members on the Port Trust should be nominated by Government, because the amalgamation of the two association had only recently taken place, and until that body was established it would be better for Government to nominate the members. Three members of the Indian mercantile community were nominated by Government in Bombay, on the Port Trust, and only recently was the election of two members granted. He felt that the Karachi Chamber should not be given the privilege of electing until they were thoroughly on their legs. Reference to the select committee would mean further delay.

SIR P. M MEHTA PLEADS FOR SELECT COMMITTEE.

Sir Pherozeshah Mehta in supporting the lowed the ordinary course of being referred to a select committee there would be no greater delay than there would be now. Unless it was specially urgent, there was wisdom in following the ordinary course, as would be seen from the fact that the Bill was not put through at the last sitting. A memorial and telegram had been received from the Karachi Municipality only yesterday and it would not receive careful consideration unless put in the hands of the select committee. If it was referred to a select committee, the Bill need not be unnecessary delayed, at they could make their report without delay. The reference to the select committee could be waived, if His Excellency would allow an amendment to be moved without the usual seven days' notice.

OTHER SPEAKERS.

The Hon. Mr. Barrow in opposing the amendment, favoured the introduction of an amendment to the clause objected to There was a great deal of anxiety as to the Bill as the Port Trust desired to know where it was.

The Hon. Mr. Sprott opposed the Bill on the ground that there were Indian interests which were not represented by the Indian Merchants' Association and the Indian Chamber. It seemed to him at the present time that the nomination of a member by Government to the Port Trust would be much more satisfactory.

The Hon. Mr. C. H. Setalved supported the Bill as he was of opinion that the select committee would better thresh it out, and it would be better than if His Excellency allowed the moving of an amendment. Messrs. Upasani, Patel, Pital and Mr. Mohandas Ramji supported.

The Hon. Mr. Claude Hill said that he made a definite offer if any member desired it to refer the Bill to a select committee on the last occasion. The Karachi Municipality had offered no opposition to it at the beginning and it had taken them three months to deal with it. It was not for him to remark on the great change which had taken place.

The Hon. Mr. Bhurgri in reply said that although the amendment of the Karachi Municipality was submitted late, the Government would loss nothing but considering the matter.

On His Excellency signifying his willingness to let an amendment be moved without previous notice, the Hon. Mr. Bhurgri withdrew his amendment and permission to proceed with the second reading was granted.

MR. BHURGRI'S AMENDMENT.

Mr. G. M. Bhurguri moved an amendment to section 3 or the Bill, which permitted one of the members on the Port Trust elected by the Karachi Indian Association, by adding "and one shall be elected for the time being by the Karachi Indian Association" to the clause.

Mr. Gullem Hussein suppported. He said that the amendment provides only the conversion of a nominated seat into an elected one. Memers nominated by Government were looked upon as nominees of Government and commanded little confidence.

The Hon. Mr. Hill said that this Bill did not touch the matter on which the city of Karachi was said to feel strongly, the disenfranchisement of the Karachi Municipality. The Karachi Indion Association and the Indian Chamber were at loggerheads a little over three weeks ago. It was pleasing to see reconciliations. It was not a retrogressive step and he would give an assurance that directly there was a representative body Government would consider the question of election. Three months ago the Association was not fit to elect a representative, now election was asked for. No one but the representative of the Sind zamindars had some forward to move the amendment. He appealed to the common sense of the members of the Council.

Mr. Bhurguri in reply said that it was not a technical matter in which he had moved an amendment—it was a matter of an elected and a nominated seat.

His Excellency said that when the two Chambers became one body, then Government would consider the elective principle in regard to that body. He did not think that Government could support the amendment.

The amendment was then put to the vote and was defeated by 34 to 11.

TWO PROTESTS.

SIR PHEROZESHAH MEHTA.

The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta then moved a further amendment to clause 3 to include the words "of whom one at least shall be an Indian merchant." He said that in moving this amendment he wished most respectfully and deferentially to make two protests. First, he did not think it was necessary to do, as the hon. member in charge of the Bill had done, to call upon any member of that Council to exercise his common sense in dealing with any question that came before them. He hoped that any member might be trusted to try to exercise his common-sense in dealing with any matter before that Council. The second protest he wished to make respectfully and deferentially, but none the less firmly and emphatically. He objected to the doctrine Mr. Hill had laid down with regard to the way in which members of that Council tried to perform their duty. He emphatically protested against Mr. Hill's doctrine. Once a member had been elected he not only represented the interests of the people who had elected him, but he was bound in duty to do all in his power to protect the interests of every community in any matter that might come before the Council. That was the way in which he (Sir Pherozeshah) had tried to discharge the functions which had fallen to him as a member of that Council, and he believed His Excellency would agree that that was the right doctrine to pursue in regard to the discharge of those duties.

Proceeding, Sir Pherozeshah said, there should be two representatives on the Trust of the Karachi Municipality. There was nothing that showed that in times gone by the Karachi Municipality had not returned able members of the Karachi Port Trust. It seemed to him that the burden of showing there was justification for what his friend said was a retrograde step, lay upon the member in charge of the Bill. He submitted emphatically that nothing had been placed before the Council to show that the Karachi Municipality deserved to be disfranchised of one of the two seats which were given to them when the Bill was passed. He admired the hon. Member in charge of the Bill for the way in which he tries to apprehend every aspect of the question, and for the way he tries to ascertain the views of the people and to see if he could deal with them liberally and generously, and he asked him whether he could not amend the position he had taken up. He appealed to His Excellency and to the member in charge of this Bill not to go back. As Lord Clive said on one occasion. "It is absolutely impossible to recede from this step once you have taken it." Once they had taken this right of election from a body of this character, they could not recede, and he appealed to His Excellency, the member in charge and the Council not to do so.

The Hon. Sheik Ghulam Hussein Hidayattah supported the amendment.

The Hon. Mr. Graham, in opposing the amendment, said when the Indian Merchants' Chamber was constituted it would have the power of electing one member and would thus remedy a grievance under which Karachi had laboured for many years.

The Hon. Mr. Shridher Balkrishna Upasani supported, and said it was too late now for them to adopt a retrograde course and take away one of these two seats from the Municipality.

The Hon. Moulvie Rafiuddin opposed the amendment on the ground that it was no compromise at all. If they wanted two seats for the Municipality let them say so; if they wanted a merchant on the Port Trust then let a representative body of merchants elect him.

The Hon. Mr. Setalvad supported the amendment, and said they should let these two seats remain elective seats.

The Hon. Mr. Barrow opposed, and said Sir Pherozeshah had spoken of the mover's failure to obtain in Karachi a correct and accurate estimate of public opinion on this point. Sind must have altered very considerably since he was last in it if such a thing as public opinion in regard to this particular point existed ten miles out of Karachi.

Mr. Manmohandas Ramji opposed, and Mr. B. S. Kamat supported the amendment.

MR. HILL'S REPLY.

Mr. Claude Hill said it was with regret that he had to say he could not accept this amendment, because he felt that this might be regarded as a correct alteration to be made, were it not that the mover proposed to do rather more than give one more seat to the Karachi Municipality. The outstanding feature of this Bill was not to what had been described as disfranchise the Karachi Municipality. It was an enactment dealing with the Karachi Port Trust and he suggested that the first thing to be considered was whether this Bill would affect the purpose of making that Port Trust an effective body. He should like to express regret if anything he said in his previous remarks on the subject of common-sense had hurt anybody's feelings, but he thought it was a common experience that whenever sentiment entered upon a question in India—as it had undoubtedly entered into this question—and in England also, he might add, it was apt to divert attention from the true and main issues under discussion, and cause personal feeling to modify the view which under ordinary circumstances would have been taken. He should also like to disclaim having laid down any doctrine as to the procedure of members of this Council. He only commented on the personnel of this opposition as curious, and he maintained that it was curious.

Proceeding, the hon. member said he did hope to see the Indian commercial community organise itself in such a way as to supply an effective representative of Indian commerce to the Karachi Port Trust, but he did not think they could wait for that event. He was wrong when he said that the Karachi Municipality was the only Municipality in India which elected a member of the Port Trust. The Calcutta Corporation elected one member to the Port Trust there, but Bombay elected none. As soon as the Karachi Merchants' Chamber was in existence steps would be taken to transfer this seat to it and to make the seat an elective one instead of nominative.

Sir Pherozeshah Mehta replied to the debate.

His Excellency said Sir Pherozeshah had, with his usual skill and power of language made his case as strong as he possibly could, and he was sure they appreciated, from the Government point of view, the arguments he had put before them. He quite appreciated his friend's point of view, but thought he had been discussing with great force and power, a rather small question. He himself was in favour, wherever possible of the elective principle, but he was inclined to think the position the Government had taken up was the better and the sounder one—to leave the matter for the present in the hands of the Commissioner with this assurance, which he personally gave, that when these Indian Merchant's Associations get together and form one comprehensive body then the Government would favourably consider the matter of their having an elective member to represent them on the Port Trust.

The amendment was put and defeated by 28 votes to 18.

The remaining clauses were then passed one by one, and Mr. Hill moved formal amendment with regard to the deposit of the moneys of the Trust, which was adopted.

The hon. member then moved that the Bill be read a third time and passed into law. The debate they had had, which had centred entirely round clause 3, had been an interesting one, and Mr. Bhurgri and Sir Pherozeshah had succeeded in getting from a hypothetically reluctant Government the admission that, if they were pursuing a different road they were at all events aiming at the same goal. Although the discussion raised by Sir Pherozeshah Mehta might not lead to further representation for the Karachi Municipality on the Port Trust it would certainly, they hoped, lead ultimately to a wider application of the elective system.

The Bill was then passed, and the Council adjourned to 11-30 this morning.

H. E. LADY WILLINGDON.

VISIT TO DR. MASSINA'S HOSPITAL.

H. E. Lady Willingdon, accompanied by Capt. Vaughan, A.D.C., paid a visit yesterday to Dr. H. M. Massina's Hospital at Byculla, Bombay. Her Excellency was on arrival received by Dr. Massina and other trustees of the Hospital and shown round the place. Her Excellency before leaving expressed herself well pleased with the Hospital arrangements.

LORD PENTLAND'S ILLNESS.

DEVELOPS INTO PNEUMONIA.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Mar. 13.

The fever from which His Excellency the Governor Lord Pentland was suffering, has developed into pneumonia.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

HEALTH OFFICER GRANTED LEAVE

A meeting of the Municipal Standing Committee was held on Friday afternoon in the Municipal Council Hall, the Chairman Mr. F. M. Chinoy presiding.

Consideration of a letter from the Commissioner recommending action under the Municipal Act for levelling, metalling, draining and lighting Dady Suntoke lane and Sorabji Suntoke lane at Dhobi Talao, about the insanitary condition of which various complaints had been received, was postponed.

It was then resolved to record and forward to the Corporation for information the comparative statements prepared by the Commissioner showing the original and revised estimates for works comprised in the Tansa Duplication project. The statement has already been published.

The Committee then considered the tenders for the printing work of division No. 1 of Municipal printing and sanctioned a contract being entered into with the "Sanj Vartaman." They referred the matter of non-forfeiture of the deposit of the Industrial Press recommended in the Commissioner's letter to the Municipal Solicitors for opinion as they were doubtful about the powers of the Commissioner in not forfeiting the deposits.

Consideration was then given to a letter from Dr. Turner applying for privilege leave due to him combined with four months' furlough.

The Committee resolved to grant him privilege leave and to inform Dr. Turner that they would be glad to consider his application for furlough when the special furlough rules are framed by the standing Committee and confirmed by the Corporation.

The Cochin State Village Panchayat Regulation, having received His Highness's assent, will come into force from next month. A Village Panchayat will be composed of five members, one of whom being the President. The Dewan has been empowered to appoint, suspend or remove the President and the other members. For the purpose of exercising original civil jurisdiction, the members will form themselves into a Panchayat Court, which will consist of five Judges. In the disposal of every suit, the Bench must have at least three Judges.

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	Per Bottle Rs.	a.
DESERT AND MEDICAL WINES.		
Mavrodaphne, Manufacturers' Speciality, very old	2	8
„ Empress Sweet, Fintage 1884	5	4
Saravalle, Red Wine, very old, similar to Port Wine but far better quality	2	6
Malvasia, White	2	10
Malvasia Gutland Red, Sweet Wines very very old	3	0
„ White do. do.	3	
Port Wine, White old dry	1	12
Port Wine, Red	1	12
Mascato, very old, light flavoured	2	8
TABLE WINES.		
Morea, Vin de table, Red	1	6
Demestica, Vin de table, Red	1	10
Kalavryta, Vin de table, Red	1	12
Acheos, Vin de table, White. (very	2	8
Morea, Vin de table White	1	8
Demestica, Vin de table, White	1	12
SPECIAL [illegible] WINES.		
Acheos, Imperial dry, vintage 1884	5	4
Marsala de l'Achaia	1	10
Malaga de l'Achaia	1	10
Vermouth de l'Achaia	1	12
SUPERIOR BRANDIES.		
Vintage of 1900 (one crown)	3	
„ 1895 (two crown)	4	0
„ 1890 (Princess)	5	0
„ 1887 (Royal)	6	0

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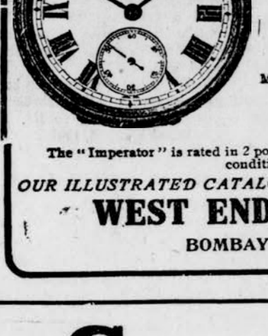

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18ct. Gold	„	140

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No. 10 FORBES STREET.

BOMBAY BUDGET.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

ACCOUNTS OF 1912-13.

N.B.—The figures throughout represent thousands of rupees except where the context shows otherwise.

The following are details of the financial statement presented to the Council by Sir Richard Lamb:—

The accounts of the year 1912-13 opened with a balance of 1,08,92. The closing balance was estimated in the revised at 1,68,05 and in the accounts rose to 1,79,75. The total Provincial revenue amounted to 7,95,81; compared with the budget, the actuals were better by 96,15 against 83,97 calculated in the revised, showing an improvement of 12,18. The increase over the revised occurred chiefly under *Land Revenue, Excise, Assessed Taxes, Forest, Law and Justice—Jails,* and *Miscellaneous* and was partially counterbalanced by decreases under *Interest* and *Irrigation—Portion of land revenue due to irrigation.* The total Provincial expenditure amounted to 7,24,98, showing a net increase of 48 as compared with the figure (7,24,50) estimated in the revised. Increases occurred chiefly under the heads *Refunds and Drawbacks, Law and Jus ice—Jails, Education, Stationery and Printing, Miscellaneous,* and *Irrigation—Major Works—Working Expenses,* and were partially counterbalanced by decreases chiefly under the heads *Assignments and Compensations, Land Revenue, Forest, General Administration,* and *Civil Works—Civil Department.*

REVISED ESTIMATES FOR 1913-14.

The opening balance of the year 1913-14 estimated in the budget at 1,68,05 was changed to 1,79,75 on the closing of the accounts of 1912-13.

The total Provincial revenue for the current year is now estimated at 7,68,73 against 7,35,59 entered in the budget. The increase of 33,14 is accounted for mainly by larger receipts—

(*a*) under *Land Revenue—Provincial share*, due to the season proving more favourabe than was anticipated when the budget was framed,

(*b*) under *Stamps*, due mainly to larger sales of court-fee stamps,

(*c*) under *Excise*, chiefly under "Gain on sale proceeds of excise opium and other drugs," still-head duty, toddy revenue, and "Duty on ganja," partly counterbalanced by decrease in fees for retail licenses of country spirits,

(*d*) under *Assessed Taxes*, due mainly to favourable trade conditions,

(*e*) under *Forest*, due to larger receipts from timber and firewood coupes, partly counterbalanced by a decline in the receipts from famine grass operations,

(*f*) under *Interest*, due mainly to larger recoveries of interest from local bodies, and Talukdars in Gujarat, and on the endowment funds of the Gujarat College and Madhavlal Ranchhodlal Science Institute,

(*g*) under *Law and Justice—Courts of Law*, chiefly under magisterial fines,

(*h*) under *Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts*, due mainly to extended cultivation on the Godavari (Right Bank) and Pravara Canals, recovery of arrears on the Jamrao Canal, and increased supply of water on the Desert Canal, and

(*i*) under *Civil Works—Public Works Department* chiefly on account of the sale of old material, produce and tools and plant, and higher bids for toll-bars.

TOTAL PROVINCIAL EXPENDITURE.

The total Provincial expenditure is estimated at 7,69,92, or a decrease of 17,22 in the provision of 7,87,14 entered in the budget. The savings are expected chiefly—

(*a*) under *Forest*, due mainly to smaller expenditure on timber operations, stores, buildings, and demarcation and improvement of forests,

(*b*) under *Law and Justice—Courts of Law*, due mainly to the transfer of a smaller debit from 3, *Land Revenue* on account of establishments graded with Collectors' district establishments, non-utilization of the provision for an additional High Court Judge and his establishment, and savings in the provision for conciliators' establishments, partially counterbalanced by larger expenditure on account of fees in criminal cases and entertainment of temporary Sub-Judges and their estabishments,

(*c*) under *Police*, due mainly to savings under "Presidency Police" and in the provision for district police re-organization.

(*d*) under *Education*, due mainly to the transfer to other heads of portions of the provisions made for recurring and non-recurring expenditure out of the Imperial assignments for promotion of education, to anticipated savings in those provisions, and to the non-utilization of the provision for building grants in aid of primary schools in Bombay City,

(*e*) under *Medical*, due mainly to the transfer to other major heads of portions of the provisions for expenditure on sanitary projects and medical relief, non-utilization of the provisions for grants to the Bombay Municipality for anti-malarial measures and to the Bombay Medical Council, and savings in the provisions for salaries, direct plague charges and the physiological laboratories at the Grant Medical College. The decrease is partly counterbalanced by grants for an endowment fund and current expenses of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Bombay,

(*f*) under *Political*, due mainly to recoveries of arrears of foreign service contributions, and savings in the provisions for salaries of officers, and

(*g*) under *Scientific and other Minor Departments*, due mainly to the transfer to the Forest and Public Works Departments of a portion of the provision from the Imperial grant for non-recurring expenditure on agriculture and allied objects, and to savings in that provision and in the provision for charges of the Agricultural Department.

INCREASES.

The savings mentioned above are partially counterbalanced by increases mainly—

(*a*) under *Refunds* of excise, forest and land revenue,

(*b*) under *Assignments and Compensations*, due mainly to the payment to the Miraj (Senior) State of compensation on account of previous years' arrears of revenue from country liquor and toddy, and compensation to villagers in the Mahi Kantha Agency for damage done to their land by the Luni river,

(*c*) under *General Administration*, due mainly to additional expenditure in connection with the equipment of the Government Houses at Bombay, Poona and Mahableshwar, and touring charges and contract allowance of His Excellency the Governor,

(*d*) under *Jails*, chiefly under dietary and hospital charges, purchase of raw materials for jail manufactures, and charges for moving prisoners,

(*e*) under *Superannuation Allowances and Pensions*, due to an increase in the number of new pensions sanctioned over lapses and to the commutation of pensions,

(*f*) under *Stationery and Printing*, due mainly to large issues of paper and other articles of stationery from the Central Stores,

(*g*) under *Irrigation—Major Works——Working Expenses*, due to additional grants for urgent works in Sind,

(*h*) under *Civil Works—Civil Department*, due to grants-in-aid to certain local bodies from the provision for special sanitation schemes under 24, *Medical*, and

(*i*) under *Civil Works—Public Works Department*, due to funds transferred from other heads, chiefly for educational, medical and sanitary works, and to additional grants for police and archæological works.

The closing balance of the year is estimated at 1,78,56, or an increase of 62,06 as compared with the budget. Important variations between the budget and revised estimates are explained in Section II of Part II.

The disbursements of takavi and other loans in the Provincial Advance and Loan Account are estimated at 32,75 compared with 38,00 entered in the budget, the decrease being due to smaller provisions made for loans to local bodies, cultivators and Gujarat talukdars. The recoveries are now estimated at 57,70, against 49,57 entered in the budget, the increase being due mainly to larger repayments expected from cultivators, Native States and Gujarat talukdars.

BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR 1914-15.

The budget for 1914-15 opens with a balance of 1,78,56, which, it is anticipated, will be reduced to 1,14,18 by the close of the year, the total revenue being estimated at 7,58,92 and the total expenditure at 8,23,30. The estimates thus involve an expenditure of 64,38 from the Provincial balance. The total revenue shows an advance of 23,33 over the current year's budget and a falling off of 9,81 from the revised. The total expenditure shows an increase of 36,16 over the current year's budget and of 53,38 over the revised.

REVENUE ESTIMATES.

The revenue estimates for 1914-15 allow for expected increases, chiefly—

(*a*) under *Land Revenue—Alienations*, due to extended cultivation in Sind,

(*b*) under *Land Revenue—Fixed allotment and adjustments*, due mainly to recurring Imperial assignments for (i) the remission of contributions by local bodies towards certain establishment charges and (ii) education, partly counterbalanced by the absence of the non-recurring Imperial assignments for medical relief and for agricultural and allied objects,

(*c*) under *Stamps, Excise, Assessed Taxes,* and *Law and Justice—Courts of Law*, in view of the progress indicated by the current year's revised estimates,

(*d*) under *Forest*, due chiefly to larger receipts from timber and firewood, partially counterbalanced by the absence of the current year's provision for famine grass receipts,

(*e*) under *Interest*, due chiefly to interest on loans to local bodies and Talukdars in Gujarat and on certain endowment funds,

(*f*) under *Law and Jstice—Jails*, chiefly under earnings of convict gangs and sale proceeds of jail-made goods, and,

(*g*) *Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts* due chiefly to improvements to distributaries on the Godavari Canal, and extended cultivation on the Pravara Right Bank Canal.

The increases are partially counterbalanced by decreases mainly under *Civil Works—Public Works Department* owing to the contemplated abolition of all toll-bars on Provincial roads.

LAND REVENUE.

The estimate of land revenue (including the portion due to irrigation) is taken at 4,45,00 (Provincial share equal 2,22,50). Exclusive of miscellaneous revenue (1,85 in the revised estimate for 1913-14 and 1,75 in the budget for 1914-15), the figures of the estimated demand, collections, remissions and suspensions for the years 1913-14 and 1914-15 are given below:—

	1913-14, Revised.		1914-15, Budget.	
Outstanding balance	... 96,01		53,31	
Demand	... 4,29,79		4,35,96	
		5,25,80		4,89,27
Collections	... 4,48,15		4,43,25	
Remissions	... 14,34		9,72	
		4,72,49		4,52,97
Balance Suspensions.	28,05		14,09	
Balance Arrears	... 25,26		22,21	
		-53,31		86,30

In view of the satisfactory state of Provincial balances in 1908-09, Government resolved to abolish the tolls levied at certain toll-bars the receipts from which amounted to 50. In paragraph 14 of the Financial Statement for that year it was announced that Government would be glad to extend this policy, but whether they would be able to do so depended entirely on the future financial position and mush depend almost entirely on the character of the seasons. In pursuance of this policy toll-bars yielding a net revenue of 2,27 have already been abolished. Next year it is proposed to abolish all the remaining toll-bars on Provincial roads yielding a revenue of 3,83.

In order to check the tendency to overestimate expenditure due chiefly to the anxiety of disbursing officers not to outrun the particular grants with the expenditure of which they are entrusted, and with a view to securing a greater accuracy of estimates, lump deductions for "Probable savings" have been made to the amount of 6,00 under six major heads of account in the budget for 1914-15 compared with 6-20 under seven major head in the budget for 1913-14. These deductions, however, do not necessitate corresponding reductions in detailed grants entered in the budget. Out of unexpended balances of the Imperial grants given since the year 1911-12 a total sum of 46,22 is provided in the budget for 1914-15 for (*a*) non-recurring outlay on education (27,25), sanitation (9,50), Parel Laboratory (69), medical relief (40), and agricultural and allied objects (38), and (*b*) discretionary expenditure (8,00).

EXPENDITURE.

NEW PROPOSALS.

The proposals for the revision of the grades of pay of employees in the subordinate revenue service mentioned in paragraph 13 (*a*) of the Revised Financial Statement for 1913-14 have been sanctioned by theSecretary of State. For the Presidency proper the re-organization comprises—

(1) the abolition of the present lowest grade of Mahalkaris on Rs. 80 per mensem, the retention of the grade of Rs. 100 and the creation of a new grade of Rs. 125 per mensem

(2) the abolition of the present lowest grade of aval karkuns on Rs. 50 per mensem, the retention of the grades of Rs. 60, 70, and 80, and the creation of a new grade of Rs. 90 per mensem;

(3) the classification of sheristedars of subdivisional officers and deputy chitnises of Collectors with the lowest grade of aval karkuns on Rs. 60 per mensem, without making reduction in the case of any post of deputy chitnis of which the present salary is above Rs. 60 per mensem;

(4) the regrading of appointments on Rs. 50 per mensem and above, except those specified in (1) to (3) above, so as to give an increase of 10 per cent. in expenditure over each Division; and,

(5) re-arranging the number of appointments in the lower branch (between Rs. 15 and Rs. 45 per mensem) in the proportion given below:—

Pay per mensem. Rs.	Percentage of appointments.
15 ...	... 40
20 ...	... 40
25 ...	... 16
30 ...	... 14
35 ...	... 12
40 ...	... 10
45 ...	... 8

The total extra expenditure of these measures comes to Rs. 1,89,504 a year. The revenue establishments in Sind revised in 1906 at an additional expenditure of Rs. 81,228 per annum. This revision was based on the needs of individual offices and has not produced an equitable flow of promotion. The present revision accordingly extends only to appointments on Rs. 45 per mensem and below, with the exception of appointments of head munshis, which it is proposed to re-arrange owing to the creation of a new grade of Rs. 80 per mensem. The total extra cost of the revision comes to Rs. 11,580 a year. A provision of 2,00 is made in the budget for 1914-15 to meet the cost of item (i).

CADASTRAL SURVEY OF BOMBAY.

(b). The question of the cost of the cadastral survey of the Town and Island of Bombay was considered by a Special Committee, who came to the conclusion that without actual experiment it would not be possible to frame an estimate which could safely be used as a basis for drawing up plans for the financing of the survey, especially as it was proposed to defray the cost to some extent by means of contributions levied on the public and on local bodies. A section of the city comprising about 200 acres was accordingly selected for the experimental operations and the work of taking the fundamental and minor traverses of this area is being carried out by an officer of the Survey of India Department. It has been directed that the operations should be continued on the assumption that the cadastral survey of the city will be proceeded with to completion after the experimental area has been surveyed. A provision of 1,85 is made for item (ii) in the budget for 1914-15, 1,58 for the cost of survey operations and 27 for the cost of preparing a register of possessions. No provision is made for recoveries from local bodies until the result of the experimental operation is known and the total cost of the scheme is estimated with some degree of accuracy.

IMPROVEMENT OF CONDITIONS OF I. C. S.

(c). With a view to placing the cadre of the Indian Civil Service on a correct basis and safeguarding the prospects of the junior members of that service proposals for the increase by five of the number of appointments of Assistant Collectors of the second and third grades and for the transfer to the list of superior appointments of the three posts mentioned below have been submitted to the Government of India. Owing to the unsatisfactory condition of promotion in this Presidency, the salaries actually drawn by several junior members of the Indian Civil Service fall considerably short of what is regarded as the standard of salary which officers of that Service may ordinarily expect to draw. With a view to removing this hardship proposals for the grant of a minimum time-scale of pay to these officers have been submitted to the Government of India, similar concession having been already granted in the Central Provinces, the Punjab and the United Provinces. It is intended that in every case where the actual salary to which an officer is entitled by his substantive position in the gradation list or by the ordinary rules relating to officiating allowances falls short of a certain minimum which is to be guaranteed to him, the officer will be granted a personal allowance equivalent to the difference between his actual salary and the minimum guaranteed scale. These proposals involve an extra expenditure of 64 per annum. A provision of 50 is made in the budget for 1914-15 to meet the cost of item (iii) for about nine months of the year.

1. Manager, Sind Incumbered Estates,
2. Registrar of Co-operative Societies, and.
3. One post of Superintendent of Land Records and Registration.

(d). A scheme for the special legal training of the officers who elect for, or are allotted to, the judicial branch of the Indian Civil Service has been submitted to the Government of India. A provision of 40 is made for item (iv) in next year's budget to meet the cost of the scheme for about eight months.

(e). Under the Indian Companies Act, 1913, which is to come into force on 1st

(*Continued on page* 14.)

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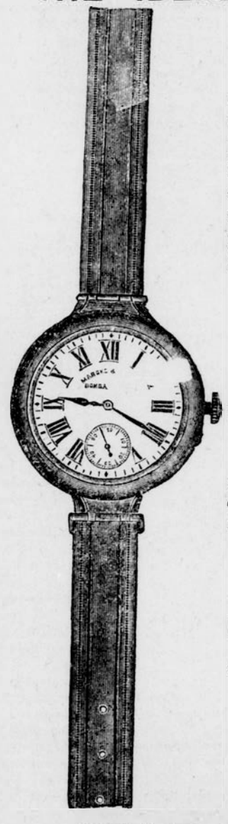

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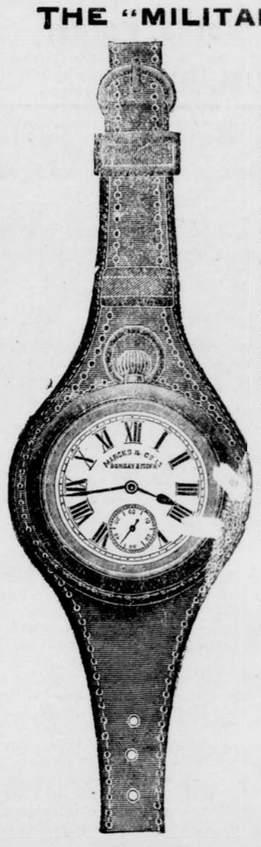

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BOMBAY BUDGET.

(*Continued from page 13.*)

April 1914, the information which companies are required to file with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies at all periods of their existence has been largely increased. The Registrar's duties will no longer be limited to receiving papers deposited with him and assessing the fees payable thereon, but it will be necessary that he should possess qualifications enabling him to analyse and understand the purport of the numerous documents which companies are required by the new Act to file with him. For the proper performance of the additional duties imposed on the Registrar by the new Act, sanction of the Secretary of State for India has been obtained to the appointment of a full-time Registrar of Joint Stock Companies for this Presidency (including Sind) on a salary of Rs. 800 rising to Rs. 1,200 per mensem by annual increments of Rs. 50. A provision of 13 is made in the budget for 1914-15 for the pay, establishment and contingent charges of the Registrar mentioned in item (v).

SALVATION ARMY AND CRIMINAL TRIBES.

(*i*). The Salvation Army have approached Government with certain proposals regarding the reclamation of prisoners and criminal tribes. The scheme relate to the establishment of—

(*a*) an Industrial Home for juvenile adults from the Dharwar Borstal Prison and other prisons;

(*b*) a settlement for security prisoners;

(*c*) a settlement for criminal tribes; and

(*d*) a settlement for released prisoners not belonging to any of the classes mentioned above.

Item (vi) relates to these proposals, which are under the consideration of Government and for which a lump sum of 20 is provided in the new budget.

THE JAIL SERVICE.

(g). The question regarding the improvement of the tone of the jail service has been engaging the attention of Government for some time and with that object a revision of the emoluments of the clerical and warder establishments has been recently sanctioned. Jailors hold a most responsible position and it is anything but easy to get men who possess all the multifarious qualities which go to make a really good jailor. In order to secure good and trustworthy officers it is proposed to raise the pay of the first from Rs. 200—10—250 to Rs. 250—10—300 per mensem with suitable increments in lower grades. The existing pay of the Superintendent of the Karachi and Thana Prisons is inadequate, having regard to the work and responsibility of these officers, and the disparity will be accentuated by the contemplated improvement in the pay of jailors. To remove this anomaly, it is considered desirable to increase the pay of the former from Rs. 200—10—250 to Rs. 300 and that of the latter from Rs. 350—20—450 to Rs. 450—10—500. Item (vii) relates to a provision of 7 in next year's budget for this object and for an increase in the pay of the European warders at the House of Correction, Bombay, and the Central Prison, Yeravda

POLICE REORGANISATION.

The proposals for the reorganization of the rank and file of the District Police in the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), involving and additional expenditure of 8,28 per annum as shown below, have received the sanction of the Secretary of State:—

Old Scale:—

Scale now sanctioned.

New Scale.—Number: 21,604; Monthly cost: Rs. 3,67,195.

Scale now sanctioned.—Number: 26,081; Monthly cost: Rs. 4,36,174.

Extra cost Rs. 68,979 per mensem, or Rs. 8,27,748 per annum.

The reforms are being introduced gradually, and it is hoped to give full effect to the reorganization schemes before the close of the year 1916-17. Accordingly a provision of 3,000 is made for item (viii) in the budget for 1914-15.

PRIMARY EDUCATION.

In connection with the policy of Government to extend and improve primary education 2,00 were provided in the current year's budget, out of which 1,00 have been assigned for opening new schools, 50 for giving promotion to trained teachers in accordance with the scale laid down in the Vernacular Masters' Code, and 50 for providing extra assistants in undermanned schools. The grant of 1,00 will enable 497 new primary schools (447 in the Presidency proper and 50 in Sind) to be opened during the current year. The allotment of 50 for giving code pay to primary teachers has been supplemented by 1,00 provided from the amount of 2,76 allotted by the Government of India for primary education out of the Imperial recurring assignment of 5,93 for educational expenditure and thus 1,50 in all have been made available in the current year for that purpose. The deficiency still remaining in the matter of code pay is over a lakh and a half. The budget for next year provides 2,00 for the continuance of the policy referred to above. Of this amount 1,00 are earmarked for opening new schools and 1,00 for giving code pay to primary teachers and for additional assistants in undermanned schools.

It is gratifying to note that the Government of India have made a further recurring assignment of 1,00 for education. The allocation of this grant to the necessary objects will be considered in due course.

When the rates of fees in Government high schools were raised in 1911, the public were assured that the Governor in Council had no intention of appropriating the extra income from fees for general purposes, but had decided to devote it to the further improvement of these schools; and it was announced that in accordance with this decision, Government would set aside for expenditure on the schools, over and above the normal average expenditure then being incurred on their maintenance, a sum as nearly as possible equivalent to the increased receipts from fees. The additional fee receipts for the years 1911-12 and 1912-13 amounted to 15 and 49, respectively, or a total of 64 for the two years. It is proposed to spend this amount on the provision of additional accommodation and equipment for the teaching of science in secondary schools. Government have also decided that certain suitable items of recurring expenditure in connection with the improvement of the schools should be permanently debited to the *annual* excess, which, for this purpose, is taken as half a lakh. For the present it is intended to spend about a moiety of this amount on the improvement of the pay of assistant masters in Government secondary schools refers to the provisions of 64 and 36 made for the two objects in the budget.

Although aided English-teaching schools are, under the Grant-in-aid Code, entitled to a one-third grant, many of them have for years been receiving not more than from one-fifth to one-ninth of their expenditure. The total direct expenditure of the schools amounted in 1912-13 to 3,18, but the total Provincial grant paid to them is only 65, or about 40 less than one-third. In the case of anglo-vernacular schools also the total expenditure for 1912-13 amounted to 9,91, while the total grant paid to these schools comes to 2,66, or about 65 less than one-third. In both cases reduced grants are paid partly owing to want of funds and partly because of defects in the schools, the greatest of which is inefficiency of staff. The additional amount required to raise the total grant to the authorised level is about 1,05, but as the maximum grants cannot be paid to several of the schools owing to their defects, a provision of 75 is made in the budget to cover his requirement.

VICTORIA TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

Government have undertaken to finance the scheme of removal of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, to a new site at Matunga. The cost of the new site purchased from the Bombay City Improvement Trust amounts to 3,73, and the whole of this amount has been provided by Government by way of a subvention, 2,00 being met from the grant sanctioned by the Government of India for the Institute in 1912-13, 1,50 from the Imperial assignments for educational expenditure including technical education, and 23 from Provincial revenues. The cost of the construction of the new buildings, which is roughly estimated at about 7½ lakhs, will be met in the first instance from advances to be made by Government. Item (xv) relates to the provision of 3,50 made in next year's budget for an advance to cover the expenditure likely to be incurred during that year. The sums which may be advanced by Government will be repaid from the sale proceeds of existing site and buildings of the Institute at Byculla.

REVISED ESTIMATES FOR 1913-14

The revised estimates of revenue show a net increase of 33,14 over the budget.

On the expenditure side, the revised estimates indicate a net decrease of 17,22 from the budget.

On the other hand, the revised estimates indicate increases of expenditure.

The opening balance of the year 1913-14 estimated in the budget at 1,68,05 is now raised to 1,79,75. The estimates for 1913-14, now framed show a deficit of 1,19 against 51,55 estimated in the budget, the Provincial balance being reduced from 1,79,75 to 1,78,56.

BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR 1914-15

23. The year 1914-15 is estimated to open with a balance of 1,78,56 and to close with a balance of 1,14,18 to the credit of the Provincial account as shown in the following table:—

	1913-14. Budget.	1913-14. Revised.	1914-15. Budget.
Opening balance ...	1,68,05	1,79,75	1,78,56
Revenue	7,35,59	7,68,73	7,58,92
Expenditure	7,87,14	7,69,92	8,23,30
Closing balance	1,16,50	1,78,56	1,14,18

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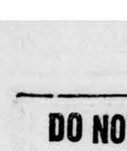

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St. Mary the Blessed Virgin Parel.—Chaplain—Rev. H. Martindale, 8 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8-45 a.m., Holy Communion; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon; Preacher: Rev. H. Martindale.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain: Rev. C. E. de Coetlogon; 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy: Rev. Canon R. S. Heywood, Rev. H. W. Lea-Wilson, Rev. T. W. Sharpley, Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. L. Hari—(English) 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon. Collection; for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujerati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road—Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani). Rev. J. Martin (Tamil). 7-30 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m. Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil); 5 p.m., Evensong (Urdu).

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 5-30 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong.

Christ Church Byculla.—Clergy: Rev. R. C. V. Hodge and Rev. J. B. Glass, 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral); 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—Chaplain: Rev. G. Murray Wilson, M.A.; 10 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon. Week days: 7-45 p.m., Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy: Rev. A. L. Bradbury. 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion, 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Father Moore. Rev. J. H. Lord and Rev J. Londhe 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English), 7-30 Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi): 9 a.m., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Guzarati); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Stephen the Martyr, Bandra.—11 a.m., Matins and Sermon. Rev. H. Martindale, Chaplain, will preach.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi (by Sion)—(Chapel of Ease to St. Paul)—Service by the Clergy of St. Paul's. 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Tamil service conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter's Mazagon—Clergy: Rev Fathers Biscoe, Tovey and Rev. Pearce 6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8 a.m., Choral Eucharist and Sermon; 10-30 a.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Church Expenses.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort—Chaplain: Rev. W Thomson, M.A., 9-30 a.m., United Morning Service: 6-30 p.m., Evening Service: Psalm 130; Hymns 10,159,193.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray, M.A., 9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service: Sermon on "The Little Brother of the Poor." Preacher: Rev. R. M. Gray.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church. Girgaum Back Road.—9 a.m., Morning Service (Marathi). Preacher: Rev. M. B Nikambe; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service (English). Preacher: Wilson College Missionary Professors in turn at the Wilson College Hall, Chowpatty.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla. Pastor: Rev. W. E. Bancroft 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-45 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; 8-15 Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder—Pastor: Rev. A. N. Warner, M.A.—11 a.m., Morning Service. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Warner; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Warner.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—8-30 a.m., Morning Service. Preacher: Rev. F. Hart; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. A. T. Wright, 5 p.m. Sunday School.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m., Morning Service. Preacher: Rev A. T. Wright; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. F. Hart, 5 p.m., Sunday School.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite Post office) Middle Colaba. Minister Rev H. E. Barrell. 9 a.m., Morning Service Rev. Herbert Anderson; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Rev. H. E. Barrell; 5 to 6 p.m., Sunday School. Adult Bible Class open to all, from 5-30 to 6-15 p.m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church—Hume Memorial Church. New Nagpada Road. Byculla—Pastor; Rev. John Malelu. 9 a.m., Sunday School; 3-45 p.m. Gospel Spreading Society; 5 p.m., afternoon Service. Sunday School Teachers' Class on Wednesday at 6-30 p.m. Prayer meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevie. Vicar, Rev. Dr. B. De Monte.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Messes; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy. The Jesuit Fathers, 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Vicar, Rev. Father Hutemacher, S. J.—6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

Rosary Church, Mazagon.—Vicar: Rev. M. X. Gomes.—Sunday Service, 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m., and 5-30 p.m., Week days, 6-30 a.m., and 7 a.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel, Clergy: Rev. P. E. Saldanha and Rev. J. A. Gomes.—6 a.m., Mass; 8 a.m., High Mass; 6 p.m., Benediction.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla, Vicar, Very Rev. L. C. Pera, Hours of Mass: 5-30; 7; and 9 a.m.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar, Vicar: Rev. Thomas Henriques.—6-45 and 9 a.m., Low Masses.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health). Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa.—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul, (Burrow's Lane), Girgaum Road—Vicar: Rev. Fr J. N. Coutinho.—5, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m., Benediction.

St. Tersea's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain: Rev. D. Remedios.—6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m., (Children's Mass); 8-30 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Garrison Church (St. Joseph's) Colaba.—M.A., Oxon. Sundays, 8 a.m., Mass, and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Service of Benediction. Daily Mass at 7 a.m.

Chapel.—Our Lady of Dolours.—New Sonapur. Chaplain Rev. Daniel Fernandes.—7 a.m., Daily Mass; and on Sundays, 6 and 8 a.m., with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

St. Joseph's Umarkhadi, near J. J. Hospital.—Chaplain: Rev. P. Fernandez.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Benediction.

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Then they seized the errant husband and forced him to send the following telegram to his wife: "The house has been cleaned. Come back." A deputation then met the wife at the station about midnight, and escorted her triumphantly to her home. The police, however, put a stop to the subsequent hilarious house-warming.

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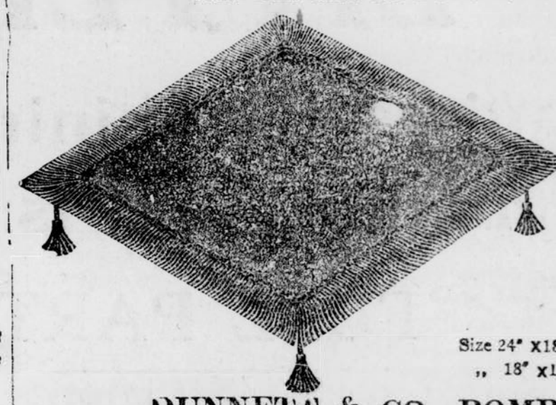

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